

KHARKOV FALLS TO REDS, NAZIS RETREAT

ALLIES BOMB SALERNO IN ITALY, DOWN 34 AXIS PLANES

F. D. R.-CHURCHILL
WAR CONFERENCE
ENDING ON NOTE OF
GREAT OPTIMISM

Production, Striking Power Believed to Have Reached Point Where Victory Over Germany Is in Sight.

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT
Chief Washington Correspondent
of the Post-Dispatch.

QUEBEC CITY, Aug. 23.—President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill are today winding up their sixth wartime conference in a spirit of confidence so powerful that it has broken the bounds of the secret meetings of the two leaders at the Citadel and of their technical experts at the Chateau Frontenac.

The basis of this optimism apparently is that a survey has revealed and recent victories abroad have demonstrated that the production and striking power of the United Nations has finally reached such proportions that the end of the war against Germany is in sight, although the approximate date cannot be forecast. The task of the conference was the direction of that power to inflict a terrifying lesson on Nazi Germany at the earliest possible moment, then to finish off the treacherous Japanese.

"Bloody" Conference.
This has been a "bloody" conference, that is to say it has been about 95 per cent military and 5 per cent political. For that reason, Secretary of War Stimson and Secretary of the Navy Knox were called here to be told the final decisions, and Foreign Minister T. V. Soong of China was invited to discuss the latest plans for speeding up the war in the Far East.

Soong flew here from Washington yesterday.
Also indicating the trend of the conference to Pacific problems was an announcement that Sir William Glasgow, Australian High Commissioner in Canada, was on the way to Quebec by train from Ottawa. From remarks of several official sources it could be deduced that Soviet Russia, particularly the recall of Russian Ambassador Maxim Litvinoff from Washington, was not a major concern of the conference. It was explained that Russia would have no reason to be dissatisfied with the plans about

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Occasional Showers

THE TEMPERATURES			
1 a. m.	78	9 a. m.	80
2 a. m.	78	10 a. m.	82
3 a. m.	77	11 a. m.	84
4 a. m.	76	12 noon	85
5 a. m.	75	1 p. m.	86
6 a. m.	74	2 p. m.	87
7 a. m.	73	3 p. m.	88
8 a. m.	72	4 p. m.	89
9 a. m.	71	5 p. m.	90

Normal maximum this date, 86; normal minimum, 68.
Yesterday's high, 93 (5 p. m.); low, 72 (8 a. m.).
Relative humidity at 1 p. m. today 41 per cent.
Weather in other cities—Page 4A.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Continued warm to night and tomorrow forenoon, with occasional showers and thunderstorms.
Missouri: Little change in temperature tonight, not quite so warm in northwest quarter tomorrow forenoon; scattered thunderstorms in northwest and extreme north portions tomorrow forenoon.
Illinois: Continued warm tonight and tomorrow forenoon; scattered thunderstorms in extreme north portion this afternoon and early tonight.
Sunset, 7:45; sunrise (tomorrow), 6:22.
Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, 82 feet, a fall of 0.6; the Missouri at St. Charles, 12.8 feet, a fall of 0.1.

(All weather data, including forecast and temperatures, supplied by U. S. Weather Bureau.)
Poll count, 24 hours to 9 a. m.: Bagwood, 103; miscellaneous, 25; grass, 5.

Launching Ship 'for Daddy'



Ten-month-old BARBARA MICKA helps her mother, MRS. EDWARD MICKA, christen a destroyer escort, named for her hero father and launched yesterday at Kearny, N. J. Lt. Micka of Great Neck, N. Y., holder of the Navy Cross, was killed in a plane crash in the Atlantic area.

PRAYDA SAYS BRITISH ISLES
SHOULD BE 'THE MAIN BASE
FOR INVASION OF CONTINENT'

MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (AP).—

PRAYDA, the Communist party newspaper, said today that the British Isles should be "the main base for invasion of the continent."

"A crushing blow upon Germany is almost impossible to conceive without utilizing the enormous strategic advantage of the British Isles," Pravda asserted.

Invasion from England, the newspaper added, could be supported by a strong aerial fighter force as well as Army and Navy bombers. It estimated 20 times fewer ships would be required to land and supply forces in western Europe than would be needed for an invasion from the Mediterranean.

MORE PLANES TO AID CHINA;
GEN. STRATEMEYER PROMISES

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23 (AP).—Increased American air forces and equipment to put weight behind the aid to China was promised by Maj. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer yesterday at his first press conference since his appointment as commander of the Tenth United States Army Air Force.

The general said that co-ordination of air activities in the China-India theater was the first step in the job of actually delivering increased help to China.

A communiqué from the Tenth Air Force said United States B-25 Mitchell medium bombers smashed more than 115 freight cars—a record number—in raids on railroad yards at Sagging, Manday and Ywataung yesterday, while heavy bombers hit Japanese installations at Monywa.

British Taxes Run 40 Per Cent.
NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP).—The National Industrial Conference Board, a privately financed institution, said today that, on the basis of estimated figures, the British public paid out 40 per cent of national income for taxes in 1942, while Americans paid out 27 per cent. In 1943 the ratio of taxes in the United States probably will rise to 33 per cent.

Missing Flyer's Wife, New Baby
Get Flowers From Him Every Day

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 23 (AP).—Mrs. Louise Cole of Athens, Ill., became mother of a daughter at St. John's Hospital here 10 days ago—the day after her husband failed to return from a bombing mission over Germany, but every morning since then she has awakened to find at her bedside a bouquet of roses and a note from the missing flyer.

Maj. Clifford E. Cole piloted a bomber in a raid over Wessling, Germany, on Aug. 12, but did not

UMW URGES WLB
TO GIVE \$1.30 RISE
IN HARD COAL PAY

Kennedy Tells Board Increase Is Needed to Keep Miners in the Industry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, told his former colleagues on the War Labor Board today that an increase of \$1.30 a day for anthracite miners is fully justified and necessary to retain man power.

Appearing before the board he quit last spring in disagreement with its policies, Kennedy said that "in an effort to effect a compromise basis upon which an agreement could be written the Mine Workers offered to settle for an 'over-all' figure of \$1.30 per day, or \$1 per day 'net'."

"By this offer we mean payment of \$1 per day to each employee, with the tools, mps, safety equipment, smiting, vacation and so forth, to be added free or otherwise by the operator."

"We believe this increase to be fully justified under the national wage stabilization policy and necessary to compensate for the hazards of the industry, to bring about comparable wages with other industries, to compensate for the lag and deficiency in wage increases over the period of the past two years; to build for higher morale, increased productive efficiency and co-operation, and to aid in the more effective prosecution of the war."

Introduced by Lewis.
Kennedy was introduced by John L. Lewis, president of the UMW, who confined himself to presenting his aid as the union's man most familiar with the problems at issue.

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LEGISLATURE ENDS
LONGEST SESSION;
DOES NOTHING ON
SOCIAL SECURITY

Senate, However, Orders Survey on Relief Needs—Strong Possibility Legislators Will Be Called Back.

By a Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Aug. 23.—The Missouri Legislature adjourned its prolonged 1943 session sine die today, the Senate at 12:08 p. m., and the House four minutes later.

Thirteen of the 34 Senators, and 20 of the 150 Representatives were present. The session last 229 days from its convening Jan. 6, and thus was 43 days longer than the longest one of previous record, that of 1941.

Adjournment left unsolved the State's muddled social security financing problem. However, the Senate, in a resolution presented by Senator Bernard Glover of Kansas City, and adopted, asked the newly constituted Legislative Research Council to study the State's social security program, and to report on "charges of inadequate funds for proper administration of the program, and the statement that the State may lose Federal grants."

Another Session Possible.
There is a strong possibility that the Legislature will have to be called back into special session by the Governor within a few months, to provide necessary funds to care adequately for the State's needy, although, at present Gov. Donnell declines to discuss the matter.

The House adopted a resolution introduced by O. K. Armstrong of Springfield and M. E. Thompson of Marshfield, directing the Legislative Council to make a comprehensive inquiry into the State school situation and the apportionment of State school money.

A resolution asking the Governor to appoint a 12-member commission to promote better inter-racial relations throughout the State, was introduced by Representative Erwin B. Tucker of St. Louis, but was killed by the vote of the skeleton House to refer it to the Committee on Miscellaneous Resolutions.

The House small loan and lobby committee did not have its report ready up to the time of adjournment, and Chairman Walter Bailey of Carthage obtained permission to file the report later.

Before completing its regular business late July 16, the Legislature voted a record 69 million dollars to finance the 1943-44 social security program, but the bulk of the money—\$52,750,000—was provided to pay old age pensions. No deficit is expected in this program, the Legislature saw to it that the pensioners, potentially a powerful political group, received all the money the State Social Security Commission wanted.

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

SECRET ARMY CLAD IN WHITE
PROVES TO BE FLOCK OF GESE

Nervous Women Summon Police Chief After Seeing Ghostly Figures in Valley.

RAMAPO, N. Y., Aug. 23 (AP).—Chief of Police Abe Stern was summoned by a group of women who nervously reported seeing a secret army—clad in ghostly white—assemble in a near-by valley, execute a series of marches, then disappear.

The chief trained his field glasses on the valley. White objects began to move and the chief relaxed. The army turned out to be 200 geese and ducks—walking on a convalescent home lawn picking up crumbs left by patients.

ANOTHER BIG U. S. TROOP
CONVOY ARRIVES IN BRITAIN

Crossing Unsettled Air Force Members and Negroes in Latest Contingent.
LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Additional thousands of U. S. troops, including air force personnel and Negro soldiers, arrived in Britain recently after an uneventful crossing. It was permitted to be disclosed today.

AERIAL ASSAULTS
LEAVE RAILROAD
CENTER SOUTH OF
NAPLES IN FLAMES

Five Attacking Planes Lost in Continuing Effort to Isolate Enemy Forces in Area Below Rome.

By BELMAN MORIN
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, Aug. 23 (AP).—

Allied medium bombers attacked Salerno, an important point in the Italian mainland railroad system, virtually smashing the city in Sunday and Sunday night raids and leaving marshalling yards a sea of flame, headquarters announced today.

Salerno is on the coast south of Naples, around which Allied heavy and medium bombers left a trail of ruin in railway centers in raids Friday and Saturday.

The Germans threw in about 100 fighters to battle the Marauders and their escort.

Losses 34 to 5.
Although today's Allied headquarters communiqué said 28 of the enemy fighters were shot down at Salerno, later reports placed the number at 33. Altogether 34 enemy planes were shot down yesterday for a total of five Allied aircraft lost.

In the heavy air fighting of the past four days 114 enemy planes have been downed, it was stated here. The Marauder squadrons in their Sunday raid destroyed 31 fighters, topping the 23 shot down by these bombers in the Naples area on Saturday.

In the new raids on Salerno, Royal Australian Marauders were forced to fight their way through increasingly strong fighter opposition.

Night Attacks.
British Wellingtons followed up the Marauder attacks on Salerno again last night.

For the first time, A-36 Invader fighters accompanied the Marauder squadrons as escort.

British Liberators and Halifaxes from the Middle East bombed Italian rail switching yards Saturday at Crotone, a port on the arch of the Italian boot.

The British flyers observed explosives and fires, some near a chemical factory, a Cairo announcement said. Two British bombers were lost.

(The Italian communiqué, broadcast from Rome, said that great damage was caused in Salerno. Rome said 13 Allied planes were shot down at Salerno by German fighters and five more at Crotone, near Cape Colonna, and at the port of Prevesa.)

Salerno is one of the railroad gateways to the toe of the Italian boot. An electric rail line passes through the port. Cutting this line would force Axis army commanders to route troops and supplies far inland, more than doubling the distance required to establish and feed the Axis army in south Italy.

The Marauder bombers caught a long string of freight cars in an auxiliary railway yard at Salerno, blasted many to kindling

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

FARMER CUTS OFF OWN ARM,
CAUGHT IN HAY BALER GEARS

Iowan Walks to Neighbor's Home and Is Sent to Same Hospital as Wife.

WATERLOO, Ia., Aug. 23 (AP).—Leslie Olson, 32 years old, working alone on his farm near here, took out his pocket knife and cut his right arm off at the elbow when it was shredded and locked in the machinery of a hay baler.

Then he shut off the baler and tractor and walked half a mile to the home of a neighbor. Hospital attendants said his condition was good. Doctors later amputated the arm again, at the shoulder.

Red War Machine Rolls On



With the recapture of Kharkov, a keystone in the Nazis' South Russian positions, Red Army drives (indicated by arrows) continued in the Spas Demensk, Karachev and Donets Basin areas as well. Heavy raids on Debaltsevo, in the Donets sector, were viewed as a possible prelude to a new thrust in that area. German-dominated territory is shaded.

BRITISH BOMBERS YANKS, CANADIANS
BLAST WAR GAS MOVE INTO ISLAND
WORKS IN REICH TO EAST OF KISKA

Five Planes Lost Out of Force of Hundreds Sent Against Factories at Leverkusen.

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).—British bombers returned to their crushing attacks on Germany last night after an interval of two nights, and the Air Ministry announced that the chemical works at Leverkusen, six miles north of Cologne, was the special target.

The German radio said Duesseldorf, in the Rhineland, also was attacked and that 11 British fighters and a "number" of bombers were shot down in "random" attacks on other objectives in Western Germany. The Air Ministry described these as intruder patrols over railway targets and airfields.

The Air Ministry said five bombers were lost in the night's activities. Heavy clouds made it difficult to see results, the communiqué said.

First of a New Series.
A correspondent writing from a Royal Air Force bomber base said the Leverkusen raid was made by hundreds of bombers and was "the first of a new series of onslaughts aimed to complete the crippling of German industry."

A single British squadron dropped more than 100,000 incendiaries in addition to a number of two-ton explosive bombs. The raid was completed in half an hour. Few Nazi fighters and light ground fire were encountered.

The correspondent said the chemical plant was producing components of war gas and "it was not impossible that the destruction the bombers wrought might have loosened the gas storage tanks, flooding the whole area with poisoned air."

Leverkusen was bombed twice in

Continued on Page 7, Column 2.

Army Helps Save Bumper Tomato
Crop for Canned Soup Maker

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 23 (AP).—Arrival of 600 soldiers on 72-hour leave from Fort Dix, N. J., to unload trucks of tomatoes at the Campbell Soup Co. plant was awaited today as the company reported that the crop apparently was saved.

Although tomato-filled trucks stretched seven miles from the plant at times last week, hundreds

of civilians joined the battle against spoilage of the bumper crop, and the company, operating on a Sunday for the second time in its history, turned away many volunteer workers yesterday.

"Not a tomato was spoiled," the company said, expressing a belief that the troops, who are to be replaced by another Fort Dix contingent Wednesday night, could handle the rest of the tomatoes.

STALIN ACCLAIMS
UKRAINE CENTER'S
RECAPTURE AFTER
FOE ADMITS LOSS

Germans Trying to Pull Garrison Back West Through Narrow Corridor—Big Tank Battles Rage in Area.

By WILLIAM SMITH WHITE
LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Premier Joseph Stalin announced the capture of Kharkov today and the Germans appeared to be in general retreat in South Russia. It was the fourth time the former great industrial center in the Ukraine had changed hands in the war.

In an order of the day to field commanders, broadcast by the Moscow radio, Stalin told of the seizure of the city by storm.

The German high command communiqué, issued earlier in the day, had admitted the loss of Kharkov, probably the Nazis' strongest position in the south, saying that the withdrawal was carried out in a "planned detaching movement."

The Nazis were trying to pull their troops back westward through a narrow corridor, last reported as only 13 miles wide.

(Henry C. Cassidy in a dispatch from Moscow said the Red Army offensive apparently had reached a turning point with big tank battles raging west of Kharkov and new attacks against the German lines in the Donets basin.)

Stalin disclosed that 10 Soviet infantry divisions, or about 150,000 troops, took part in the assault on Kharkov.

Stalin's Victory Message.
Directed to Lt. Gen. Ivan Konev, Gen. Nikolai F. Vatutin and Gen. Orlovsky, Stalin's order said:

"Today, Aug. 23, our troops of the steppe front, with active collaboration from the flank of troops of the Voronezh and southwestern fronts, as a result of fierce engagements broke the resistance of the enemy and took by storm the town of Kharkov."

"Thus, the second capital of the Ukraine—our native Kharkov—is liberated from the yoke of the German Fascist blackguards. (Kharkov is a former capital of the Ukraine.)

"In offensive engagements for the liberation of the town of Kharkov, our troops displayed high military skill, courage and ability to maneuver."

"In the fighting for the town of Kharkov, troops under Maj. Gen. Managarov, Lt. Gen. Kyruchenko, Lt. Gen. Shumilov, Lt. Gen. Bykhov, Lt. Gen. of Tank Forces Rotmistrov and airmen under Lt. Gen. of Aviation Grimov and troops of the 33rd Guards Infantry Corps under Maj. Gen. Kozlov and of the 34th Infantry Corps under Maj.

Continued on Page 6, Column 1.

Today's War News

LONDON—Soviet Premier Stalin announces the capture of Kharkov after Germans admit evacuation of city, in what they call a "planned detaching movement." Nazis apparently in general retreat in South Russia; great tank battles rage west of Ukraine center; Bulgarians also gain on Bryansk and Spas Demensk fronts and inflict new blows in Donets basin; R. A. F. bombs war gas plant at Leverkusen and other Rhineland targets.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA—Salerno, Italian rail center south of Naples, smashed night and day attacks by Allied planes; 34 Axis craft shot down in air fights with loss of five.

QUEBEC—War conference between President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill drawing near end in atmosphere of great optimism; United Nations' striking and production power said to have brought end of war against Germany in sight.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC—Allied forces take ridge commanding Salamaua airfield and bring Jap base under artillery fire; new gains made in Solomon Islands fighting.

WASHINGTON—American and Canadian troops occupy island of Segula, 20 miles east of Kiska, without opposition.

JAPS' SALAMAUVA AIR FIELD SHELLED FROM NEW ALLIED POSITION ON RIDGE

Base Itself Also Under Allied Fire—Yanks in Solomons Seize Guns on Baanga, Islet Near Munda.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN THE SOUTHWEST PACIFIC, Aug. 23 (AP).—Allied ground troops pressing inexorably on enemy holdings in Northeastern New Guinea stood today on a ridge overlooking the Salamauva airfield, and the fall of that important objective seemed almost within sight.

Capture of the air field probably will not come without a bitter and perhaps costly battle. In the six months since it has been apparent that Allied strategy demands its possession, the Japanese have had time to fortify it with the same thorough system of defenses that made the American advance on Munda a bloody, yard-by-yard business.

Beyond that the Japanese, aware by now that the Allies' devastating air blows in this sector have cut them off from virtually all hope of reinforcement or relief, may be expected to fight to the finish.

Jap Positions Shelled. But with Americans and Australians in possession of the ridge dominating the Salamauva air field, only the forest-covered downward slopes of the tideswaters of the Francisco River still stand barriers to the Allied frontal advance.

The ridge, stretching seaward perhaps two miles south of the airfield from Allied-held Komiatum, was occupied yesterday morning, today's Allied communique announced. Immediately the heavy fire of artillery was turned on Japanese positions at the field and at Salamauva proper, a mile or so farther north.

Attack planes, joining in the general softening of the defenses prior to the final push by land, bombed and strafed enemy troops. A big, four-motored bomber pounded Logui village, directly across the mouth of the Francisco from the airfield.

Under the pressure of these blows, said headquarters reports, the Japanese withdrew deeper within their last circle of defenses, continuing the general retreat begun two days before. Allied troops moved up all along the semicircular front to invest the enemy's evacuated positions.

Thus Salamauva tottered, while on the Solomons prong of the Southwest Pacific offensive, American forces cleaned out an element of enemy resistance on Baanga Islet, seizing field guns with which the Japanese had been harassing Munda airfield on New Guinea Island to the east across Wana Wana lagoon.

The campaign against the enemy supply lines and his reservoirs of air power continued without interruption. In the Solomons American light naval units sank or damaged all of a Japanese force of six barges in Kula Gulf. Avenger torpedo planes and Mitchell medium bombers strafed barge hideouts along the coast of Vella Lavella Island, recently occupied by Allied forces, and dropped 20 tons of explosives on two such harbors.

(An unsubstantiated Tokyo broadcast said that 15 United States barges and torpedo boats had been repulsed yesterday by "deadly fire" at dawn yesterday on the island of Kolombangara. The Japanese garrisoned island, by-passed in the invasion of Vella Lavella, reputedly has 8000 defenders.)

Various Japanese-held settlements along the New Guinea coast north and east of Salamauva, as well as shipping offshore, came under air attack, as did the Cape Gloucester airfield on New Britain and the harbor of Dili on Portuguese Timor.

Two long-range Liberator bombers, winging deep into enemy territory north of the equator, scored bomb and machine-gun hits on a pair of Japanese freighter-transports some 350 miles northwest of Kaplingamarangi (Greenwich) Island, southernmost of the Caroline group, of which Truk is the heart and center.

On Saturday, Lightning fighters and Mitchell bombers, returning to the Wewak area on the north coast of New Guinea for the fourth time in five days, destroyed 36 Japanese planes in air combat and set fire to 34 more aground. This brought the week's total of enemy aircraft knocked out in that sector to 309.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH P. KILPATRICK

Telephone 1111—1111 OLIVE ST. (1)

Main 1111—1111 OLIVE ST. (1)

Published Daily by The Pulitzer Publishing Co.

Entered as second-class matter, July 11, 1878.

Postpaid at St. Louis, Mo., under the act of March 3, 1879.

SHOULD BE KEPT IN THE OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER.

Subscription rates by mail in advance.

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Soong Arriving at Quebec



T. V. SOONG (left), Chinese Foreign Minister, being greeted by Canadian PRIME MINISTER W. L. MACKENZIE KING at Quebec yesterday, as he arrived to participate in the war council.

WAR CONFERENCE ENDING ON NOTE OF GREAT OPTIMISM

Continued From Page One.

to be put into effect. Washington and London knew about the prospective recall of Litvinoff before the Quebec conference was contemplated.

As to the political side, the presence of Secretary of State Hull and British Foreign Minister Anthony Eden was a part of the usual procedure at such conferences. Both are always kept closely advised on conference developments, and when they are held in Washington, the Secretary is in and out of the White House unannounced. Eden is Churchill's political heir-apparent, which was another reason for his flight across the Atlantic.

Such conferences help his prestige in the United Kingdom and also enable him to continue his meetings with President Roosevelt.

Retreat From Kiska. The Japanese retreat from Kiska was interpreted here by both the political and military leaders as evidence that the Japanese war lords are beginning to revise their plans because of their recognition of increasing American and Canadian production and striking power.

Just as the Germans and Italians retreated from North Africa and from Sicily without putting up a last ditch fight and the Luftwaffe has avoided battle, so the Japanese have apparently withdrawn instructions that soldiers must hold on to the last and that it is an unexcelled honor to die for the Emperor.

The major military strategies worked out here during the past week apparently still call for the bombing, burning and ruthless destruction of the enemy but the fact that the top enemy military and political leaders may have at last realized that the United Nations have attained overwhelming power is likely to bring the war to a quicker end, both in Europe and in the Pacific.

The reasoning behind this calculation is the German crack-up in 1918 and the devastation wrought by Allied air power on German production and transportation. Three small groups in Germany, the Nazi party leaders, the military elite and the great industrialists, together and separately, have access to information from home and abroad regarding diminishing German strength and increasing Allied power which is denied to the German people.

Negotiation Offers. In 1918, the military and the industrialists, foreseeing the end, salvaged what they could for their own groups. The negotiations extended from the middle of August to November. The two groups were able to force the abdication of the Kaiser. This time, according to some observers, it is the Nazis in Germany and the military caste in Japan which will be offered for sacrifice by other groups in their efforts to negotiate peace.

The spirit of confidence which pervades Quebec implies that Roosevelt and Churchill believe that if United Nations production can be kept in line with military demands they are in the position of bridge players who know how they can take every future trick. The timing of the end naturally will depend on the defensive tactics of the enemy and how quickly and fully those leaders recognize superior strength and try to give up before the hand is played out.

All evidence here points to the playing out of the hand to the end, with a master strategy of one war and not two.

PLAN FOR BOMBING JAPAN INDICATED

By DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

QUEBEC, Aug. 23 (AP).—The arrival of Chinese Foreign Minister T. V. Soong at the Quebec war council suggested today that decisions had been made to build up air squadrons in the eastern bulge of China to bomb enemy life lines in the China Sea and the Japanese mainland itself.

Presidential Secretary Stephen Early emphasized that Soong's discussions with the Chief Executive and Prime Minister Churchill of Britain "will have to do with the plans for the war on Japan."

That fact gave support to the idea that Allied strategy perfected here calls for powerful aerial thrusts at the Japanese from bases in Eastern China.

Supporting Factors. Logic, and these additional facts, also weighed in favor of an agreement to wreck the enemy supply

route in the China Sea and give Japan a sample of the destruction already heaped on ports and industrial cities of Germany:

1. Roosevelt has proclaimed publicly the determination of the Allies to send up aerial armadas from China to bomb the Japanese.

2. China is known to have asked that the bomber force now operating in its eastern zone be increased perhaps 10 times for exactly that purpose.

3. A resurvey of air transport facilities operating out of India is said to have shown that it would be possible to supply and service three to four times the number of bombers presently in Eastern China. Moreover, the end of the Sicilian campaign may release additional transport planes for the India-China ferry route.

4. If the war is to be brought to bear on Japan itself, which must be done eventually, Japan is most vulnerable to attacks from the west, where heavy bombers can make the round trip from China.

5. The blasting of Japanese shipping out of the China Sea would soften the enemy's resistance all around her defense perimeter and help cripple war industries at home.

Joint Committee.

Roosevelt and Prime Minister Mackenzie King announced last night the creation of a joint war committee to study lend-lease problems involving the two countries.

Maj. Gen. J. H. Burns, executive of the Munitions Assignment Board for the United States and Great Britain, was named chairman of the committee, and E. P. Taylor, a Canadian production official, was named chief of the Canadian section.

It appeared possible that this agency might be an experimental organization which, if satisfactory, would serve as the prototype for joint committees on lend-lease with many other nations.

2000TH CARGO AND TROOP PLANE MADE BY DOUGLAS CO.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Aug. 23 (AP).—The Army today let the Douglas Aircraft Co. make a proud announcement—it has completed its 2000th military cargo and troop transport plane.

Production of the twin-engine craft has increased so rapidly, said a company statement, that a day's output now equals a week's output of a few months ago.

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DENIAL LITVINOFF RECALL IS LINKED WITH WAR TALKS

Official Says Washington Had Known for Weeks That Envoy Would Be Replaced.

By JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

QUEBEC, Aug. 23 (AP).—As nearly as it could be accomplished without a forthright official statement, the recall of Maxim Litvinoff as Soviet Ambassador to Washington was divorced today from proceedings of the British-American war conference here.

Moscow's purpose in making known at this time that Litvinoff would not return to the United States remained obscure, but the understanding of American officials regarding the incident was made clear by an authority closely associated with the Quebec conference.

His statement was that the replacement of Litvinoff by Andrei A. Gromyko, Embassy counselor and charge d'affaires in Washington, was not connected in any way with the conference. The fact that Litvinoff would not go back to Washington had been known to officials in the American capital for weeks, it was brought out, but the matter was one for Russian, not American, announcement.

In relation to the Quebec meeting and the fact that Russia has no representation here, the same authority said that again he could see no significance.

Speculation on Reasons. The questioning was occasioned by speculation here, as well as in dispatches from London, that Russia was replacing Litvinoff as a gesture of disapproval with the work of British-American leaders and also as a means of emphasizing repeated demands for an invasion of Western Europe.

In this regard it was noted that Nicholas Zhukov, representative of Tsang, the Russian news agency, had checked out of press headquarters at the Clarendon hotel here. But Stephen Early, secretary of President Roosevelt, said no significance was to be attached to his departure.

The real purposes of Litvinoff's withdrawal, of course, could merely be guessed at. The possibilities mentioned in discussion here, outside the second front speculation, were mainly concerned with the theory that he was needed for some other assignment.

One suggestion was that Russia might be maneuvering to join in the next Allied war conference, at least to the extent of having a highly-placed observer present. Litvinoff, with his record of British-American friendship and his long espousal of international collaboration to maintain peace, might be the man for that job.

Litvinoff Keeps Title. There remained, too, a possibility that with the changing fortunes of war Russian foreign policy would be guided by some new development which lay within the field of Litvinoff's special skills.

Furthermore, there was always the chance that the Ambassador's performance in Washington had in some way displeased the Kremlin and he was being removed for that reason. There was nothing in authoritative action here, however, to substantiate such a theory.

Moscow broadcast the announcement of Litvinoff's recall early yesterday.

LONDON DISCOUNTS AXIS RADIO REPORT OF ALLIED LANDINGS IN ITALY, CRETE

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).

LONDON sources discounted a broadcast from the Axis-controlled Radio Liberation station yesterday which said the Allies had landed on the east coast of the Italian "toe" Saturday and sent parachute troops into Crete at dawn yesterday in invasions in "considerable" force.

In the London view, the reports perhaps were intended to cause underground forces to expose their plans prematurely.

In language that seemed sure, the broadcast said that "it seems this two-fold attack against the European fortress will lead the Allies to the greatest success in military initiatives. In fact, the road of the Balkans is now open to them."

This and the fact that the broadcast was beamed in French to French Africa indicated the purpose might be to stampede patriots in occupied lands into the open.

Today and newspapers there published a brief notice on the back pages. No indication was given of a new assignment for Litvinoff, but he retained the title of Vice Commissioner for Foreign Affairs.

London morning newspapers appeared to accept the view that Litvinoff's removal meant no change in Russian policy but declared that "more open diplomacy and plain speaking" were needed.

Swiss editors said they regarded the recall as part of political maneuvering by the Russians to hasten the opening of an attack on Western Europe.

EISENHOWER THANKS BRITISH KING FOR MESSAGE ON SICILY

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, commander of Allied troops in North Africa, commented on the "magnificent morale" of his forces today in a message thanking King George VI for his congratulations on the Sicilian victory. The message said:

"May I express to Your Majesty on behalf of all ranks of Allied forces in the Sicilian operation my profound thanks for your gracious message of congratulations."

"I have conveyed to all British and Canadian troops the assurance of your special pride in their share in this victory. Inspiration derived from Your Majesty's recent visit to this region was definitely influential in developing the magnificent morale which has carried these splendid fighting troops through to victory."

DE GAULLE COMMENDS GIRAUD ON REORGANIZATION OF ARMY

ALGIERS, Aug. 23 (AP).—Gen. Charles de Gaulle congratulated Gen. Henri Giraud today on the condition of the reorganized French Army and declared, "the enemy will soon see what the troops are worth."

In a letter, the president of the French Committee of National Liberation told the commander in chief "the large units which have been inspected by me constitute a powerful force, the organization of which does you and the Army chiefs the greatest honor."

"The enemy will soon see what the troops are worth, thanks to the spirit of the men and officers as well as their instruction and excellent material, placed at their disposition by our American allies."

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GRIT and plenty of it will be needed to invade Europe. But we don't want it in our rugs. Phone JE. 9539 for Estimate

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Greater St. Louisians who use street cars and buses for their shopping and social trips are showing a neighborly spirit by avoiding rush-hour travel. During peak periods of travel, all the space on Public Service vehicles is needed for victory workers and others going to and from their wartime jobs.

So, when shopping trips are made between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., and social travel done after 7 P. M., you help your neighbors and help yourselves to greater comfort in less crowded cars and buses. Public Service operators sincerely thank you for such neighborly thoughtfulness.

If you pay cash fare, please hold it right side up. This speeds up loading of vehicles... helps us give you better service.

If you use a Public Service pass when you show it to the operator, and hold it so the operator can see it plainly.

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Helping Greater St. Louis To Help Win The War

Where Is Japanese Fleet? Asks Gen. DeWitt After Inspecting Kiska

'It's in Hiding, Dispersed,' He Says—Estimates U. S. Would Have Lost 5000 Killed If Foe Had Fought for Island.

By EUGENE BURNS

AN ADVANCED ALEUTIAN BASE, Aug. 21 (Delayed) (AP).—Lt. Gen. John L. DeWitt, hurled a taunt back in the face of the Japanese today when he asked: "Where is the Japanese fleet?"

The commander of the Western Defense Command, whose military jurisdiction covers Kiska Island, spoke vehemently as he interpreted the significance of the bloodless recapture of Kiska. His question was a sequel to the dark days after Pearl Harbor, when the Japanese sneered, "Where is the United States fleet?"

And then the General in this exclusive interview, answered his own question.

"The Jap navy is in hiding, dispersed. Part of it is on the ocean floor; part of it is in the South Pacific to counter Admiral Halsey's forces; part of it is at home to meet any threats from Admiral Nimitz's forces, and part of it is in the North Pacific to counter potential threats by Vice Admiral Kinkaid's forces."

(Admiral William F. Halsey commands the Allied South Pacific force. Admiral Chester W. Nimitz is commander-in-chief of the Pacific fleet, and Vice Admiral Thomas C. Kinkaid is commander in the North Pacific and leader of forces which occupied Kiska in the Aleutians Aug. 15.)

"We are now on the offensive in the Pacific," declared the tall, stern-looking General who is responsible for the military safety of the American Pacific Coast.

"The Jap is on the run. We must retain the initiative now in our hands. The recapture of Kiska has cleared our shortest highway to the Japanese Empire. We are today where the Jap was after he had his Pacific bases ready and struck Pearl Harbor and then swept down the Southwest Pacific."

"Then, we had to split our forces and attempt to check his advance. He taunted us 'Where is the United States fleet?'"

Heartbreaking Holding Action. "It was one heartbreaking holding action after another. Wake, Hongkong, Macassar Strait, Java, the Philippines, Burma, all raped. Finally we were able to make a stand and we held him at Midway, Guadalcanal and New Guinea. Now we have driven him out of the Aleutians. Now we ask 'Where is the Japanese fleet?'"

The General said the Japanese now have one great weakness. "He has over-extended himself. He has an island empire which is difficult to defend."

"As Kiska fell when Attu was reduced, so too will the enemy's other bases fall when with strength we can attack and split him further."

"As his navy is split, so too are his army and his air forces split. Offensive to Be Maintained."

"We must keep the offensive in our hands. Every day we prosecute the war in the Pacific we will save American blood and kill more Japs."

"Every man and woman who helps turn out the tools of war is helping shorten it by giving us

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"Every man and woman who helps turn out the tools of war is helping shorten it by giving us

the tools to defeat the enemy. It will be a long war, but Kiska proved that the Japs know when he is whipped and we know that he will run."

After inspecting the Japanese installations on Kiska and commenting on how effectively they were placed, Gen. DeWitt later at a press conference said "I am certain that we would have suffered 5000 killed had the enemy elected to fight to the end."

"My first guess is that the Japs were evacuated by submarine, as they attempted to do at Guadalcanal when they were whipped. The heavy midsummer fog helped them in the Aleutians. The evacuation began as a well-disciplined maneuver in about mid-June, but it apparently rapidly deteriorated by about Aug. 8 into a rout."

"We do not know whether the Japs got back to Japan. The Navy sank several of their submarines which attempted to run the blockade during the night and in the fog, and on several occasions our naval units fired upon some 'objects' during actions."

"It is not unlikely that they used their 20-ton Kiska harbor barges for the evacuation," he said.

"If they put into the open sea bound for Paramushiro, their nearest base (on the northern tip of the Kurile Islands, 900 miles from Kiska) their survival chances are slight."

"They may have used Segula Island off Kiska for a staging base, however. Or they may have transferred to vessels at sea. On July 10, for example, we found four of their ships 200 miles off Attu and destroyed one and damaged another before they escaped in the fog and darkness."

Gen. Butler's Comment. Maj. Gen. William O. Butler, commander of the Eleventh Army Air Force which paved the way for invasion with a steady, devastating bombing through treacherous weather, said the way is now open for the operation of a multiple-jawed pincer closing on the enemy.

"The Eleventh Air Force is now the northern arm of the pincer," he explained. "It is slowly closing in on the Japanese empire in coordination with the Seventh Air Force in Hawaii, the Thirteenth Air Force in the Solomons, the Fifth Air Force in New Guinea, the Tenth Air Force in India and the Fourteenth Air Force in China."

Unofficial Talks Held in Stockholm Between Union Leaders of Two Countries.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23 (AP).—Another Finnish peace overture was made yesterday with a special visit to Stockholm by Eero Vuori, chief of the Finnish Trade Union, who sought to ascertain from Arthur Deakin, an official of the British Transport Workers' Union, whether Britain would act as intermediary to learn what peace terms Russia wanted.

Deakin, who has been visiting Sweden for several weeks, suggested Finland's best chance would be to establish contact with Russia directly. The Russians have insisted the Finns should outline their terms first.

Vuori's visit was significant since it presumably was authorized by the Finnish Government. Trade unions control the Social Democratic party which dominates the Finnish Riksdag. Vuori also inquired whether Britain could supply food, coal, cattle, fodder and machine oil if Finland made peace with Russia. The Finns now are supplied by Germany.

It was learned Saturday that 39 prominent Finns, including 21 Riksdag members, had asked the Finnish Government to investigate all possibilities of a separate peace with Russia.

PLANES REPORTED OVER ROME

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).—The Italian radio reported today that Allied planes flew over Rome Saturday night, dropping leaflets and flares, and in accordance with the recent open-city declaration by the Badoglio government no resistance was made.

There was no Allied announcement concerning the presence of Allied planes over Rome.

REPORT ASSAILS ARNETT, CONCEDES HE TOLD FACTS

Missouri House Group Commends Purpose of Tax Survey Backers but Attacks Methods.

LEGISLATORS 'WERE HELD UP TO SCORN'

Committee Makes No Recommendations — Confines Self Mainly to Denunciations.

By HERBERT A. TRASK
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Aug. 23.—The special committee of the House charged with making an investigation of the Missouri Public Expenditure Survey, a privately operated taxpayers' organization, declared in its report to the House today that the "commendable efforts" of its sponsors had been nullified by the "unfortunate" methods of its crusading director, Keeton Arnett.

The inquiry was voted last May after legislators were angered by Arnett's stinging criticisms in his weekly radio talks and letters circulated throughout the State, of the General Assembly and certain of its members for extravagance in State expenditures. The committee's report made no recommendations and proposed no legislation, but was concerned largely with a bitter denunciation of Arnett and the methods he used in carrying on the organization's campaign for economy and efficiency in State government.

"In regard to the broadcasts," the report said, "your committee found no specific instances of deliberate falsehood or misstatement in regard to fundamental facts, but the broadcasts contained the personal conclusions of one man, which conclusions were not based on any reasonable hypothesis."

Committee's Complaint.
The committee complained that some of the radio talks were "vicious in character," and held up to public scorn members of the Legislature, public officials and governmental institutions.

"Your committee is fully cognizant of the fact that any member of the Legislature, or any State officer, is subject to and should be criticized for failure to perform their duty or for any misconduct while in office," the report said. "It is convinced, however, that ridicule in public statements, holding up members of the Legislature personally to public scorn, urging the defeat of legislators who fail to accept the ideas of the director, and attempts to weaken the confidence of the people in the State Government itself is not the legitimate purpose of the survey, as defined in its articles of association."

The "taxpayers' budget" for State expenditures, in which the organization proposed 1943-44 biennial appropriations considerably under those approved by the Legislature, was based principally on information furnished by a former "director of the budget of Missouri, whose recommendations in 1941 had been followed and caused the calling of a special session of the Legislature," the committee charged.

It referred to Miss Margaret Cobb, who quit as State Budget Director last February after a row with Gov. Donnell over fiscal matters. The special session of last November was called when the Legislature was called upon to reveal the names of its backers. They had refused on the ground the information had no connection with a legislative matter, and if divulged might lead to political reprisals against the survey's supporters.

The committee concluded that while the organization may have accomplished some good in local matters, it "has failed in its primary purpose, insofar as the State at large is concerned, and will continue to fail unless a different attitude is adopted by those directing its policies."

Members of the investigating committee are Representatives Walter E. Bailey, Carthage, chairman; Joe H. Miller, Carrollton; John J. Endres, Perryville; William B. Weakley, Clarksville, and Roy Hamlin, Hannibal.

Backers Not Criticized.
The committee reported the organization was formed in August, 1940, by a group of St. Louis business men, headed by Frank C. Rand, chairman of the board of International Shoe Co. No complaint was made against the survey's backers, who were described as "sincere business men, earnestly endeavoring to develop the true facts regarding the disposition of tax-money."

It mentioned but did not comment on the refusal of Arnett and others connected with the survey to reveal the names of its backers. They had refused on the ground the information had no connection with a legislative matter, and if divulged might lead to political reprisals against the survey's supporters.

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Carpenter Who Fell 35 Feet Dies.
Patrick Murphy of Fenton, carpenter, who fell 35 feet Saturday while working in a Government shipyard at the foot of Arlee avenue, St. Louis County, died yesterday at Alexian Brothers Hospital. He suffered a fractured skull and fractured pelvis. He was 62 years old.

Spectacular Ice House Fire



Firemen fighting the flames in an abandoned ice storage building at 2200 Gravois avenue, early yesterday. Powerful streams of water glistened in the glare of searchlights as this picture was taken.

STATE ASSEMBLY ENDS ITS LONGEST SESSION, 229 DAYS

Continued From Page One.

Commission said would be necessary to meet their needs.

When the Legislature reconvened after its recess, Gov. Donnell made personal appearances before the two houses to urge the appropriation of an additional \$502,000 for relief, \$286,000 for dependent children aid and \$750,000 for administration, a total of \$2,038,000.

Two Bills Killed.

The House refused to consider anything except the supplemental administrative funds, then killed a bill providing only \$340,000 instead of the \$750,000 requested. The Senate last week killed a bill carrying all of the Governor's requests, by parliamentary trick to shut off consideration of the measure. It adjourned until 11:55 a. m. today, just before final adjournment.

As a result of the Legislature's failure to vote the additional funds, a cut of 14 per cent in aid to dependent children checks will be made, beginning next month, and relief allotments to unemployed will continue at an average of \$6.94 a month instead of the hoped-for \$12 a month. Meanwhile, officials of the Federal Social Security Board are watching for any breakdown in the administration of the programs, and if it should occur, Federal participating grants may be withheld from Missouri.

There were 248 bills passed during the present session, including 38 appropriation measures. Eight of the acts were vetoed by Gov. Donnell.

ARMY AIR FORCES TECHNICAL TRAINING PLAN REORGANIZED

Under a plan reorganizing administration of the program for training Army Air Forces technicians, the Second District Technical Training Command, with headquarters at 435 Lake avenue, today became the Central Technical Training Command, with supervision over 14 instead of 10 states.

The enlarged command includes Missouri, Iowa, Arkansas and Louisiana. Maj. F. L. Martin, commander, said the change in organization, which reduces the number of technical training commands from five to three, involves no increase of personnel at the St. Louis headquarters.

The technical training commands train radio operators, mechanics, machinists, weather observers, parachute riggers, teletype operators and other technicians. The new organization will effect closer coordination of these technical training commands with three flying commands which train pilots, navigators, bombardiers and aerial gunners from headquarters at Santa Ana, Cal., Randolph Field, Tex., and Maxwell Field, Ala.

PATIENT INJURED IN FALL

Fred F. Bittick, 1143 Hodia mont avenue, a clerk who has been a patient at Malcolm A. Bliss Psychopathic Hospital since Aug. 5, fell about 35 feet from a fourth floor sunporch yesterday morning, suffering compound fractures of the right ankle and elbow, fractures of the left ankle and arm, broken ribs and chest injuries.

Bittick had tied four sheets together, securing one end to a screen door, and climbed over a 10-foot mesh screen in an attempt to escape. When a sheet tore, he fell to the lawn.

Man Found Shot, Pistol in Hand.
John P. Gorman, steel worker, 1907 Newhouse avenue, who left a note telling his wife where to find his insurance policy, was found with a bullet wound in his right temple in the basement of his home yesterday. There was a revolver in his right hand. He died before he could be moved to a hospital. He was 62 years old and had been ill for several years.

NEARBY FIRE ROUTS PEOPLE FROM HOMES

Many Driven Out by Heat From Cork-fed Flames in Old Ice House.

A spectacular fire in an abandoned ice storage building at 2200 Gravois avenue early yesterday sent showers of burning cork hundreds of feet into the air and forced residents of the vicinity to abandon their endangered homes because of the heat.

At the height of the fire, flames could be seen as far away as Belleville, witnesses reported. Damage to the building, formerly occupied by the old Polar Wave Ice & Fuel Co., was estimated by Fire Chief Frank Egenriether at \$30,000.

First firemen to arrive were blocked in their efforts to get into the building, because it was constructed without windows for the sole purpose of storing ice. There was only one doorway leading from a one-story brick building to the east, housing refrigerator equipment. Walls of the storage building were insulated with two to five-foot thicknesses of cork and sawdust.

Fireman Henry Held, 59 years old, 4655 Tyrolean avenue, attached to No. 14 Engine Company, suffered a fractured rib when he fell through a hole in the floor in the one-story refrigerator machinery building. He was sent to City Hospital.

STUDY SAID TO SHOW 200 PCT. PROFIT FOR CROP MIDDLEMEN

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Representative Fulmer (Dem.), South Carolina, chairman of the House Agriculture Committee, said last night he had asked the Office of Price Administration for a copy of a confidential study which he said he understood showed that some middlemen are making profits of 200 to 500 per cent on farm products.

The committee, under a resolution passed by the House just before the summer recess, will begin an investigation this fall of the operations of wholesalers and other middlemen.

Fulmer said the inquiry would cover all dealings in food "from the farmer to the consumer to find out who is getting the profit from farm products and to determine what corrective measures can be taken." He said he understood the OPA study of wholesalers disclosed that some large operators "are squeezing both the farmer and the consumer," by pushing the farm price down and boosting the consumer price.

LADY OAKES FLYING TO NASSAU ACCOMPANIED BY 2 ATTORNEYS

MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 23 (AP).—Lady Eunice Oakes left today aboard a Pan-American clipper for Nassau, Bahamas, where her son-in-law, Alfred de Marigny, is charged with the murder of her husband, Sir Harry Oakes. She was accompanied by Kenneth Solomon, speaker of the Bahamas House who is an attorney and manager of the Oakes Nassau properties, and Walter W. Foskett, the family's Palm Beach attorney.

The Oakes' daughter, Nancy, flew to Nassau Saturday and immediately went to the prison to visit her husband. She was accompanied by an American investigator, Raymond Schindler.

De Marigny will appear in Magistrate's Court tomorrow for a resumption of a preliminary hearing on the murder charge against him.

Botulism Antitoxin Provided.
CHICAGO, Aug. 23 (AP).—The State Department of Public Health has announced that supplies of antitoxin for botulism, poisoning resulting from improperly canned food, are being made available to Illinois physicians.

CORONER'S JURY CLEARS POLICE IN BOY'S DEATH

17-Year-Old Was Shot Fleeing on Stolen Motorcycle — Ruled 'Excusable Homicide.'

A verdict of "excusable homicide at the hands of a police officer in the performance of duty," was returned today by a coroner's jury following an inquest into the death of Jack Lee Myers, 17 years old, who was shot last Friday while trying to outrun a police scout car on a stolen motorcycle.

Myers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Myers, 4133 Junata street, died yesterday at City Hospital. The coroner's jury found the cause of death to have been a gunshot wound of the spinal cord.

Patrolman Lawrence Highley testified that he fired two shots at the fleeing motorcycle only after he had fired four warning shots in the air, when the motorcycle had raced through a playground sign. He said the chase began in the vicinity of Louisiana avenue and Junata street, and continued about two miles to the 6400 block of Chipewa street, where the motorcycle crashed into the curb, after one of his shots had struck Myers.

The policeman said Myers admitted stealing the motorcycle from the 1700 block of Clark avenue, but vindicated a 16-year-old boy, who was riding behind him in the chase, of any knowledge of the theft.

Funeral services for Myers will be held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Joseph J. Quinn undertaking establishment, 1389 Union boulevard. Burial will be at the Lake Charles Cemetery, 7711 St. Charles road.

Myers' father is business representative for the Steamfitters' Association, Local 562. Besides his parents, he is survived by two brothers and a sister.

3 TRAPPED IN MINE BY FIRE ARE RESCUED AFTER 6 HOURS

JOPLIN, Mo., Aug. 23 (AP).—Three miners, trapped 180 feet below the surface in a mine passage for six hours, when fire destroyed a derick, were rescued early today. The men were kept alive by air pumped to them through a drill hole.

Fred Butler, who suffered a fractured knee when he was struck by an object which fell down the shaft, was dragged back into the mine by his two companions, Zell Decastro and Tom Morgan. Decastro later collapsed from the smoke and heat.

Flaming debris fell into the shaft, setting fire to cribbing and further blocking exit of the miners. Firemen and volunteers poured water onto the flames and into the shaft, while others manned the air blower. Rescuers removed the men after Dr. J. R. Kuhn entered the shaft and administered first aid.

2 MEN KILLED, 2 ST. LOUIS CHILDREN HURT IN CRASH

Two men were killed and two St. Louis children, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Beavers of 1725 Mississippi avenue, were seriously injured late yesterday when an automobile in which they were riding overturned on Jack's Fork Hill, near Mountain View, Howell County, Mo., where they were vacationing.

The children, Freda Sue Beavers, 5 years old, and her sister, Patricia, 6, were brought to City Hospital last night. Freda Sue, who suffered a skull injury, remained at the hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Beavers also were passengers, but they escaped serious injury.

Those killed in the accident were William E. Beavers, 50, a farmer and uncle of the children, and Robert Beavers, 70, also a farmer, the children's grandfather.

GIRL BURNED BY BROTHER

Margaret Mary Kiley, 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Kiley, 4443 Itasca street, suffered serious burns on her back yesterday when her brother, Joseph, 5, accidentally set fire to her dress as he attempted to throw away a blazing package of paper matches. Margaret was taken to City Hospital after a neighbor used a raincoat to smother the flames.

The children were playing in an alley back of their parents' home when Joseph lit a match that ignited an entire packet.

Police Sergeant Kills Wife.
Fred Bailey, a sergeant of the Brooklyn (Ill.) police, shot and killed his wife early today at their home, 502 Jefferson avenue, Brooklyn, East St. Louis police reported. Bailey, 34 years old, told police he shot her three times when she attempted to cut him with a razor during a quarrel. Mrs. Bailey, 41, died at Christian Welfare Hospital.

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DOG PARACHUTED FROM ARMY PLANE IN INVASION SHOW

Animal Wearing Red Cross Blanket Carries Supplies to 'Invaders.'

ALLIANCE, Neb., Aug. 23 (AP).—How the youngest command in the Army Air Forces—the troop carrier command—got there "fastest with the mostest" in the invasion of Sicily was re-enacted at the Alliance Army Air Base yesterday.

Col. Reed G. Landis, Indianapolis, commanding officer of the first troop carrier command, who helped to plan the Sicilian invasion, directed the show in which all tactical units at the base combined in a closely integrated combat team.

Lending color to the performance was the parachuting from a carrier plane of a dog, Chips, wearing a Red Cross blanket, and carrying first-aid supplies for the "invaders." On landing, the dog immediately joined the soldiers.

The first troop carrier command, including airborne engineers and a base hospital unit, and the airborne command with its parachute infantry, glider field artillery and field artillery, participated in the display.

MAYOR VISITS WATERWORKS, ASKS MEN NOT TO STRIKE

A personal appeal to refrain from striking for higher wages was made today to the workers of the Howard's Bend waterworks by Mayor Aloys P. Kaufmann in a tour of the plant with Director of Public Utilities Milton M. Kinsey and Water Commissioner Thomas J. Shinker.

The mayor spoke personally to dozens of the men at the work, urging them to remain at their jobs and promising he would make a decision on their requests for higher wages as soon as he could find time to restudy the compensation bill. Threats of strikes have arisen from the demand for pay increases. After his tour, Mayor Kaufmann told a Post-Dispatch reporter he had received promises of co-operation from those with whom he spoke.

A change in the Mayor's outer office staff was effected today. Patrolman George A. Priger of Central Police District replaced Sgt. Richard Hake as guard and receptionist, a position Hake had held for more than two years. Hake was released for active police service as a form of economy.

GALVARY GRAVEDIGGERS HOLD STRIKE IN ABEYANCE

Gravediggers and other employees of Galvany Cemetery, belonging to the AFL Building Service Employees' Union, Local 50, who had vowed to strike today unless a contract between the cemetery board and the union was signed, continued at their jobs with the understanding the contract would be signed today.

J. T. Latham, business agent for the union, said the decision not to strike had been reached after an appeal by Archbishop John J. Glennon. Latham said he would meet with officers of the association today to sign the agreement, which was approved several weeks ago by both parties.

Latham said signature of both parties were necessary before the War Labor Board could act on wage increases. About 50 employees are affected.

TWO FIRES IN MINNEAPOLIS CAUSE \$300,000 DAMAGE

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 23 (AP).—Two spectacular fires swept through the Minneapolis railroad and milling district Saturday night, causing damage estimated at \$300,000.

The first blaze occurred in the Great Northern Railway yards when a tank car exploded. Before the flames were brought under control, five tank cars, five flatcars and five Great Northern shops buildings had been destroyed.

A second blaze swept through a Russell-Miller Co. feed mill a short distance from the first fire. A seven-story structure adjoining the concrete and steel part of the elevator was destroyed.

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Serious Beef Shortage Foreseen Due to 'Uncertainty' Over Prices

Lack of Confidence, Caused by Federal Rules, Has Slowed Cattle Buying Council Says.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23 (AP).—Unless the confidence of livestock producers in the future is restored the nation will face a serious shortage of beef this coming winter and spring, the Livestock and Meat Council predicts.

"Of major importance," the council said yesterday, "is the threat to the supply of beef which will be needed urgently—perhaps even desperately—by American fighting forces this winter and spring."

The council, composed of livestock-producing and meat-packing associations, said the shortage was developing because corn belt cattlemen were not purchasing sufficient young cattle for feeding on farms and marketing later this year and early next year.

Corn belt farmers, it said, had reduced their buying of feeders because "uncertainty" created by Government "regulations and orders" had made them unwilling to risk "suffering severe financial losses."

The council urged that the Government immediately put into more complete operation the principles of the meat management plan recommended by the livestock and meat industry. Its adoption, the council said, would restore "the confidence of producers . . . to a point where . . . they would be willing to continue . . . feeding cattle."

Under the meat management plan, the council said, "flexible prices would result from effective control of consumer demand, through rationing, and meat would be allowed to find its own price level."

All were passengers on a west-bound Lindell-Clayton bus, which was struck by an east-bound Page street car as the bus turned south into Fourteenth. Neither the driver, Henry Christman, 10554 Mortimer lane, St. Louis County, nor the motorman, Patrick Neilson, 3963 Lafayette avenue, was able to give a clear story of what happened, police said. Both were charged with careless driving.

Those treated at City Hospital were Miss Ellen Duffy, 325 North Newstead avenue; Miss Dorothy Kalt, 2332 Russell boulevard; Mrs. Georgia Smith, 5535 Pershing avenue; Miss Ethel Frank, 5535 Pershing; Miss Harriet Stone, 4433 Lindell boulevard; Mrs. Grace Kroger, 4440 Lindell; Fred Kroger, 4440 Lindell; Miss Leora Kirschner, 1373 Shawmut place, and Miss Marion Cassel, 6127 Pershing.

DOG TAKES OVER OFFICE FOR 4 HOURS; DEFEYS WORKERS

A little dog with a big bad humor took over a small office at the St. Louis Public Service Co. garage at 3869 Park avenue yesterday, routed one employee, defied a score of others, and held out for more than four hours until it yielded to the professional hand of a Humane Society of Missouri agent.

"I walked in talking nice and soft," Agent Charles Brown explained modestly today, "but I had my lasso with me. The soft talk got me close to the dog. Then I used my rope."

The dog, a mongrel, will be held for observation by the society.

MAN DROWNED IN POND

Fred Chartrand was drowned yesterday when, apparently, he stepped into a deep hole in a pond on a farm near East Carondelet, where he lived with his brother, Clarence. His body was recovered by St. Clair County Deputy Sheriffs last night.

Friends who were visiting the farm said Chartrand, 38 years old, took off shoes and shirt and walked into the pond to "cool off." He suddenly disappeared and they were unable to rescue him, they said.

Chicken Salad Sandwich
All chicken—no substitutes—served on our fresh-made bread with lettuce and 5¢ mayonnaise.
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WELDERS IN WALKOUT AT FREIGHT CAR PLANT

American Car and Foundry Assembly Line Shut Down by Action.

A walkout of welders at the American Car & Foundry Co. shops at 2800 De Kalb street shut down a freight car assembly line today, and will cause closing of the plant within two days if the men do not return, T. A. Dooley, district manager of the company, told a Post-Dispatch reporter.

Dooley said about 40 welders walked off the job this morning without giving a reason, and that no one had approached him about a settlement. He said about 1200 men at the plant would be affected, if the assembly line does not resume production.

Thomas Conway, business agent for Local 15, United Brotherhood of Welders, to Deters and Helsper, said the walkout was not sanctioned by the union and that he knew nothing about the cause, except some of the men complained piecework rates had been lowered. A reporter who spoke to several employees of the plant, who are not welders, was told the welders began walking out Thursday, that there were about 80 out today and that because they were not working 300 fitters had been forced to stop work.

A. J. Kojetinsky, regional director of the CIO United Steel Workers of America, said that his union represented workers of the plant in collective bargaining until recently and that the National Labor Relations Board had ordered an election to determine if representation should be by the steel workers or by AFL unions. He said the welders, members of an independent union, had been denied the right by the NLRB to intervene and have their name placed on the ballot.

JUDGE ACQUITS 4 ARRESTED IN RAID WITHOUT WARRANT

Charges of operating a hand-book, placed against four men who were arrested in a raid on a two-room suite on the seventh floor of Hotel Chase last Tuesday, were dismissed today by Probation Judge Harry Sofer in Police Court No. 1 after he granted a motion by defense counsel to suppress evidence that had been seized in violation of the defendants' constitutional rights.

Detective Sgt. Charles M. Shelton had testified that he made the raid without a search warrant. The defendants had identified themselves as Charles Rich, 5100 block of Enright avenue; Steve Montefelice, 800 block of Farrar street; Isadore Franks, 5800 block of Minerva avenue, and Sidney Wyman, 5500 block of Delmar blvd.

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Regularly \$3.98 to \$4.98

Cool Chambrays and Printed Cottons. Sizes 9 to 15, 10 to 20. **\$2**

Regularly \$3.98 to \$5.98

Classic Chambrays and Seersuckers. One and two piece styles. Sizes 9 to 15 and 10 to 44. **\$3**

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HIGH LOW RAIN

(Yesterday's Weather Bureau Reports)

	High	Low	Rain
Atlanta	90	68	
Boston	87	71	.....
Chicago	87	71	.....
Cincinnati	87	71	.....
Columbia, Mo.	86	74	.....
Denver	90	63	.....
Detroit	84	70	.....
St. Louis	84	70	.....
Washington, D. C.	89	66	.....
Other Cities			
Pittsburgh	16.8	no change	.....
Cincinnati	12.7	no change	.....
Louisville	9.5	fall of 1.9	.....
St. Louis	10.3	fall of 0.5	.....
Vicksburg	8.7	fall of 0.2	.....
New Orleans	3.4	fall of 0.1	.....

Germans Forcing Italy to Stay In the War, Its Press Asserts

Peace Blocked by 'Enormous Difficulties,' Minister Says—Nazis Reported Still Pouring Into Country.

BERN, Aug. 23 (AP).—An assertion that Italian efforts to withdraw from the war are being blocked by German pressure on Premier Pietro Badoglio's government was published in the Italian press for the first time during the week end.

A Swiss Telegraph Agency dispatch from Chiasso on the Italian frontier said Italy's press is "clearly stating that the first aim of the Badoglio government is to remove the country from war, but Rome is seeking to prevent the peninsula from becoming the theater of a gigantic battle among the Germans there and the Anglo-Saxons threatening to enter."

This theme, it was said, also was set forth at conferences held by Minister of Industry Leopoldo Piccardi with workers in heavily-bombed Milan, Turin and Genoa, who were told that the people's wish for peace had been blocked by "enormous difficulties."

Italy "Submitting to War." The insistent clamor for peace was echoed by the Corriere della Sera at Milan, which urged the government "not to let even the least favorable chance to take the country out of war escape."

The Swiss Telegraph Agency dispatch, which reported German

troops pouring into Italy through the Brenner Pass, added that the Italian press "has now admitted that Italy considered herself an element in submitting to war, rather than waging it."

(From Madrid came word that Rome dispatches indicated that the Italians do not intend to resist Allied invasion but will not oppose German resistance because they feel that conflict with the Nazis would result in larger loss of life and property than remaining aloof. All of Italy, said the Madrid newspaper A. B. C., is suffering from jitters as a result of the loss of Sicily, the suspense over making Rome an open city, and the heavy bombing of the nation's industrial centers.)

Hitler Ultimatum Reported.

(The Canadian Broadcasting Corporation picked up a broadcast from Brazzaville, North Africa, quoting Turkish sources as saying Adolf Hitler had delivered an ultimatum to Premier Badoglio demanding to know the Italian government's attitude toward continuation of peace demonstrations and the cause for the government's helplessness in coping with them.)

(The Turkish reports added that Hitler demanded the release from jail of six prominent Fascists and that he was using the peace demonstrations as a pretext for putting German troops in control of Italy. The plan, the broadcast said, is to depose Badoglio and install a new government composed of the released Fascists.)

Travelers arriving at Chiasso from Turin said Italian police had arrested a large number of alleged Communists who were said to have been organized by foreign leaders after the collapse of the Mussolini government in July. It was said that membership had reached a total of 20,000.

It also was reported that 75 per cent of the employees of the Macchi aircraft plant at Turin were still striking because of the fear of further air raids.

UMW URGES WLB TO GIVE \$1.30 RISE IN HARD COAL PAY

Continued From Page One.

through "association with the anthracite industry for a lifetime." Originally, the UMW's demands included \$2 a day and portable pay. Kennedy said the operators had offered an increase of 64 cents a day, 33 cents of which was due under the Little Steel formula and the rest divided among increased vacation payments, lamps, safety equipment, tools and black-smithing.

Kennedy said, the anthracite working force is estimated at 77,000 men, compared with about 157,000 in the last war.

Cites Shortage of Miners. "The industry has lost many additional thousands to other war industries in which higher wages are paid," he said. "A plant is being built at Scranton for the Murray Body Corporation. It will employ about 5000 persons when in operation. According to reports received by us from Government sources approximately 11,000 applications for employment at this plant have been received. Yet in this same city of Scranton and the surrounding area the coal companies are desperately short of workmen."

"The answer is obvious: Higher wages, better and safer working conditions."

The minimum outside labor rate in the hard coal industry is \$3.08, but Kennedy said about 700 employees work at jobs which pay less than that, some of them as low as \$2.78. About 10,000 men work for \$3.08, while higher paid outside men get from 83 to 95 cents an hour. Inside company laborers get \$4 a day on the average, and the company miner's rate is \$6.56 a day. Some contract miners, who get what is known as a "consideration," or minimum rate, earn an average of \$7.43, Kennedy said.

Kennedy told the board that production of each 251,000 tons of hard coal last year cost the life of one mine worker. He said an average of 46 men were injured every day the mines worked in 1942.

Operators' Contentions. The operators in a formal statement to the board argued that the anthracite industry "is different from the bituminous industry in many essential particulars and its problems cannot fairly be considered except as separate and distinct from the problems of bituminous."

The operators contended that the mine workers' demands "in their entirety" involve an average increase of more than \$5.25 in the daily wage and an increase of \$2.20 a ton in production costs.

The average hourly rate in the mines, the producers said, is \$1.069 and the average annual earnings "computed on present operating conditions are at the rate of over \$2200 with a work week not exceeding 42 hours for the great majority of the workers."

Estimated Rise in Pay. Considering the "take-home" pay, the operators said it appears that average earnings of the mine workers today as compared with Jan. 1, 1941, had increased 76.9 per cent. The agreement of January, 1943, providing for six-day operation, alone increased earnings by 30 per cent, they added.

"Under such conditions there seems to be no justification for even asking the nation to depart from the boundaries and standards accepted by other workers in other industries as a means of avoiding

the dreaded spectre of inflation," the operators asserted.

The criticism of the Little Steel formula, so often advanced—to the effect that the 15 per cent advance since Jan. 1, 1941, is less than a cost-of-living increase of nearly 24 per cent—has little application here because of increased earnings far beyond all cost-of-living increases and with moderate weekly hours of work," the statement continued.

In opening the hearing, Board Chairman William H. Davis said only the Mine Workers or the Government agent operating the mines could petition for an alteration in conditions "under which the mines are being operated by the Government. Walter Gordon Merritt, counsel for the operators, objected to the ruling.

WLB called the hearing on the plea of the anthracite operators that they had been unable to reach an agreement on a new contract after 20 weeks of negotiations in New York involving approximately 80,000 hard coal miners.

Unlike the soft coal miners, the anthracite workers have not received the full amount permitted under the Little Steel formula. They received increases in 1941 totaling 10 per cent. They are one of the few remaining large groups of workers who have not obtained a basic 15 per cent increase over wages of January, 1941. This is generally allowed by the board as a cost-of-living adjustment, and does not necessarily bar the way to a further increase if gross inequities can be shown.

ST. LOUIS BOY, 13, DROWNS

AUGUSTA, Ark., Aug. 23 (AP).—Tommy Butterworth, 13 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. Butterworth, St. Louis, Mo., drowned in White River near here yesterday when he stepped into deep water while wading. The boy and his mother had been visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Lella Brown, Augusta.

Mr. and Mrs. Butterworth are not listed in city or county directories.

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MESH HOSE

45-Gauge Seconds

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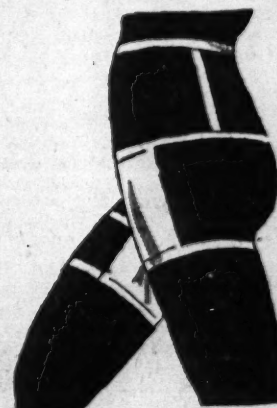
Dull, sheer bridal mesh hose with runstop welt top, French heel, cotton re-inforced foot. Practical for everyday wear. Sizes 9 to 10½. Smartest shades.

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ICKES TURNS BACK SOME MINES WITH UMW CONTRACTS

Acts Under Antistrike Law Despite Statement by Lewis Men Would Work Only for U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—Certain coal mines having contracts with John L. Lewis's United Mine Workers were restored to private ownership by Secretary of the Interior Ickes today despite Lewis's statement in June that his men would work until Oct. 31 only if the Government kept control of the property.

Ickes, as Coal Administrator, announced termination of Government possession and control of the mines of 53 companies, and a spokesman said "some" of them were operated under contracts with the UMW. Asked about Lewis's threat, the spokesman said "we'll just have to see what happens."

Lewis, attending a War Labor Board hearing on wages in anthracite mines, declined to comment on Ickes' order.

The mines were returned in accordance with the Connally-Smith Antistrike Act requirement that property seized by the Government be returned within 60 days after restoration of "productive efficiency."

Although citing this provision of the act, Ickes did not reveal his interpretation of the provision or say whether Attorney General Biddle had given him the ruling he had sought on what the act requires him to do about restoring the mines.

About 3700 mines continue under Government control.

Missouri and Illinois companies whose properties were released today are as follows: The United Electric Co., Chicago; Wasson Coal Co., Harrisburg, Ill.; Pittsburg & Midway Coal Mining Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Mount Olive & Staunton Coal Co., St. Louis; Hume-Sinclair Coal Mining Co., Kansas City; Huntsville-Sinclair Mining Co., Kansas City; Seneca Coal & Coke Co., Kansas City; Sentry Coal Mining Co., Kansas City; Sooner Coal Mining Co., Kansas City; Middle River Coal Co., Fulton, Mo.

SINKING OF TWO U. S. SHIPS BY U-BOATS LISTED IN WEEK; ALLIED LOSSES RISE TO 686

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—TWO medium-sized United States merchantmen were announced during the past week as having been sunk by Axis submarines in the Western Atlantic, bringing the United Nations and neutral shipping toll in those waters since Pearl Harbor to 686 ships.

The Navy also announced the destruction of an unidentified small Greek vessel early in May, previously included in the Associated Press tabulation of Western Atlantic losses.

United States merchant shipping losses in the area, based on Navy announcements, now stand at 278 vessels since Dec. 7, 1941.

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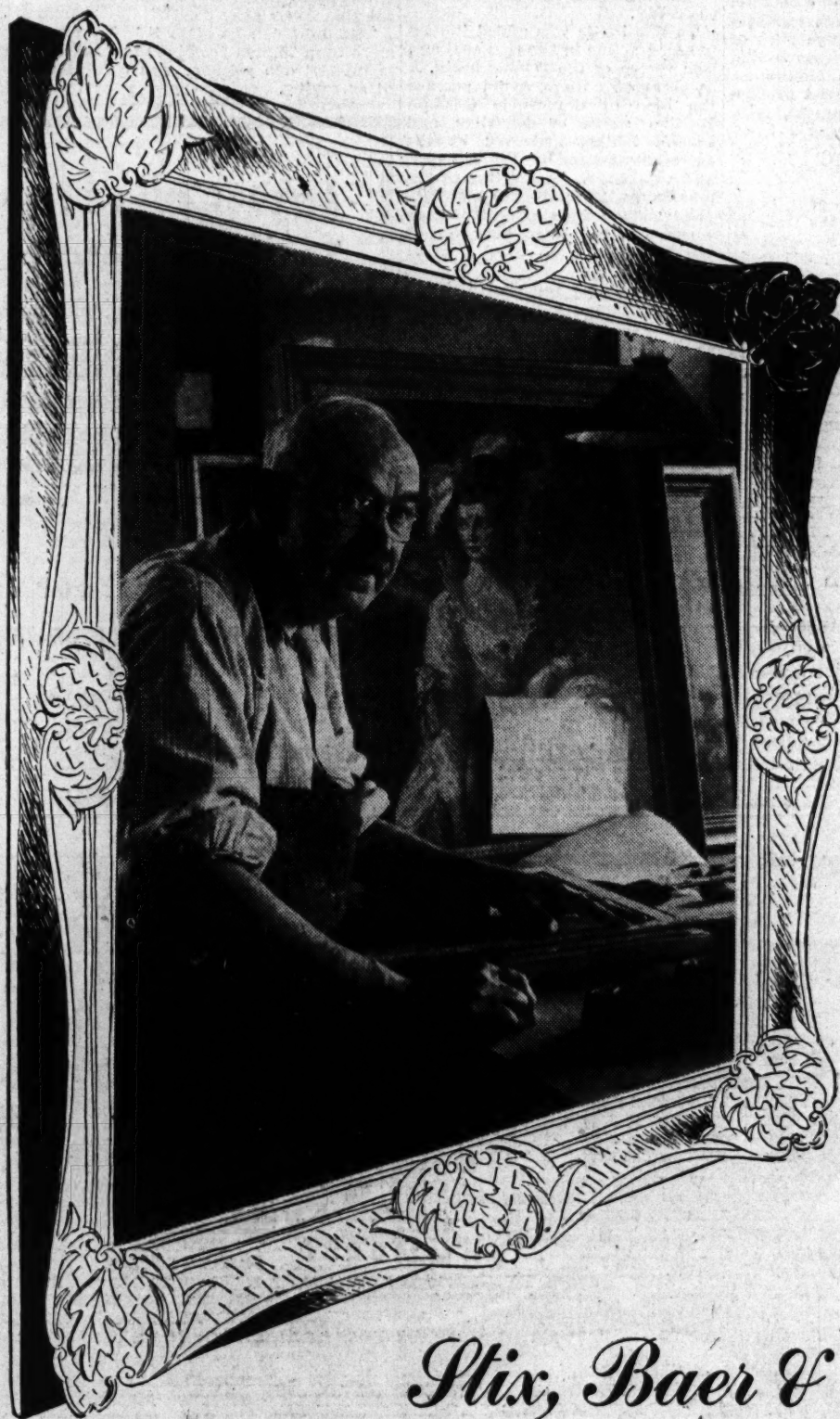
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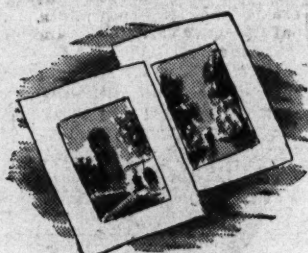
THIS FINE CRAFTSMAN HAS BEEN

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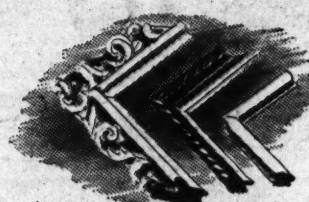
Yes, thirty-three years ago last Saturday, William Crusius brought to Stix, Baer & Fuller the benefit of his 24 years' experience... and now we feel, after 57 years, he is among the finest in his profession. Many years ago, he devised a method for mounting prints and oil reproductions that, to our knowledge, has never been duplicated. It is the product of his agile fingers and vivid imagination, plus the knowledge his experience has provoked. His fine craftsmanship, typical of the artistry of our whole staff, is one of our reasons for being proud of the

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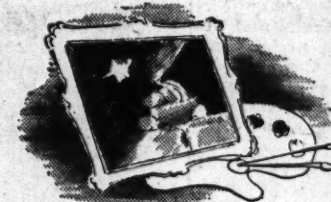
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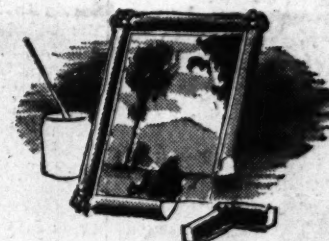
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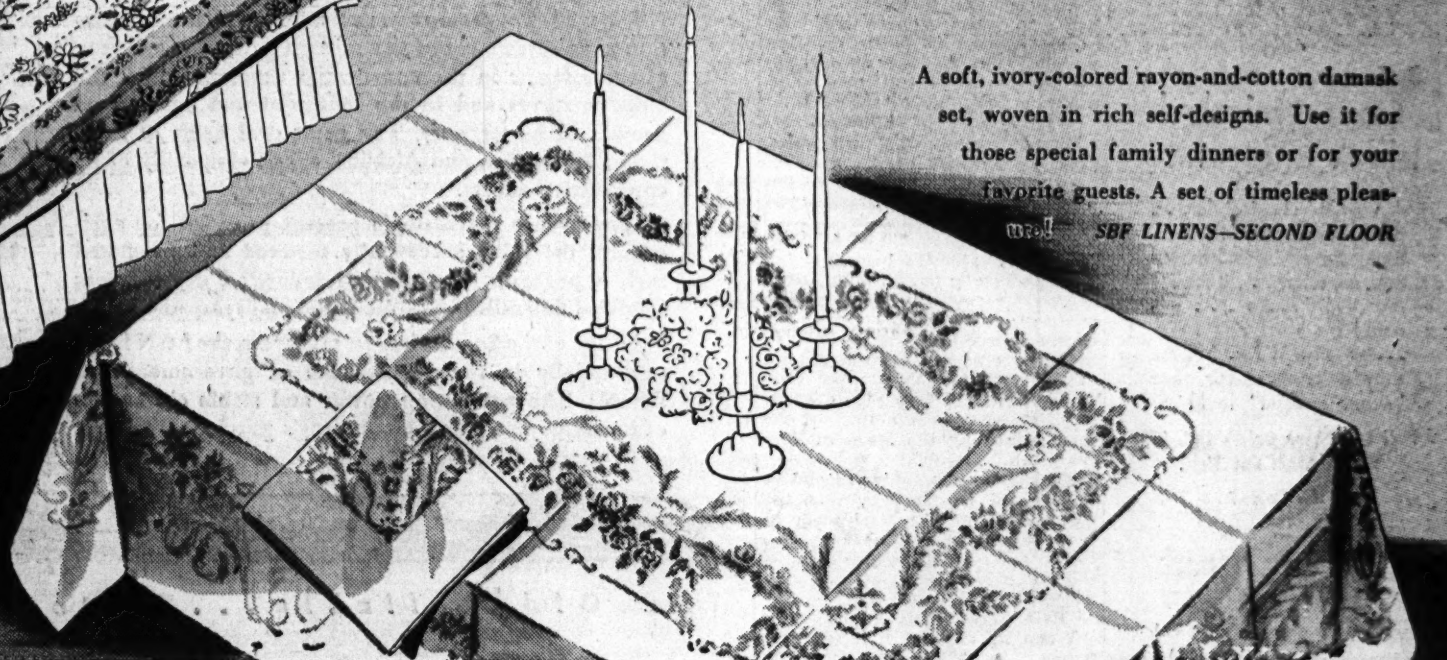
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A soft, ivory-colored rayon-and-cotton damask set, woven in rich self-designs. Use it for those special family dinners or for your favorite guests. A set of timeless pleasure! SBF LINENS—SECOND FLOOR



Kharkov Falls; Nazis in Retreat

Continued From Page One.

Gen. Kalchiglin particularly distinguished themselves.

New Title for Divisions.

"To commemorate the liberation of Kharkov, the 89th Guards Infantry Division and the 252nd, 84th, 229th, 116th, 375th, 183rd, 15th, 28th and 93rd Guards Infantry divisions have been awarded the title of Kharkov divisions.

"In the future, they will be called the 89th Guards Belgorod Kharkov Infantry Division; 252nd Kharkov Infantry Division; 84th Kharkov Infantry Division; 229th Kharkov Infantry Division; 116th Kharkov Infantry Division; 375th Kharkov Infantry Division; 183rd Kharkov Infantry Division; 15th Guards Kharkov Infantry Division; 28th Guards Kharkov Infantry Division, and 93rd Guards Kharkov Infantry Division.

"As a sign of triumph on the occasion of the victory of Kharkov, today, Aug. 23, at 9 p. m., the capital of our motherland, Moscow, on behalf of the motherland salutes our gallant troops which have liberated Kharkov by 30 artillery volleys from 234 guns.

"For the excellent military operations, I express gratitude to all troops which participated in the operation for the liberation of Kharkov.

"Eternal glory to the heroes who fell in the struggle for the freedom and independence of our motherland!

"Death to the German invaders! Supreme Commander-in-Chief, Marshal of the Soviet Union, J. Stalin."

Nazis Announce Fall First. Kharkov's fall was first announced by the German news agency DNB. The German high command a short time later con-

firmed the withdrawal in a communique which referred to Kharkov as "a heap of ruins." It said that "troops of the army and the SS (elite guard) are engaged in a bitter struggle with Soviet infantry and tank formations in the Kharkov area."

The loss of the city was presented by DNB as an evacuation in which Russian pressure had no part. It asserted Kharkov was no longer a "valuable center of traffic and supply" and asserted all important installations there had been destroyed by the Nazis before they pulled out. DNB said the evacuation took place last night.

Kharkov was last recaptured by Red Army forces in February and lost by them again in March. It was first taken by the Germans Oct. 24, 1941.

It represented the major Nazi position east of the Dnieper River and has been the base of a salient from which the Germans could thrust out to menace the Russians anywhere from Moscow to the Caucasus.

Heavy Fighting to West. Soviet broadcasts as well as German reports indicated violent fighting west of the city. While the Nazis insisted that the withdrawal was orderly, the Russians declared that German commanders were so hardpressed that they were throwing new formations into the battleline at the moment of their arrival and without rest.

Kharkov was added to the lengthening list of Red Army triumphs in its first summer offensive, the list including Orel and Belgorod, won not by costly frontal assault but by the same slashing flank attacks which relieved Stalingrad. Two Russian armies enveloped Kharkov from north and south.

"Extremely Good News."

A London military observer said the fall of Kharkov was "extremely good and extremely important news," opening up the possibility that the Germans may be forced from the whole Donets basin, the Kuban bridgehead and the Crimea. He asserted that the withdrawal demonstrated the Germans lacked the necessary reserves to mount effective counterattacks in the face of the Red Army offensive and that they might now be expected to fight stubbornly back toward the Dnieper.

The taking of Kharkov secures a double rail line from Moscow through Orel, Kursk and Belgorod and gives offensive strength at any chosen point in the central southern sector.

The Soviet midnight communique reported that Russian troops had shoved the Nazis back three and one-half miles and captured 30 villages around Kharkov in fighting yesterday before the city's capture. It said the Red Army also had pushed forward during the day on the Spas Demensk and Bryansk fronts to the north as well as in the Donets basin, killing 9600 Germans, smashing 187 tanks and destroying 53 planes in aerial combat or by antiaircraft fire.

In one Kharkov sector Soviet troops crossed a water barrier and occupied several villages, the communique said.

Reporting on the fighting around Bryansk in general terms, the Russians said they had improved their positions there in continuing advances. Sharp fighting was reported southwest of Spas Demensk, which is about 80 miles north of Bryansk and the same distance east of Smolensk, but few details were available.

Villages Taken in Donets Area.

Although the Soviet command reported the capture of several villages in the Donets basin sector south of Izyum and southwest of Voroshilovgrad, it termed the fighting of "local significance." Red Army airmen pounded enemy railway points behind the line, including heavy raids on Debaltsevo and Ilovaiskaya.

The German communique reported the Nazis had repulsed all Russian attempts at a breakthrough in the Mius and Izyum sectors, the former area being west of Rostov.

"The number of prisoners and booty captured are increasing," it asserted. "The Bolsheviks on the eastern front yesterday lost 400 tanks and 73 planes."

The heavy enemy losses announced by the Russians in fighting during the last two days served to point up Saturday night's special communique which announced that at least 1,000,000 Germans have been killed or wounded and 25,600 taken prisoner since July 5.

During the first few weeks the Nazis sacrificed huge numbers of men in a vain attempt to crack the Orel-Belgorod salient, only to find themselves hurled back and placed on the defensive as the Red Army pushed on to take both Orel and Belgorod and to threaten the vital German bases at Bryansk on the north central front and Kharkov 500 miles to the south.

Importance of Kharkov. Kharkov, a city of 800,000 and a great steel center before the Germans overran it in the initial onrush in the invasion of Russia, was known as the "Pittsburgh" of Russia.

The Reds stormed back into the city last Feb. 16 to score one of the brightest victories of their winter push, driving 375 miles westward of Stalingrad, but were able to hold the city less than a month. It was seized again by the Germans March 14 when their counter-offensive recaptured a part of the area gained by the Reds in February and March.

Kharkov, a rail center second in importance to Moscow, was the springboard of the Nazi push in the summer of 1942 that carried to the gates of Stalingrad and the Caucasian Mountain passes. Eight railways run into the city.

Reds Move Many Factories. When its capture first was imminent in 1941, the Russians

worked feverishly to dismantle many of the city's large factories and move them and huge piles of raw materials to safer areas behind Moscow and the Ural Mountains. It was a center for Soviet production of aviation equipment, tractors and tanks, and was a headquarters for the Donets State Coal Trust and Southern Machinery and Metallurgical Trusts.

Thousands of German troops perished in and near the city during see-saw battles, the Russians said, and the Germans were charged with transforming Kharkov into a "nightmare of atrocities." The Russians asserted that more than 30,000 Russians died in the first year of occupation, with 25,000 others impressed behind the German lines or in Germany itself for labor service.

EXPANDING ACTION IN DONETS BASIN

By HENRY C. CASSIDY MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (AP).—The Soviet summer offensive appeared to have reached a turning point today as big tank battles flared up west of Kharkov and new assaults mounted in the Donets basin to the southeast. The Russians tangled with mass-

es of German armor and infantry as they smashed forward west of Kharkov. Soviet tanks, artillery and infantry wrecked more than 80 German tanks in violent combat yesterday.

To this battle was added the expanding action in the rich coal and iron region of the Donets basin. A breakthrough there would menace the base of the whole German position south of Kharkov and around Dnieperopetrovsk at the easternmost bend of the Dnieper, and would give an impetus to the new campaign similar to that supplied last winter's offensive when a series of separated blows drove the "Germans back over a great area."

The Russians reported fighting south of Izyum and southwest of Voroshilovgrad along the German salient extending to Lischansk, 120 miles southeast of Kharkov. Soviet attack bombers, Stormoviks, were thrown into the Donets action, raiding enemy tanks and shooting down seven Junkers and Messerschmitts in a battle with

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50 planes. Tass, official news agency, said prisoners related that Adolf Hitler, Aug. 18, had ordered his troops at Kharkov to "stem the offensive of the Red Army at any cost."

"But how can he stem it? Not more than 75 men remained in our regiment," one prisoner was quoted as saying.

Pay Rise for 53 at Medart Co. Wage increases of approximately 5 cents an hour have been awarded to 53 employees of the Medart Co., 3500 DeKalb street, manufacturers of steel mill equipment and other special machinery, the Regional War Labor Board at Kansas City announced today. These affected include 10 foremen,

21 office employees, 11 women clerks and switchboard operators to Jan. 1, were made to restore normal pay differentials. Factory and 11 engineering department employees received increases retroactively.

Last Call...

To Order Before You Must

If you put off ordering fuel until a cold morning you will do two things: 1. Disregard your government. 2. Remain cold. Surely no good American will deny a war request of his government, and yet, fuel hasn't been stored as fast as it should be, up to now. This is the last call. If you don't order your SOLARITE or CARBONITE now, you will have waited too long. In fact, it's late now.

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A woman's best style... the shirt-top classic! This one, dressy enough for any occasion... because it's rayon crepe... because it's black and white... because it has bubble shirred pockets for that "super special" look!

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THE L&N, "The Old Reliable," is about 90 years old. Originally it was to run from Louisville, a town of 40,000 to the Tennessee state line... a distance of 140 miles. Now the L&N, covering almost five thousand road miles, connects the great cities of St. Louis and Cincinnati with Atlanta and New Orleans, as well as with Gulf Coast towns and many other intermediate cities in the South.

The L&N has grown from a 3 million dollar capitalization to an investment of 519 million dollars. It has been a major factor in the commercial development of the cities it serves and in the industrial and agricultural growth of its territory. The great coal fields of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Alabama speak eloquently of its constructive efforts.

Long before the nation's present program for agriculture, the L&N successfully fostered and promoted such a program. Tremendous industrial development followed this railroad's solicitation and sympathetic aid.

As one of the South's largest taxpayers, the L&N helps substantially in the maintenance of government and schools. The purchasing power and stable citizenship of its employees plus the company's purchases, make it

first rank among Southern business enterprises.

The L&N does not boastfully tell this story... it is only informative. While its management has been by men of Southern sympathies, business purposes alone were sufficient to prompt their efforts.

Now what has been the L&N stockholder's reward for his investment... for the surplus earnings he plowed back into the property... for the risk he takes in providing an essential service that develops that territory, raises wages and living standards and for other great accomplishments? Read the surprising answer!

Since the beginning of this railroad, all the cash dividends paid to the stockholders have amounted to an average of less than five per cent per year.

Here is the record for the past 30 years:

Paid for labor.....	\$1,499,769,616
Paid for taxes.....	218,263,609
Paid for cash dividends.....	171,568,733

The stockholders received less than the public (in taxes) and about one-eighth of what Labor received.

If the misinformed refer to the railroad company, or its investors of capital, as exploiters of the community or as oppressors of Labor, should not the facts and accomplishments of the L&N put these men to shame? By its fruits ye should judge it.

When the big job of transportation for this ghastly war has been finished, "The Old Reliable" wants to step right in with modern, friendly service for its patrons, its prime purpose being the further development of the South.

J. B. Hill
PRESIDENT

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD



CURTIN'S PARTY GAINS 30 SEATS IN LOWER HOUSE

**Australian Election
Amounts to Landslide
for Prime Minister and
Laborites.**

By C. JAMES McDANIEL.
MELBOURNE, Aug. 23 (AP).—Prime Minister John Curtin's Government will face the seventeenth Australian Parliament to be convened in late September with a working majority of about 30 votes in the House of Representatives as the result of elections held Saturday which recorded an unprecedented landslide in favor of his Labor party.

Although the final count may not be known for several days, official figures available late today indicated that Labor will win from 48 to 51 seats in the lower house. The combined opposition parties will have between 21 and 24 seats.

In the House dissolved at the end of June, Labor and the combined opposition each had 36 seats, with the balance of power in the hands of two independents who supported Labor on all major issues. The latest reports indicated both these independents were likely to retain their House seat.

The tide which swept Labor back into power in the House of Representatives with an overwhelming majority also was reflected in a substantial increase in votes cast for Labor candidates for the Senate, but final results of the contests for the upper house will not be known for several days. In any case, the opposition will retain a majority of two seats in the Senate until June 30 next year, when the terms expire for 19 senatorships contested in Saturday's elections.

The people in effect gave Curtin a generous vote of confidence, and passed a vote of censure on the opposition parties as a result of disunity between Arthur Fadden, leader of the United Country party, and R. G. Menzies, leader of the United Australia party.

Curtin declared his intention today to continue to co-operate with members of opposition parties in the Australian Advisory War Council. He said he did not propose to alter the composition of the council, which takes war decisions and submits them for final approval to the Cabinet.

NIGHTLY at 9
Nick LaBianca's
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SAT. 2:30 to 7
DAY TRIPS, 10 to 4
(No Trips Monday except Sept. 6)
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So Many Women Quitting War Jobs Output Is Hurt, Say U. S. Officials

**National Service Act 'Inevitable' if Increased
Production Schedules Are to Be Met,
WMC Chiefs Assert.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—War Manpower Commission officials, reporting that the number of women in industry has failed to measure up to expectations, repeated last night that national service legislation is "inevitable" if increased production schedules are to be met.

Women who took jobs in war plants have been quitting in some areas in such numbers that production not only has failed to keep pace with stepped-up schedules, these officials said, but in some cases has fallen off.

WMC officials, who declined to be quoted by name, said absenteeism and job quitting were notably greater among women than among men. A variety of reasons were advanced, with household and domestic problems among the foremost.

Manpower officials said women constitute the only remaining source of new labor supply from which they hope to draw more than three million workers during the next nine months.

Commission Chairman Paul V. McNutt has consistently advocated legislation under which every able bodied person would be required to register for a possible job assignment, but the proposal thus far has made little headway with administration leaders in and out of Congress.

War Will Require Third of Women in Jobs by End of Year.
CHICAGO, Aug. 23 (AP).—Miss Margaret A. Hickey of St. Louis, chairman of the Women's Advisory Committee of the War Manpower Commission, said last night "It is expected that by the end of this year the war effort will require the employment of approximately one-third of all American women over 14 years of age."

"Women are today and will be for the duration our largest single labor resource," she declared in a speech at a dinner in connection with the forty-fourth annual convention of the National Association of Women Lawyers.

"It is important," she said, "to keep in mind that at present there are no reserves or unemployed persons in most of the needed semi-skilled, skilled and professional classifications."

"In order to meet our labor requirements for the coming year management, labor and government must work together in the immediate solution of certain grave problems that have been too long neglected."

"Far more effective utilization must be made of the millions of women already employed. Experienced women must be upgraded."

**BRITISH BOMBERS
BLAST WAR GAS
WORKS IN REICH**
Continued From Page One.

1940, but has not been a specific target since.

Hardly had the night raiders returned than light bombers and fighters sped out by daylight today to resume the assaults.

Royal Air Force Mitchells attacked the St. Omer freight yards without being challenged.

A Canadian Spitfire wing encountered more than 15 ME-109s over the Gosnay area in Northern France and shot down one.

The Vichy radio said American planes raided a place in Normandy. Among the squadrons crossing and recrossing the straits of Dover today were many medium bombers identified by coastal residents as American.

Brief Lull Ended.
The night attack ended a lull that had lasted since Thursday night when Mosquitoes struck at Berlin.

Enemy raiders scattered bombs in East Angles and also rumbled over Southeast England last night. At least two were shot down. An alarm sounded in London soon after midnight, but no incidents were reported.

Late yesterday Marauder medium bombers of the United States Eighth Air Force attacked an enemy airfield at Beaumont le Roger in occupied France. Escorting Spitfires and the bombers knocked down nine enemy fighters. One bomber and eight Allied fighters were listed as missing.

During Sunday British intruders attacked enemy shipping, airfields, transport and communications.

to the practice of their higher skills. And inexperienced women workers must be trained. Conditions which contribute to absenteeism and wasteful turnover must be improved."

Miss Hickey asserted that when peace comes there should be full employment for all employables and that women who choose to remain in the labor force should not be "accused of usurping men's jobs."

"It is true that we may have more workers than needed," she said, "but if so, let's make certain that the weeding out process takes place on the basis of ability rather than sex—that job casualties are the result of inefficiency and not discrimination."

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Suits and woollens all look alike to Sapo when there's a spot to be removed. It's mighty hard on dirt, but gentle as a lamb with fabrics. Sapo doesn't harm colors—never leaves an unpleasant odor.

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CLEANING
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FALL FABRICS

SPUN RAYON, TEGA PRINTS... 39-inch width! Washable! Neat patterns on dark background for fall. Yard — 69c

SPUN RAYON SUITINGS... Lengths from 2 to 3 yards. Tropical and novelty weaves. 39 inches wide. Yard — 49c

WOOL AND RAYON SHETLANDS... Blended for suits, coats, skirts. 54-inch; choice of 16 colors. Yard — \$2.25

RAYON AND WOOL LENGTHS... 54-inch widths, 1 1/2-2 yard lengths. All wools, Shetlands, etc. Yard — \$1.85

PINWALE CORDUROY... Crompton Favority quality. 36-inch; for skirts, jackets, etc. Washable. Yard — 98c

SPUN RAYON BLENDS... 39-inch back-to-school fabric for dresses, skirts, etc. Washable! Popular shades. Yard, cut from full bolts. 69c

GABARDINE AND SERGE... 39-inch width, cut from full bolts. Washable... wanted colors... spun rayon! Yd. — 69c

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The FALL Styles Are Here Now!

Enna Jetticks
America's Smartest Walking Shoes

Important Announcement...
For YOU... and YOU... and YOU

No matter what is crowding each hour of your wartime day, the arrival of Fall Enna Jetticks should bring you to attention! For these are the shoes that keep you going fashionably, easily, thriftily. Ask the woman who wears them! Her enthusiasm will be contagious.

Other Styles
\$500 to \$650
Handsome shoes just received for Fall showing.
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DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

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Tone up your Fall wardrobe with a crisp, full-cut frock! Pleated skirt that will give you the freedom you want... tailored lines to give you that bandbox look. You'll want to ring the bells, too, when you see these beauties! 16-44.

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FLATTERING FALL HATS

"Lady
Be Good"

\$4.69

A hat to beat all hats... for women in the know! A glamorous brimmed bonnet with a fetching high crown in smart fur felt! Eye-catching pink feather with dark trim. In rich brown shade for every costume.

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Seconds of Sheer
Rayon Chiffons

59c

Reinforced with rayon or cotton at points of strain... these stockings will give you long wear. Rayon picot edge tops, picot shadow welts, cradle soles. Wanted colors. In sizes 8 1/2 to 10 1/2.

Men's and Women's Union Suits

For Men,
Pinchecks, Nainsooks

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For Women...
Lightweight Cotton

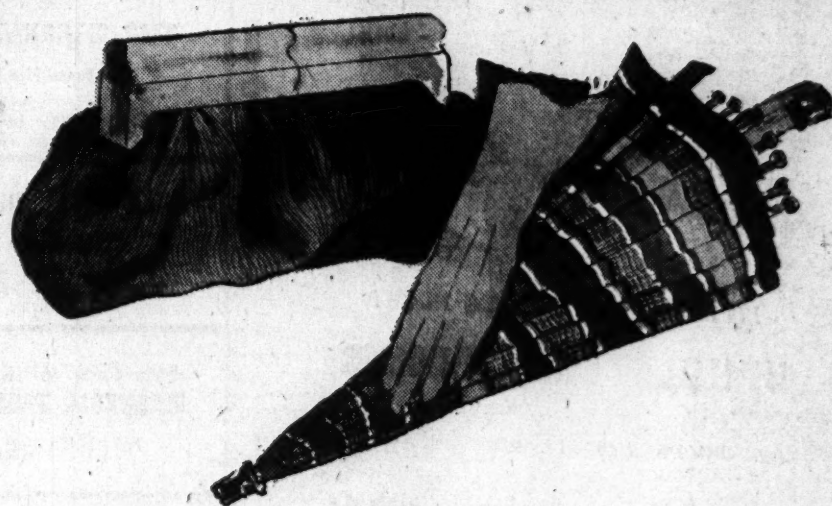
69c

Sleeveless athletic style white union suits with reinforced shoulder straps and cotton webbing in the back. Broken sizes. For long, comfortable use.

Eiffel Queen! Royal Mills! Fine ribbed, combed cottons... open or closed styles. Built-up shoulders... in sizes 36 to 44. All in gleaming white.

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**New Fall
HANDBAGS**

Many Styles
And Fabrics — **\$1.88**

Drawstring shoulder strap, other styles. Many materials. Tan, black, brown, green, navy.

**Sample Fall
GLOVES**

Wanted
Sizes — **68c**

4, 5, 6 button lengths! Tailored or novelty styles. In black, brown, red, kelly, navy, tan.

**16-Rib
UMBRELLAS**

Women's
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Large size on metal silvertone! Colored frames. Many patterns, designs. Smart novelty handles.

Sample Costume Jewelry

Earrings, necklaces, pins, bracelets... in handsome metal, wood, acetates and plastics. All of better grades. **55c**
Plus 10% Federal Tax

Lovely New Neckwear

Beautiful organdies, lace, pique, rayon sheers. Round, square, V shapes... jabots and collar and cuff sets. **89c**

Women's Hankies

Colorfast prints, embroidery sheers, white sheers, corded cotton lawns! All for women. **16c**

Men's Kerchiefs

Large size... soft sheer white cambric with 1/4 stitched hem. Also colored woven borders. **19c**

Better Handbags

Many different fabrics and leathers! Wood, plastic frames. Black, brown, turf, navy, tan. **\$3.69**

Leather Back Gloves

Tailored or fancy... capskin and pigtex leather. All sizes in black and brown colors. **95c**

Basement Economy Store

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.

SHOOT SOLDIER-RIVAL TO DEATH IN CHURCH

'Broke Up My Home,' Says
Killer—Both Were Attend-
ing Mass.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23 (AP).—A pistol shot punctuated the close of Father Lokis's sermon of the mass yesterday at the Greek Orthodox Church of the Annunciation.

The startled priest looked toward a painting of the Madonna at the back of the church in time to see a soldier slump to the floor. A man with a pistol jumped across the soldier's body, ran down the stairs and out of sight.

Some of the men in the congre-

Figures in Church Shooting



From left: PVT. EDWARD P. DAPHNE, MRS. MARY RAFTOPOULOS and PETER RAFTOPOULOS.

gation carried the mortally wounded man from the church. Father Lokis stepped aside as assistant priests ended the service with an unhurried ritual. The choir sang a closing hymn.

En route to a hospital in an ambulance, the soldier, PVT. Edward P. Daphne, 27 years old, died, a bullet in his brain.

The man who had run out of the church was Peter Raftopoulos, 52, said Police Inspector Harry Husted. He drove across town to the Hall of Justice and outside approached Patrolman Harry Gurtler with the announcement, Gurtler said, that, "I just killed a man—I killed him because he broke up my home."

Daphne had entered the church with three friends, kissed the painting of the Madonna and was lighting a votive candle at a candleabra when the bullet struck. Raftopoulos was sitting in a rear pew. He noticed Daphne come in, quietly walked up to him, pointed the gun and fired, Husted said.

Members of the congregation knew both men well. Raftopoulos is a tavern owner. His wife, Mary, 27, a school-days friend of Daphne, is suing for divorce.

Daphne was vice-president of a mortuary next door to the Church of the Annunciation before he was drafted five months ago. He was home yesterday after many weeks in a training camp.

At city jail Raftopoulos was booked on a murder charge and held without bail.

**ALLIED BOMBERS
RAID SALERNO IN
SOUTHERN ITALY**
Continued From Page One.

wood, derailed some, and set fire to others. Industrial buildings and towering mounds of coal also were reported hit.

The bombers' escorts, the A-38 Invaders, engaged more than 40 interceptors which were trying to

break through and reach the main raiding force. They were credited with destroying two enemy planes. A running battle between the Axis planes and the Marauders and Invaders lasted 35 minutes after the last bomb had exploded at Salerno and stretched far out to sea.

Almost as soon as darkness fell large formations of Wellingtons appeared over the same targets and found fires still burning among freight cars and coal piles. They dumped their 4000-pound bombs among the tracks, already twisted like jackstraws just north of one of the most important bridges.

In the light of flares the Wellingtons spotted about 250 freight cars and planted heavy explosives among them. The target area was then hidden for the rest of the night in billowing clouds of white smoke.

DANES CONTINUING SABOTAGE DESPITE APPEAL BY KING

Two More Factories
Blown Up Over Week
End—Nazi Patrol Boat
Split by Explosion.

By JOHN H. COLBURN
STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23 (AP).—The newspaper Svenska Dagbladet said today two factories had been blown up in Denmark over the week end despite a joint appeal from King Christian X and the Government for a cessation of attacks on German war activities.

The newspaper said an aluminum factory at Frederiksberg had

been wrecked and a Copenhagen camouflage factory blasted. A German patrol boat was reported split by an explosion at Knittelbroen near Copenhagen.

Sabotage also continued against railways transporting troops and supplies to Danish ports for movement to Norway, the Stockholm Tidningen reported.

Despite a new Quisling decree making death the penalty for sabotage in Norway, freight cars containing food were wrecked at Bergen, the Tidningen said.

A report from Norway said many persons bombed out of their homes in Germany were being moved to Norway, where the Nazis were talking over hotels and resort centers.

Tokyo-Vatican City Wireless.
NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP).—The Tokyo radio told the Japanese people today that direct wireless communications between the Japanese capital and Vatican City

would be opened Aug. 25 as a result of negotiations instituted by the Japanese "in view of the

changes in the European situation." The broadcast did not explain what was meant by "changes."

ROOM COOLERS

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1/2 and 3/4 h. p. refrigeration coils, dehumidifiers, circulators, ventilators, filters, etc. Probably the last to be released from stress order. No priority required. Buy now for next year, act quickly.

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CARBONITE

and Solarite are plentiful

These efficient smokeless twins are now available in large supply. Only shortage of manpower and equipment delays delivery, and this would be true of any type of fuel—smokeless or not. If you have never used these fuels—made of Illinois coal—remember that they are guaranteed to give heating satisfaction in your present equipment.

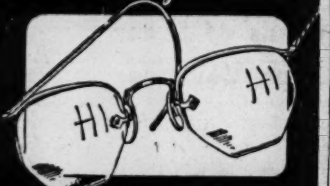
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3 TO 20 YEAR
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PROTECT YOUR EYES



WITH MACY'S
PRECISION GLASSES

**Have Your
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EXAMINED**
BETTER VISION means
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WORK and BETTER HEALTH.
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LITTLE FOLKS LIKE TO ROCK!

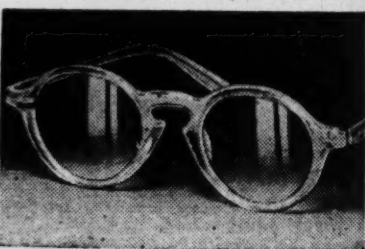
UPHOLSTERED ROCKER

FOR CHILDREN OF ALL AGES — \$9.98

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\$2.49

Lenses Not Included

Sturdily constructed for long wear, ideal for library use! Smart, flattering pink or demi-amber. A practical frame!

Optometrists in Charge, Drs. Platz, Kassen and Villiers.

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48 VALUE THRILLERS IN POPULAR AND NEEDED DRUGS AND TOILETRIES

Allow 2 Weeks for Delivery

Quantities Limited to Retail Requirements

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CALL GA. 4500

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12 Rolls \$1.50
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POND'S TISSUES*
500's, White Only
25c Value 21c
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TMC CITRONATES
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MILK OF MAGNESIA
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**59c TMC MILK OF
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HAIR BRUSH**
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TOOTH BRUSHES
Nylon Bristles
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Quart Size
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TMC MINERAL OIL*

\$1.95 Gallon \$1.39

Lubricant approved by
thousands of constant users.
For salad dressing or laxative.

CHECK THESE SPECIAL VALUE-BUYS IN NEEDED DRUGS AND TOILETRIES

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\$2.98 TMC Vitamin B Complex, 100 capsules — \$2.49
\$1.35 Agarol*, Popular Laxative — 83c
\$1 Tussy Deodorant Cream (T), Pleasant, Harmless — 50c
\$2.25 Vivian Trent Pine Bath Oil (T), Quart Size — \$1.49
\$1 Prep Shaving Cream*, Pound Size — 67c
49c Prophylactic Tooth Powder — 23c
Squibb's Aspirin, 200 Tablets — 69c
60c Alka Seltzer — 49c
Listerine Tooth Powder — 33c
90c TMC Tincture Green Soap, 16 Ounces — 79c
Empirin*, 100 Tablets — 83c
\$1.35 Jeris Hair Tonic and Hair Oil Combination (T), 76c

\$1.29 CHAMOIS
For Household Needs
97c

**\$1 MAR-O-OIL
SHAMPOO***
14-Oz. 57c

**TMC Syringe and
Hot Water Bottle**
\$1.10 Value 89c

**\$1.20 SAL
HEPATICA***
69c

EVER-POPULAR SOAP ITEMS

No Mail or Phone Orders on Soaps
Limit One Order to a Customer

Size
25c Oxydol — 2 for 43c
\$1.25 TMC Dry Skin Complexion Soap — 12 Bars for \$1
Camay Soap — 10 Bars for 59c
Savon's Soap — 10 Bars for 75c
Palmolive Soap, Bath Size — 10 Bars for 89c
Borax, 5-Pound Size — 57c
Bourjois Imported Soap, Bath Size — 3 Bars for \$1
Postage Extra Beyond Regular Truck Delivery Zones on Above Soap Items

TMC SHAMPOO
16-Ounce Size
\$1 Value 69c

\$1 LAVORIS*
Large Size
67c

ISOPROPYL
Rubbing Alcohol
Compound, Pints
2 for 37c

DELETTREZ (T)
Skin Freshener
\$2.25 Value
\$1

Items Marked (T) Plus 10%
Federal Tax. Items Marked
(*) Postage Extra Beyond
Regular Delivery Zones.

75c OVALTINE*
Plain
Lb. 57c

SARAKA*
24 Ounces
\$1.79

\$1 ANAGINS*
100 Tablets
79c

\$1 DELETTREZ (T)
Deodorant Cream
50c

\$2 DELETTREZ (T)
Camellia Face Powder and
Sample Foundation Film
\$1

**POND'S COLD AND
VANISHING CREAM (T)**
\$1.38 Size 89c

\$1 BATHASWEET (T)
Water Softener
79c

**KRANKS BRUSHLESS
SHAVE CREAM***
Pound Jar
\$1 Value 44c

BERKELEY BLADES
Double-Edged
18 for 25c

\$2 DELETTREZ (T)
Salon Cleansing Cream
\$1

CLEARANCE! MEN'S FURNISHINGS

SHIRTS, SPORT SHIRTS, PAJAMAS,
TIES, BELTS, UNDERWEAR, SWIM
TRUNKS, SWEATERS, HOSIERY, SLACK
SUITS AND OTHER TIMELY NEEDS!

Large Selection of Items From Which to
Choose, But Not Every Size and Color
Is Obtainable in Each Item Featured

MEN'S QUALITY SHIRTS

Broken Lines \$2.50-\$3 Shirts, 14-17½ — \$1.85
\$2.50 Flannel Polo Shirts, broken sizes — \$1.99
\$5.50 Nelvo Shirts, some are soiled — \$3.99
\$5 White Broadcloth Britisher Shirts — \$3.35
\$3.65 and \$4 Telegogue Shirts, 13½-18 — \$2.95
Porowave Mesh Shirts, remaining stock \$1.59
\$2.50 Ged. P. Ide Shirts, broadcloths — \$1.99
Shirts, Nonwilt Collars, neckbands — \$1.69
\$4 Cotton Gabardine Sport Shirts — \$3.35
\$3.50 Custom Patterned "400" Shirts — \$2.95
\$3 Tuxedo and Full Dress Shirts — \$2.25
\$2.50 Van Heusen Tuxedo & Dress Shirts \$1.00
\$2.50 Scotch Plaid Cotton Flannel
Sports Shirts — \$1.99

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Shirt Shop—Main Floor

PAJAMAS, TIES, BELTS

\$2.50 Slipover Pajamas, A and B only — \$1.85
\$2.50 Varsity Pajamas, B, C, D only — \$2.25
\$2.95 Kerry Knight Pajamas, lightweight, \$2.50
Sample \$4-\$5 Pajamas, B, C, D, E — \$3.35
\$6 Jayson Wash-Tested Pajamas — \$4.99
\$5 Columbia Pajamas, sizes A, B, C — \$3.99
\$2.50 Cotton Flannel Pajamas, B, C, D — \$1.99
Cotton Flannel Pajamas, sizes B, C, D, E, \$2.95
\$2 Ties, Original "Severin" Jacquards — \$1.00
\$2 Siegman's "Picasso" Ties — \$1.69
\$2.50 Ties, Original Swiss Mogadores — \$1.95
\$3.50 Ties, Woven Jacquards, pure silk — \$2.35
\$1 Hand-Tailored Pure-Wool Ties, lined — 69c
Broken Line of \$1.50 Sport Belts — 75c
\$1 Sport Belts, celebrated names — 50c
\$3 Alligator Belts, not all sizes — \$1.55
\$3.50 Toilet Cases for Servicemen — \$2.65

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Furnishings—Main Floor

UNDERWEAR, SWIM TRUNKS

Men's \$3.98 Seersucker Striped Robes — \$2.98
Men's 75c and \$1 Shorts — 69c
\$2.75 Part-Wool Knit Union Suits — \$1.00
\$4 Swim Trunks, Play Shorts, 34-40 — \$2.99
\$1.95 Wool Swim Trunks, 38, 40, 42, 44 — 99c
\$3.98 Rain Jackets, Impregnable treated — \$1.99
\$1.98 Cotton-Knit Sleeveless Sweaters — 99c
\$2.50 and \$3 Boxer-Type Play Shorts — \$1.99

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Underwear—Second Floor

MEN'S SOCKS & ANKLETS

6x3-Rib Lisle Hosiery — 5 Pcs. \$1
Men's Anklets, broken sizes — 4 Pcs. \$1
Socks and Anklets, 10 to 13 — 4 Pcs. \$1.10
Socks and Anklets, rayon and lisle — 5 Pcs. \$1
Westminster 65c-75c Socks, Anklets 2 Pcs. \$1.10

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Hosiery—Main Floor

SPORT SHIRTS, SLACK SUITS

\$1.25 Knitted Sport Shirts — 99c
\$3.50 Fall Weight Sport Shirts — \$1.99
Long and Short Sleeved Sport Shirts — \$1.49
\$4.95 to \$12.50 Slack Suits — \$3.71 to \$9.37
\$6.98 Rayon & Part-Wool Leisure Coats, \$3.99

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Sport Shirts—Main Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co. Double Eagle Stamps Tuesday

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.

Double Eagle Stamps Tuesday



THE SPORTS SHOP

CLASSICS—GOOD FOR
A FOUR-YEAR STRETCH
MIX A SKIRT 'N' JACKET
\$7.98 \$14.95

Mixables that make your intelligently limited college wardrobe seem lots bigger than it is. Wear the plaid wool, pleated skirt (blue or brown) with the natural jacket of wool-and-camel's hair. Juggle them around with last year's mix-mates and you've scads of slick changes at hand. Misses' sizes.

TOP THEM WITH TWEED
\$35

It's college tradition to go conservative on your campus coat. Be classic-wise and choose this balmacaan-styled coat of brown and white all-wool tweed. Choose it in misses' sizes.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Sports Shop—Fourth Floor



YOU WILL STAND OUT IN

MUSKRAT

STAND-BY FOR LONG SERVICE

\$228 Plus 10% Federal Tax

Muskrat—the perennial fur favorite, puts on a new cloak of glamour! You'll see it in the thrilling new style notes, the skillful, Hollander sable-and-mink blend of the fur. And you'll wear your sturdy-going Muskrat fur for years to come, proudly, assuredly, for this is part of the thrill that goes with selecting a fur coat, bearing our dependable label.

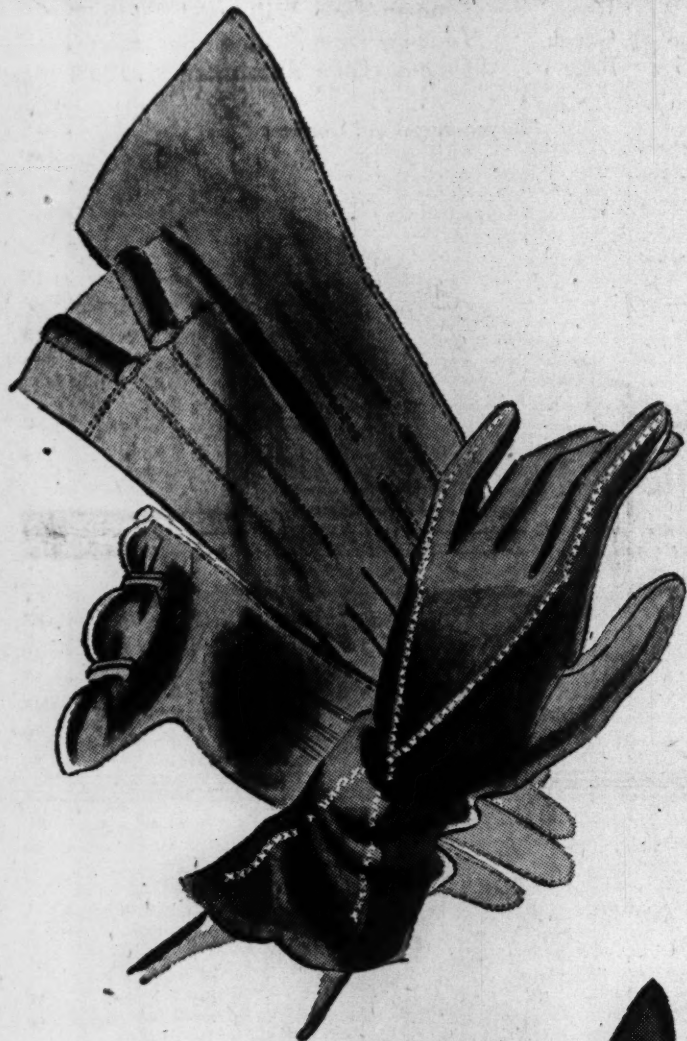
Other fur coats in the group include
Hollander black-dyed Persian Lamb,
Natural-tipped Skunk, Sable-dyed Squirrel

DEPOSIT holds your coat while payments are made. Credit extended as in the past. Free storage until delivery.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Furs—Fourth Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co. STORE HOURS 9 TO 5 DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY



BEGINS TUESDAY AT 9 A. M.
SPECIAL SELLING
LEATHER GLOVES

\$1.79 Pair

Regularly \$2.45 to \$3.45

CLASSIC AND DRESSY STYLES IN
REAL KID, CAPESKIN,
DOESKIN-FINISHED LAMBSKIN

You'll want to be here, early to see this group—they're beautiful! Handsomely styled with stitching, interesting cuffs, leather and soft doeskin-finished lambskin combinations. Black, brown, navy and accessory colors; sizes 5½ to 7½.

Not All Sizes in All Styles and Colors

Famous-Barr Co.'s Women's Gloves—Main Floor

GO SOFTLY INTO FALL WITH
L'AIGLON DRESSES
IN FROSTY PASTELS

\$10.98

Perfect pastels to wear on those first exhilarating fall days! To be worn without a wrap... or under a casual Chesterfield! L'Aiglon's Barclay Flannel (spun rayon and spun acetate) in your favorite shades.

1. Youthful bow neckline dress, yoke fullness in raspberry, green and blue. Sizes 12 to 18 ——— \$10.98

2. Classic coat style, Chesterfield closing, gored skirt. Gray, blue, rose, green, beige. Sizes 16 to 44 ——— \$10.98

Famous-Barr Co.'s Housedresses—Fifth Floor



SOFTLY SLENDERIZING
FURRED COAT
FOR SMART WOMEN

\$149.95

Plus 10% Federal Tax

Truly, a handsome coat tailored by "Sterling" for the discriminating woman who expects her winter coat to reflect good taste. It is gently styled of virgin wool, lightly tapered at the waistline to give a slim line to the figure. Thus, making a rich background for the lavish collar of flattering lynx-dyed fox. Highlighting Horizon blue or brown coat. Women's.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Coat Shop—Fourth Floor



LACE-TRIMMED AND
TAILORED STYLES IN
MAY LOUISE SLIPS

\$2.50

You can choose your entire slip wardrobe for fall from these lovely May Louise Slips (exclusive with us in St. Louis!) Lavish lace-trimmed styles for dressy wear, or tailored models for under your warm tweeds. Rayon satin or rayon crepe, four-gore or bias styles. Tearose, white.

Sizes 32-44, Medium Length
Sizes 31½-37½, Short Length

Famous-Barr Co.'s Slip Section—Fifth Floor

BUY YOUR U. S. WAR
BONDS TODAY



THREE STYLES... BRIEFS, STEP-
INS, OR BANDED LEGS IN
STRIPED KNIT PANTIES

59¢ Each

Smooth-fitting panties that fastidious women prefer—never showing a line under slim fall silhouettes! Striped rayon knit, with Lastex at back, and plain fitted taped front. Choose from these three styles in tearose or white. Sizes 5 to 8.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Knitwear—Fifth Floor



SET YOUR TABLE PRETTILY WITH POTTERY

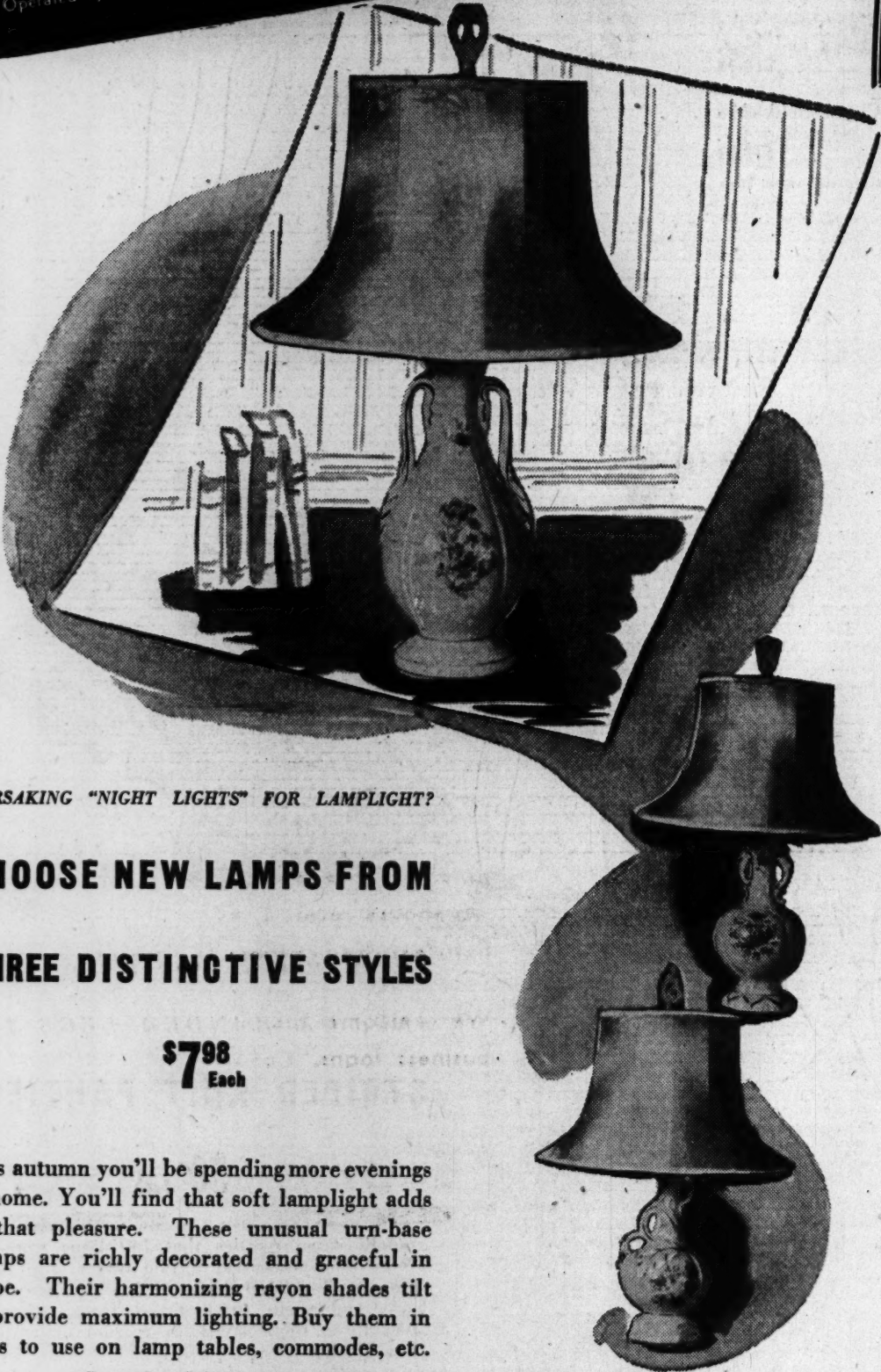
\$4.95 BREAKFAST SET
SERVES 6 ————— \$3.88

Specialists who test colors and their effect on your living, say green is one of the colors that makes food look its most tempting and appetizing. This gay set is made up of green pottery: 6 plates; bread and butters; fruits, cups and saucers; also a platter, a vegetable bowl, a sugar, and, for contrast, a maroon-colored creamer.

Famous-Barr Co.'s China—Seventh Floor

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

FAMOUS-BARR CO.
Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.
We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps
STORE HOURS 9 TO 5



FORSAKING "NIGHT LIGHTS" FOR LAMPLIGHT?

CHOOSE NEW LAMPS FROM
THREE DISTINCTIVE STYLES

\$7.98
Each

This autumn you'll be spending more evenings at home. You'll find that soft lamplight adds to that pleasure. These unusual urn-base lamps are richly decorated and graceful in shape. Their harmonizing rayon shades tilt to provide maximum lighting. Buy them in pairs to use on lamp tables, commodes, etc.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Lamps—Seventh Floor

CHOOSE YOUR NEW FLOOR COVERING FROM THIS ONE-OF-A-KIND GROUP

You'll find distinctive patterns...large selections...price interest...in this Broadloom Group of Large Room-Size Rugs. Wide range of colors, too

SIZE	COLOR	TYPE	PRICE	SIZE	COLOR	TYPE	PRICE
9x14.4	Brown	18th Century Axminster	\$ 89.00	9x15	Blue	Tone-on-Tone Axm.	\$ 59.00
9x21	Claret	Embossed Broadloom	139.00	9x15	Taupe	Textured Axminster	59.00
9x18	Green	Twist Broadloom	89.00	9x15	Dark Blue	Twist Broadloom	85.00
9x15	Beige	Embossed Effect Axminster	95.00	9x15	Blue	Colonial Pattern Axm.	85.00
9x13.6	Brown	Hooked Pattern Axm.*	63.00	15x10.10	Green	Plain Broadloom	77.00
9x21	Green	Tone-on-Tone Wilton*	115.00	12x15	Turquoise	Tone-on-Tone Axm.	64.00
9x15	Green	Tone-on-Tone Wilton*	79.00	12x16.6	Blue	Tone-on-Tone Axm.	69.00
9x13.6	Green	Tone-on-Tone Wilton*	69.00	12x15	Light Blue	Twist Broadloom	99.00
9x13.6	Green	Hooked Pattern Axm.*	63.00	12x13.6	Rose	Twist Broadloom	85.00
9x18	Green	Tone-on-Tone Wilton*	98.00	12x15	Rose	Twist Broadloom	99.00
9x15		Hooked Pattern Axm.*	69.00	12x15	Burgundy	Twist Broadloom	99.00
9x15	Burgundy	Floral Axminster*	69.00	12x16.6	Rose	Floral Axminster	85.00
9x13.6	Rose	Tone-on-Tone Axminster	79.00	11.3x15		Hooked Pattern Axm.	82.00
9x15	Rose	Tone-on-Tone Axm.	72.00	12x18	Beige	Plain Broadloom	99.00
9x15		Hooked Pattern Axm.	53.00	12x16.6	Beige	Plain Broadloom	89.00
9x13.6	Green	Textured Axminster	53.00	12x21	Dark Blue	Plain Broadloom	105.00
9x13.6	Beige	Plain Broadloom	57.00	12x18	Blue	Modern Axminster	72.00
9x15	Dubonnet	Plain Broadloom	55.00	12x13.4	Rose	Twist Broadloom	89.00
9x14.6	Burgundy	Plain Broadloom	69.00	12x15	Rose	Plain Broadloom	88.00
15x9	Rose Beige	Carved-Effect Broadloom	82.00	12x12.8	Plum	Twist Broadloom	79.00
15x7.10	Rose Tan	Plain Broadloom	42.00	15x11	Cedar	Twist Broadloom	98.00
15x7	Coral	Twist Broadloom	55.00	12x13.6	Beige	Plain Broadloom	75.00
9x16.6	Beige	Plain Broadloom	77.00	17x13.9	Burgundy	Plain Broadloom	85.00
9x15	Beige	Heavy Axminster	85.00	15x9.9	Rose	Tone-on-Tone Wilton	112.00
9x18	Taupe	Tone-on-Tone Axminster	99.00	15x9.3	Green	Tone-on-Tone Wilton	105.00
9x15	Gold	Twist Broadloom	77.00	12x15	Rose	Tone-on-Tone Axminster	119.00

All Items Subject to Prior Sale

*Rayon-and-Wool Content

ORIENTAL PATTERNED, 9x12 RUGS

The rich Chinese tones of their colorings and the lavish note in their design added to the heavy, soft, thick pile of these rugs makes for distinction and true floor-beauty — **\$98.50**

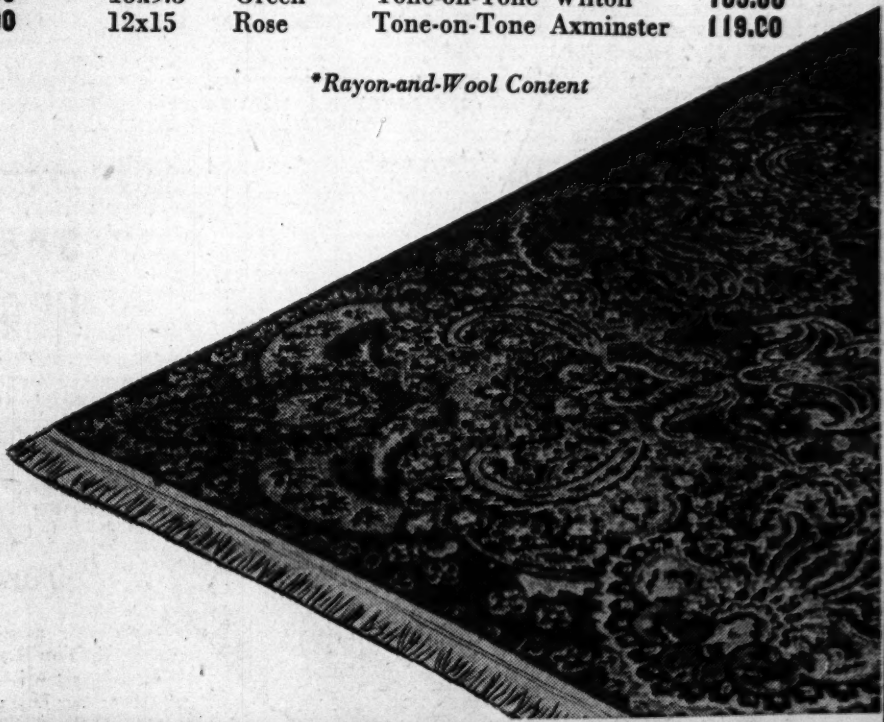
TONE-ON-TONE BROADLOOM

Use this all-wool pile carpeting in wall-to-wall treatments and watch the room expand. If you prefer, rug sizes can be cut to your measure. Choose from 7 colors. Sq. yd. — **\$6.98**

DEFERRED PAYMENTS

may be arranged in our Credit Department

Famous-Barr Co.'s Floor Coverings—Ninth Floor



PRACTICAL BECAUSE THEY TUB SO EASILY!
ECONOMICAL BECAUSE THEY WEAR YEARS!
BEAUTIFUL BECAUSE THEY ARE SIMPLE!

COTTON CHENILLE BEDSPREADS

\$7.98

Full Bed Size

Extra soft, extra rich-looking, thickly tufted, fluffy, Chenille Waffle Check in crisscross pattern. Lush colors for any bedroom: blue, peach, green, gold and woodrose. Use one for your own bed, send one away to college or to a service-wife.

Full or Twin Bed Size — **\$5.98**

These are white and color tufted on white grounds. Like all good, sound, sturdy cotton chenilles, they launder beautifully. Practical for everyday use.

Twin Bed Size, Each — **\$6.98**

Choose from several styles, all richly tufted, some in solid colors, others in floral design of many colors on white grounds. Use them often!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Bedspreads—Third Floor



\$7.98

PART TWO

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1943

PAGES 1—10B

**ARCHIBALD MacLEISH SAYS
FASCISTS MUST BE SHOWN
PEOPLE ARE BEATING THEM**

Only Way to Kill Philosophy Is to Prove It False and to Make It Clear That the People Always Are More Powerful Than Tyrants, He Tells Graduates at Indiana U.

By CHARLES G. ROSS

Contributing Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.

AS the theme of a commencement address at the University of Indiana yesterday, Archibald MacLeish, poet, Librarian of Congress, onetime propagandist for the Government as the head of the agency (Office of Facts and Figures) that preceded OWI, posed a question that is taking on greater importance with each new success of the United Nations:

When are we to regard the victory as won? It is "the desperate necessity of these summer months," MacLeish said, that the question be answered, and answered in a way that will demonstrate by words and by deeds "that our armies are in fact the people's armies; that this war is a people's war in vindication of the people's revolutions." The needful words, he added, have been too long delayed.

Debates Are Relevant.

The debates over the so-called "political" aspects of the North African campaign, and now over similar aspects of the Sicilian campaign, are not, he said, "irrelevant difficulties raised by frivolous and irresponsible people who can't keep their minds on the fighting," but they are "very real and very honest difficulties raised by conscientious and intensely serious people who insist on remembering what the fighting is about — what the fighting is for."

The question as these people see it—MacLeish among them—is a practical question, one to be answered now and not after the war. He reduced it to these terms:

"Will we consider the war won when our enemies are convinced they cannot win it and are ready to say so? Or will we not consider the war won until the armies of our enemies have been defeated in the field? Or must we wait beyond that until our enemies have been altogether disarmed and their war industries obliterated?"

"Or is the definition of our victory more rigorous even than that? Does the definition of our victory involve the destruction by force of the civil governments which created and employed this military power, and the destruction by force of the political organizations which produced these guilty governments? And, if so, how far must that destruction go: to what limit?"

It is because we in America and our allies in Great Britain and elsewhere "have not learned to recognize the face of the victory we mean to win," that we are moving on toward victory with a "curious anxiety."

Need to Know Goal.

"We are like a man running a race with all his determination, all his reserves of energy and strength, who does not know whether the race will be won when he passes his adversary, or when his adversary drops out, or when he himself reaches a given mark—and, if so, where that mark is fixed. He only knows that he has no choice but to run the race and that he dare not lose it."

One reason why we have not fixed our goal, MacLeish thinks, is that the war was presented to us in the beginning as a defensive war.

"It would have been difficult to readjust our thinking to its offensive character even if we had been told that its moral as well as its military character had changed—and we were never clearly told that its moral character had changed."

Again, there has been "a powerful propaganda in the United States intended to make us believe that we are fighting not to create a future but to defend a past. . . . Those who tried to make us believe before we entered the war that the war was one of our business, are trying to make us believe still that the war is none of our business—that it is none of our business what human hope gets out of the war as long as we ourselves get out of it safe with a whole skin and panicles for breakfast."

Yet again, in MacLeish's view, we have been officially discouraged in attempts to define our objectives by those who have preached that "there will be time enough to talk about principles when the end of the war is in sight."

Moral Objectives Also.

All these reasons have played their part, but the controlling reason for our indecision is that "we are aware, consciously or subconsciously, of the fact that to win this war—to win this war in such a way that the war will truly be won, will truly be ended—we must attain not military objectives alone but moral objectives as well, and we have found it difficult to translate these moral objectives into military terms so that a definition of military victory can comprise them."

Mary Churchill and Admirers

SUBALTERN MARY CHURCHILL, attending a church parade at Quebec yesterday, paused to greet two young admirers, LOUISE HAMER, 4 years old, and MARIE HAMER, 6. Miss Churchill accompanied her father, Prime Minister Churchill, to Quebec.

**U. S. Troops Dead Tired at Start
Of Bitter Battle for Mt. Brolo**

Second Behind-the-Lines Attack by Same Men in Three Days Opened Way for 15-Mile Advance on Messina.

Here is another dramatic story of the invasion of Sicily: The battle of Mount Brolo. The American troops were tired, but they landed behind enemy lines, disorganized coastal defenses and, with their communications knocked out, their beach defenses overrun and their ammunition almost exhausted, they held out until relief reached them. As a result, the way was opened for a 15-mile advance in the drive toward Messina.

By DON WHITEHEAD

First of a Series.

BROLO, SICILY, Aug. 12 (Delayed) (AP).

ABOVE this shabby little village on the road to Messina, fire-blackened Mount Brolo towers as a shell-scarred and blood-stained monument to one of the epic adventures of the American doughboys in this war.

The battle is over now. The dead have been buried and the wounded are in hospitals. The tired troops who did not know for many anxious hours whether they would ever come down those steep slopes alive are resting in a bivouac in the cool shade of a lemon grove beside the blue Mediterranean.

Driven from the beach by tank and infantry attacks, shelled, machine-gunned, dive-bombed and tortured under the burning sun, this embattled force clung to the peak of Mount Brolo in a last stand fight.

As a result, the fall of Messina is miles nearer. (Messina was taken by the Americans Aug. 17). Their comrades are pushing forward along the coastal road of Northern Sicily—because these troops slipped in from the sea behind the enemy's lines, disrupted his strong defensive positions and forced him to retreat before other columns moving eastward on land.

I joined the outfit two days ago with Jack Belden of Time and Life magazines, Tom Treanor of the Los Angeles Times and Homer Egan of the New York Herald Tribune, as it was being loaded aboard invasion craft for its second, behind-the-lines attack in three days.

Operation Explained.

Lanky, sardonic Lt. Col. Lyle W. Bernard of Highland Falls, N. Y., was leading the operation. "Brolo is our objective. The town is about 12 kilometers behind the enemy's lines. It's our job to cross the beach and cut the coast road, then dig in on Mount Brolo and beat hell out of anything that comes our way," he explained.

Before many hours I was to know well the stout character of this blue-eyed, square-jawed man who snapped at his own men one moment and spoke with soft gentleness a few minutes later. He held his weary men together when it seemed they surely must snap under the terrific pressure.

The Colonel outlined plans: "We'll have tanks, howitzers and mortars for fire-power and if we're fired on, the naval escorts on our flanks will open up."

The convoy of tank-carrying ships and infantry-carrying landing craft steamed from shore at 2 p. m. Tuesday. We joined Bernard and some of his officers in the wardroom for coffee. Someone announced that all the "ducks" (amphibious vehicles) aboard were loaded with ammunition, none with food or water.

"It's all screwed up, isn't it?" said Second Lt. Herbert B. Stranahan, Brookline, Mass., shaking his head.

"Yeah, but when you start out

**RUSSIA AND
OURSELVES**

By PAUL SCHUBERT

Former Lieutenant, U. S. N., and

Annapolis Graduate, Class of 1920.

THE war, as reported to us

from Russia, is a war of ex-

travagant statistics, strange

geographical names, enormous

spaces, and occasional books writ-

ten in glowing extremes.

Seen from this distance, it is an

unreal war. We don't feel the in-

dividual soldier, going forward to

battle. We don't see the individual

tank. We have no picture of the

aviator as a human being. When

we are told that 250 German planes

have been shot down, there is no

mention of Russian losses as the

price of this victory, and so we

get a sense of bombast mixed with

inaccuracy, for hard-headed com-

mon sense tells us that if the

Russians were winning quite so

one-sidedly, they would have

passed Berlin weeks ago, heading

west.

As a contrast, consider the way in which news of the recent American bombing of the Ploesti oil fields, in Rumania, was brought to us.

The accounts of that attack were graphic. They claimed large results, but admitted the difficulties of the job—and were frank in telling of considerable losses to the attackers. The accounts were backed up by first-hand stories by the participants, and ultimately by very remarkable photographs which appeared in our press—pictures which showed, as nothing else could, what the low-level bombing mission was actually like. If the Russians had publicized their war in terms that the American public could understand and appreciate, they might by now have won much more personal American backing than they have actually achieved.

War of Great Powers.

RUSSIA'S war is an intensely human war. To begin with, it is another in the long series of conflicts between Slav and Teutonic masses. Beyond that, it is to some extent a war between political ideologies. And lastly, it is a war between the world's two greatest military organizations—the two great continental land powers.

The Russian soldier is a living, breathing human being—a man with home, relatives, friends. A thinking man, intelligent and perceptive. An emotional man, of strong temperament and passionate feelings.

For the first time in Russia's long history of wars, Russia's people are directing this war which they are fighting.

The Russian masses have been put into uniform and taken into the field innumerable times before—but always as cattle, always controlled, herded, bossed by superiors who held themselves apart from the masses. The willingness of the people to go to war was a secondary matter.

Armies of that nature had only one strength—numbers.

Armies of that nature fought well defensively, out of the sheer animal instinct to defend soil. But Russian armies were notoriously poor on the offensive. What average man would go voluntarily forward into offensive battle, when his very presence in the army went against his grain?

The last time Russian armies were taken into the field in this way, the Russian people reached the end of their tether—and there was a great historic upheaval in Russia. How great it was, we still fail to appreciate. It was a bloody, violent revolution, marked by savagery and butchery. It shocked us, violated our code of ethics—it seemed to threaten our institutions. It was too primitive to be pretty. It seemed "uncivilized"—a step backward. . . .

We branded Russia with the brand of the revolution—and Russia herself clung to that identification, glorifying the revolution.

A Different Russia.

THE Russia fighting the present war is not the Russia of the revolution. Russia is now fighting for objectives quite different from the objectives of 1918-1920. Those earlier objectives were realized—their realization became Russia's strength.

This war, in Russia, is a people's war. Perhaps the leaders are absolutists who have assumed command—but they rose from the masses to do so. And for all Stalin's importance, it is not his war to win, nor could he win it alone. The Russian war is being won by hundreds, thousands, tens of thousands of leaders, now active and successful, who would in the past

**SOVIETS SET UP BROAD PLAN
OF RECONSTRUCTION IN AREAS
ALREADY FREED FROM NAZIS**

10-Point Program Includes Housing, New Military and Labor School System and Financial Aid for Population—Decree Takes Three of Four Pages in Newspapers.

MOSCOW, Aug. 23 (AP).

A BLUEPRINT for the new Russia that is expected to rise from the ashes of German occupation and the Russians' own scorched earth policy was published yesterday in the Soviet press.

The plans, embracing a 10-point program, were disclosed in a decree issued by the Council of People's Commissars and the Central Committee of the Communist party applying to the sections of the country which have been freed from Nazi domination. Its sweeping provisions provide for reconstruction of ruined buildings, financial relief for the hard-hit population, rehabilitation of agriculture and the return of evacuated livestock as well as a broad program of education for children.

The plan is the forerunner of measures to come during the war as other provinces are reoccupied and after the war when the full task of permanent reconstruction will be undertaken.

The decree occupied three full pages of the four-page newspapers, reflecting the importance attached to the measures. The press published no front-line dispatches on the progress of the battles for Kharkov and Bryansk. The papers appeared with virtually uniform makeup and space monopolized by the economic recovery program, crowding editorials out completely and leaving room only for the texts of the preceding night's communications and brief foreign news items.

New Military Schools.

The most striking provision was one for education, including establishment of nine Soviet military schools of 500 students each, officially described as "of the type of old cadet schools." This referred to aristocratic closed schools under the Czar. The new institutions also were described as "closed boarding schools."

Boys starting at the age of 10 will wear uniforms and attend the schools seven years. The institutions will open between Oct. 1 and Dec. 1. How students would be chosen was not announced. The general organization of the schools was left to the Commissariat of Defense.

The decree said the "Soviet military schools will have the purpose of training boys in military service, giving them officers' titles and providing them with general secondary education."

The decree created 23 special labor schools of 400 pupils each, 12 for boys and 11 for girls, with four-year technical courses, and also other boarding houses for a total of 16,300 students, nurseries for 1750 children and 29 reception centers for a total of 2000 chil-

have been condemned to subordinate roles because of lowly birth and lack of opportunity.

America might well remember its own past. For many decades we, too, bore the brand of "revolutionary." The world looked at the United States with scorn as a land of smelly proletarians who had overthrown excellent existing institutions—a challenge to decent living. Unthinkable to imagine the America, the Britain, the Russia of 1843, as allies.

We shall be living in a world that includes the Russians long after this war is over and forgotten.

The time has come to put an end to prejudice, to judge Russia on performance, and to face the future with open minds.

**Bradley Spends
Day Off Firing
At Rocks in Air**

Missourian Walks in Hills Awaiting Result of Drive He Planned.

By ERNIE PYLE

A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

SOMEWHERE IN SICILY.

(By Wireline).

ABOUT the only superstition Omar N. Bradley has ever known was when he was promoted to Lieutenant general in June, just after the fall of Tunisia.

He knew his promotion had gone to Congress. He saw it published in the papers, and even received letters of congratulation from Washington—yet he wouldn't pin on his third star until the official orders were actually in his hands, some weeks later.

Gen. Bradley seldom gets nervous—and he is never excited. Once, here in Sicily, a sniper took a pot shot at him as he was riding in a command car, whereupon the General and two enlisted men, armed only with carbines, got out of the car and started looking for the sniper. The sniper fled, and they couldn't find him.

On the day we launched our final victorious attack west of Mateur last spring, the General suddenly had nothing to do. He had planned and worked strenuously for weeks to prepare for it; but once it was under way he could only wait in person inaction.

That day did make him a little nervous, so he called two young captains who were his aides and they started out for a long walk. Back in the hills, far away from everything, they stopped and the captains threw rocks into the air while the General cracked them with his rifle. That was what he did while the battle was on.

Gen. Bradley is good with a rifle. He has a sergeant driver who has been with him for years, and one reason he likes him so much is that the sergeant is a crack shot, too.

Baseball His Love.

In his younger days Gen. Bradley was very athletic. He was a second-string football man at West Point, and a regular on the baseball team. Baseball is his greatest love. He played left field for three years at the Point, and back in the States he never misses a chance to see a big-league game. He still holds the record for the longest baseball throw ever made at West Point. He has forgotten now how far it was, but he says it "gets longer" by legend every year.

He is a good golfer, and in peacetime usually played twice a week. But when war was declared he gave up golf for the duration.

He and Mrs. Bradley both play

Continued on Page 5, Column 2.

**LONG TERM LOANS
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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

December 12, 1878

Published by

The Pulitzer Publishing Co.

Telephone Address

MAin 1111 — 1111 Olive St. (1)

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with mere printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Fascist Hoodlumism at Home.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

NEARLY two years ago, the native Fascist hoodlums of St. Louis pulled off a very well organized and directed lynching. This happening was immediately picked up by the Japanese and used against us among the colored peoples of southeast Asia. It has already cost the lives of American soldiers. We can expect more of our boys to die because of St. Louis's contribution to the war effort.

This is no time for the rest of us to look down on St. Louis with smug satisfaction. St. Louis, the center of enlightenment in Missouri, has now made a notorious contribution to the war effort; namely, the unexplained Melendez murder.

It would seem that both events are symptomatic of a very undemocratic condition. Don't the same ethnic and racial prejudices underlie these exhibitions of barbarism? Ethnic and racial fallacies which have been carried to their logical conclusion by the mentor of our native Fascists, Adolf Hitler.

We can well ask ourselves: What will eradicate this imp of Fascism which is within us? Education has been suggested. No doubt education has made and is making progress. Ideas are changing toward a better realization of what democracy really means. The enemies of democracy are learning this lesson also and are becoming more viciously active. Education is very slow.

Are there not other steps that should be taken? Should not the native Fascists be cleaned out of the St. Louis Police Department and commission?

What about those city officials of St. Louis whose passive attitude amounted to active participation? What about the Scott County Sheriff who for all practical purposes never arrived from Benton? Doesn't the attitude of certain officials make them as guilty as the actual physical participants in the crimes?

If strong measures are not taken now, we can expect much worse to come. The St. Louis case seems to have been effectively buried. The Melendez case is not dead, even though it does smell. If we keep on kicking, some rats should start running soon.

MARSHALL MOORE.

Brookfield, Mo.

Note on Home Front Co-operation.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

BEFORE going in for international co-operation, why not work with those unfortunate people here at home who are not able to earn their own living? After we do this, we can co-operate with the backward parts of the world. Our first duty is at home. International co-operation is necessary, but we must not neglect the home front.

ANOTHER AMERICAN.

Against a Negotiated Peace.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

WITHIN the memory of living men the Prusso-German military caste has provoked five wars for conquest and in three succeeded. This fifth attempt has aroused a majority of the liberty-loving peoples of the world to determined efforts for the extinction of the evil system represented by the German general staff and whatever political organization happens, like the Nazi party today, to implement its plans for aggression and conquest.

The yellow peril was made in Germany and Shantung was seized. The Slav peril was made in Germany. Serbia was overwhelmed and Russia invaded. The Bolshevik peril was made in Germany and Europe was overrun, its peoples barbarously murdered and cruelly enslaved, their national and private wealth stolen.

The end of the career of high crimes into which the bigoted demagogues of the super-race myth have plunged the German people is certain, but it is just beginning to be checked. Before it is ended much damage and suffering are in store for millions of human beings. Nothing ought to be permitted to stand in the way of this accomplishment that is so indispensable to the peace and well-being of humanity.

Peace the world may seek with passionate longing, but not a peace which contains the seeds of future suffering. For this reason it is morally wicked and atrociously unjust to all who are dying and sacrificing defending human freedom that anybody should do or say anything that may, even in small degree, contribute toward preventing the total defeat, military and political, of the Prusso-German system of militaristic and economic imperialism.

It is unthinkable that civilized, decent men and women could lack the vigor to oppose and stop such defeatist maneuvers wherever and whenever they may be tried in an unpatriotic effort to rescue the enemies of humanity from their deserved fate before the grievously outraged tribunal of world public opinion.

A. GARCIA DIAZ.

New York.

Italy's Claims on Libya.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

BRITISH officials in the House of Commons say that "not all of Libya would be restored to Italy after the war." Why would any of it be restored to her? Didn't Italy steal it in the first place?

C. O. W.

The Symbolism of Litvinoff

Unless we have an Anglo-American-Soviet understanding at once we may find ourselves on the thin brink of disaster. Disaster would be a peace negotiated between Germany and Russia, as London observers fear, releasing the still potent Nazi armies for action against the Allies in the west on the yet soundless fronts we've planned to open. Disaster would be a Russian deal with Japan to protect her back door while she hoists the brutal invader out the front. Such an agreement might prolong our war with Nippon by years.

This is no time for pettiness, pique or prejudice. It is no time to be "sickled o'er with the pale cast of thought." It is an hour for decision.

Some will point to the Russo-British pact that outlaws any separate peace with Germany. Others will argue that self-interest holds us three together against the common enemy. But in other critical times Russia has lost her patience with the slow-grinding mills of the democracies and withdrawn, as she now seems to, into isolation from all that is not as personal to her as the leadership of Stalin or the echoes of celebration in Red Square. We cannot afford to gamble on the worst. We can no longer fail to satisfy the comrade-at-arms who holds at bay some 210 deadly divisions of Nazis on the longest battlefield the world has ever known. We can no longer lean on Fabian diplomacy that seems to be improvised from day to day as the needs arise.

This is the larger vision: What will be the price, in American blood, if Russia but clears her land and then lays down arms? Ambassador Litvinoff, unique symbol of the Kremlin's attitude toward co-operation with the Allies, has been replaced by a tyro diplomat. Ambassador Maisky, similar symbol in London of a "collective security" policy, was recalled from his post a month ago. These are moves of key men on the same international chessboard where we have been precariously close to checkmate in the past. Prudence, expediency and common sense demand now a far bolder kind of game.

In Washington, in London, in Quebec the students and stars of statecraft whisper among themselves. A change of posts for Litvinoff has meant, in the past, a change of course for Soviet Russia. In 1939 it rang up the curtain on a non-aggression pact with her fatal neighbor to the west. She turned then, quickly, from the tragic failure of "collective security" with France and Britain to the establishment of a cordon sanitaire, with part of Finland and Poland, the pawn-like Baltics and a small grab of Balkan territory as buffers. She stalled alone against the inevitable day when Hitler's tremendous Panzers would try her strength. At that time, the "tide in the affairs of men" swept Molotov into the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs and Litvinoff, binder of democratic ties, into a mute, inglorious retirement.

At best, these current moves may be interpreted as a protest against our caution, our seeming willingness to fight the war with democratic arms and Russian blood. Angry and urgent, in the past few weeks, have been calls in Pravda, Red Star and through Tass for the second front hoped for a year ago. At worst, they mean that Russia has turned again from us in scorn, in disappointment and in fear, and that her hopes of trust in us are dead.

In recent days the New York Times, one voice with less conservative publications, has called for the extension of a clean hand to Russia, warning of trouble if it was not done. The call is louder still in England, no stranger to bombs and tears, still in the sound of groaning guns at Calais. From the Archbishop of Canterbury to soap-box strategists in Hyde Park, British sympathy is with the trials of Russia and with her need for active Allied aid.

That need, that plea for action that will draw 50 to 60 Hitlerite divisions from scorched Soviet soil, has not been felt with poignance throughout our

A WAY TO TRY MUSSOLINI.

There has been a good deal of talk of eventual criminal trials for the international gangsters who plunged the world into blood and tears. But it might be difficult to try Mussolini, for example, however black his soul and red his hands, for rape of a nation, Ethiopia, or for kidnapping a whole people, the Italians.

Now, Edward Kennedy, Associated Press correspondent in Italy in the days when the chesty little ex-dictator was just getting a good hold on Italian throats, comes forward with the suggestion that the fantastic affair of the assassination of the anti-Fascist Giacomo Matteotti in those days, in 1924, may be made the basis of a specific murder trial, with Mussolini backed into the defendant's chair.

With reports of the arrest of Matteotti's killer, St. Louis-born Amerigo Dumini, not for the assassination, but when fleeing to Switzerland from a black-shirt roundup, Kennedy takes occasion to review circumstances of the 1924 political murder, as dirty an affair as the dungeon and alley killings in Russia in the late days of the Czar and of Mad-Dog Rasputin.

Gangster Dumini, a boasting cutthroat, was Mussolini's henchman. The leftist Matteotti was Mussolini's chief opponent. Dumini was convicted of the killing but he did not languish long in prison—Benito saw to that. Then thieves tell out: Dumini accused his employer of "ingratitude" and Mussolini clapped him in jail.

When he got out, he took steps to assure his safety. He smuggled out of Italy documents purporting to link Mussolini with Matteotti's assassination and put them in the hands of a lawyer in San Antonio, Tex. The lawyer, Martin Arnold, reputable member of the San Antonio bar, has these papers today, but says he will not make them public without an order from Dumini or an accredited agent.

They may yet, as the Associated Press correspondent suggests, be important evidence against Mussolini.

CANNING TILL CAN'T.

There ought to be some sort of medal for a woman like Mrs. Louis Mathels, of Lemay Township. With a husband and 11 children at home, Mrs. Mathels has found the time and energy to preserve 900 quarts of food, and she is still at it, with firm hopes of bettering last year's record of 1600 quarts of 46 varieties of vegetables, fruits and meats. Everything she preserves is raised on their 40-acre farm, and they also have a flock of 350 chickens, three cows, and hogs.

Evidently Mr. and Mrs. Mathels have taught their children to pitch in and be, as the saying has it, useful as well as ornamental. Otherwise there would be too much work to manage—and it's amazing how so much work is managed in any event.

If there were more families like the Mathelses,

country. We have been lulled, lately, by headlined victories—the almost Napoleonic victory at Stalingrad, then Kursk, Belgorod, Orel and Kharkov and now Bryansk sternly threatened. "Russia," many among us are observing, "has finally got the Nazis on the run." Russia, we do not count the cost.

Geography may be blamed, in part, for our failure, to comprehend the greatness of her task. The front on which she fights is so vast in terms of military operation that it strains the sense of probability of those who thought the Hindenburg line looked terrifying. Further, the land itself has always seemed more foreign to us than any mythology. Familiar are names like Paris and Bordeaux, Berlin and Rome, and the American mind has always been magicked by the silk and spiceland sounds of Peking and Calcutta, Malay and Singapore. But it is not easy for us to imagine a steel mill in a place called Donetsk Basin, or a field of wheat going golden in the Ukraine; nor do we readily picture an artilleryman named Voronov or a Gen. Rokossovsky.

Finally, so long as Russia held aloof from the collective security Litvinoff advocated—a lone bear prowling in her private forest—she was more secret than ever to us, and the more misunderstood. Here there is an aversion, generically American, to whatever is unfrank. The history and literature of that sprawling, nervous nation might well have been written in invisible ink for all the clues it gives us to her present. Beyond our ken are 400 years of agrarian feudalism, mainsprung by revolution into power. It is difficult for us to appreciate, so snow-balled our own advancement, that stern methods have been necessary to change a czar-struck, illiterate, groggy country into an industrial one able to face the terrible trials of twentieth century warfare.

These are the reasons we have been almost stranger to honest, hand-clasping recognition of an ally. She has, in turn, mistrusted us because we did nothing to prevent the rise of Fascism in Europe, because we granted her no recognition until 1933, because our wartime diplomacy has been anti-liberal, because the second front is still on paper. By simple transference of the roles each plays, the United States cannot with justice blame her.

Litvinoff, once more, is the symbol of discontent with the dailies ways, from appeasement through quasi-total war, of the democratic nations who have most to lose. It was Litvinoff, chunky, earnest, ever hopeful, who was spurned at the 1924 disarmament conference; who moved like a stubborn warning of the future across the European scene through springtime Anschluss, through the shameful Munich game with loyal little Czechoslovakia for a stake, trying vainly to waken Hoare and Laval, Chamberlain and even this nation, to the terrible shadow in which they walked. There seemed only Eden, powerless, to listen. It was Litvinoff, back again as Ambassador to the United States, arriving opportunely the day before Pearl Harbor, who stockily swallowed the old rebuffs and became again a tireless worker for an understanding between three countries fighting the same evil.

We cannot wait for history to tell our children whether or not he tried again—and failed. We cannot even wait to ask the time of day before meeting Russia on a common ground that has scarcely been paved by the quality of our—or Britain's—Ambassador to the Soviet, or the ministrations of certain ex officio men. If it is total war, then total alliance, total co-operation, total planning follow. The Russian front is black with blood no less precious to her than our own blood, spilled in the Solomons or New Guinea, Sicily or North Africa, is to us.

Do we parley? Do we put large words together, giving them no muscle? Do we win with talk or do we win with doing?

food rationing wouldn't be the problem it is. The useful service of this family in contributing to their nation's food supply deserves admiration. May it receive, also, imitation and lots of it.

DIRTY WORK WITH FRANCO.

Last week's unpalatable rumor that the United States and England were "seriously considering" giving arms to Fascist Spain has come a step nearer to ugly reality today. From London, reports are heard that the grant of arms has been recommended to their Governments by the British Ambassador to Spain, Sir Samuel Hoare, and the United States Ambassador, Carlton J. H. Hayes.

Simultaneously, signs are increasing that the Spanish people's toleration of the military dictator Franco, even though it is a toleration encouraged by the bayonet, wears thin to the danger point. An October revolution is talked of. If the bell tolls the death of the Falangist regime, this time it will not toll for us, but for our enemies.

Do the American and British Governments propose to repeat the terrible errors they made in the Spanish Civil War, when by what they did and what they did not do they put obstacles in the way of the Government, abetted the revolutionaries, and frustrated the people's will? They will err tragically if they turn their back on principles which have become as clear as day, and give Franco arms as he requests.

What will the British and American voters say to their Governments if they do any such thing? Temporarily with evil may now be not only revolting, but also impolitic. Washington and London should ponder it.

SHALL WE JOIN THE WASPS?

The newest name among the American Amazons is "Wasp." The commander of the American Air Forces, Gen. Henry H. Arnold, has bestowed the sobriquet upon the organization which now will be called, on the infrequent occasions when the initials are spelled out, the Women's Airforce Service Pilots. Thus without the beating of drums or the sounding of trumpets, the decision has been made.

Briefly: waspliness is o. k. The question had long been moot. Waspliness was a quality neither wholly approved nor wholly condemned. When a waist was wasplish, it was fine. The wasp waist, the slender, graceful waist, was encircled by the lexicographer with the arm of his unreserved approval. Of the whole woman, waspliness was something else again; it was irascibility, truculence, bad temper, shrewishness.

Gen. Arnold has settled a vexing problem by turning waspliness to good account and, it may be added with some relief, to the right direction. It is the people who deserve it who are to be stung. Or, as the General might have paraphrased: "What care I how wasplish she be if she be not wasplish to me?"



FINGERS OF THE SAME HAND.

Industry's Part in the Peace

The Mirror
of
Public Opinion

Business writer states the problem and defines formula; says the key is in wider distribution of results of industrial activity; praises steps taken by committee on economic development to sustain employment; measures based on an agricultural economy will not work.

Walter Von Trevesow, in Barron's Business and Financial Weekly.

UNCONDITIONAL surrender is the clear-cut objective in winning the war. This purpose gives direction to all efforts and is a prerequisite to the accomplishment of the job.

No statement has been made of a similarly specific peace objective which has universal acceptance and serves to guide all thought and action in the same direction. Everybody wants full employment, but without having to fight wars to get it.

A free society emerges as the peace objective of the majority, not only because it is so stated but also because it is recognized that regimentation and dictatorship have been accepted in other countries only when there was no alternative. What a free society is, however, has not been defined clearly.

Need for a New Formula.

The historical definition of a free society has always been the right and ability of the individual to accumulate property and to use it for his own economic security and enjoyment. Freedom of speech, freedom of worship and all the many other freedoms, which are so greatly cherished, rest on this one right and ability. None of them has existed without it.

Increased production, occasional redistribution to meet maladjustments and the elimination of debt comprise the standard procedure which has been worked out by society over thousands of years in order to widen economic security and freedom. This experience cannot be ignored without courting disaster.

The reason for the universal failure to find an answer during the past 25 years to mass unemployment with peace is that we have tried to adapt to an industrial economy a formula developed for an economy in which land was the main property and source of wealth. A new formula is needed to achieve the necessary changes because the conditions of the past 25 years are altogether new to mankind.

Obstacles to Progress.

Large-scale industry is but a matter of the past hundred years at the most. Mass unemployment is new to industry, consequently there is no experience or tradition to turn to for help. Ideas based on agricultural experience have been used in the attempts which have been made to redistribute property. The result has been the same in every industrial country. The rate of the production of property and wealth, for consumer use, has been reduced, and there has also been less economic security and freedom for the individual.

The big obstacle to progress has been that in an industrial economy the means of production cannot be redistributed successfully. Mere ownership of a mile of railroad or an electric motor or even the ownership of the securities which represent them would not put enough people permanently in the position to create their own economic security through the use of such property. Redistribution of land, however, does accomplish this purpose.

Another difficulty attached to an industrial economy is that the debtors cannot be discharged. In the past hundred years debt has grown to be the greatest single category of property and today far exceeds the value of all the land. In an agricultural economy debt was held by relatively few people and constituted a comparatively

small proportion of all property. Today everybody owns it in one form or another. The real problem is to find a formula for wider distribution of the results of industrial activity, rather than of the ownership of industry; the maintenance of a sound debt structure, rather than the discharge of the debtors, and at the same time retain the stimulus for an ever greater rate of production.

The Government's Attitude.

At the present time there are about 200 different organizations or committees engaged in advocating or formulating a program for the solution of postwar problems. This includes both governmental and private activities. The Government for some time has taken the attitude that it must provide the remedy through direct employment and subsidies, because private enterprise is incapable of doing it. The admittedly large deficits which would be incurred are defended as proper and constructive. The ultimate result of this program is government ownership of the means of production, but it is not a free society. It assures dictatorship regardless of honest protestations to the contrary.

No Government, no matter what it says, is on the side of freedom whose acts hinder expanding employment and the increased productivity of the existing economic organization. No Government has freedom at heart whose central policy is not an insistence that the present economy must be made to function effectively. While it functioned properly, it demonstrated greater productivity and freedom for everybody than any other form of society.

Employers Accept Responsibility.

The help that is rendered, however, should not take the form of destroying productivity. Reform is wanted and needed, but government ownership of the means of production, like in Russia, would be a backward step rather than progress. In Russia it has proved to be progress, because the production of property and wealth was increased through the speedy industrialization of a backward agricultural country. In opposition to this government point of view, at least one of the many privately financed postwar planning organizations is making real headway. This is the Committee for Economic Development, headed by Paul G. Hoffman, president of the Studebaker Corporation.

The sponsors believe that a free society can exist only if there is adequate employment. No panacea or ready-made solution for the economic ills is proposed, but there is emphatic insistence that an answer must be found if a free society is to exist. The organization of the CED is the first effort of the employers to meet their share of the responsibility for employment. It is a new development for one of the most important groups in the economic structure to assume this kind of a burden. It is the first really important forward step which has been taken toward winning the peace. It is, however, not the only one which has to be taken.

AN OLD CIVILIAN CUSTOM.

From the Christian Science Monitor.

We now hear of the draftee who wanted to pay his draft board a percentage from his first month's Army pay for getting him his new job.

Family Life 67 Years Ago.

"Centennial Summer," by Albert E. Idell. (Holt & Co., New York.)

THIS is a picture of family life in Philadelphia during the year 1876—the year of the centennial.

The Rogers family are upper-middle-class people with colorful characters, all of them prone to do the unexpected. The family consists of the father, mother, two marriageable daughters and the twins, a boy and girl of 15. The aunt, Mrs. Rogers' sister, Zena, arrives from Paris to visit bringing with her an eligible young bachelor. The efforts of the two daughters to snag him for a husband provide the only running plot of the book.

Albert Idell has done some good and some bad character-sketching in this family tale. Mr. Rogers, the bombastic father, a virile, robust Quaker, is very amusing in spots, but in other places the author seems to have tried too hard to make him funny; then he is overdrawn and not authentic. Mr. Idell has done a better job with the daughters—Zena, who is vain, beautiful and selfish, and Julia, convent-bred, shy and quiet, but who, with typical Rogers' inconsistency, gets her man in a very worldly manner.

Mother Rogers is a complete paradox. She is selfish, hard and calculating one minute, and generous, jolly and worthwhile the next.

During these fast-moving days, with thrills being hurled at us every hour, when picking up a newspaper involves us in blood-and-thunder reading, "Centennial Summer" is rather mild literary fare. It is, of course, quite definitely escapist. Readers who are tired of all the hurlyburly of modern life during wartime, will sigh for the quiet days of calm. More adventurous souls, however, will thank heaven they were born 50 or more years too late for the era when home-made ice cream was considered an event.

MILDRED MERRILL.

Monroe, La.

Rough Stuff for Fighting Men.

"Kiss or Get Killed," by Maj. Rex Applegate. (Military Service Publishing Co., Harrisburg, Penn.)

THIS is a thoroughly hard-boiled and learned treatise, abundantly illustrated, on how to maintain, kill or otherwise dispose of an enemy. Chapters deal with hand-to-hand combat, bayonet fighting, knife-wielding techniques and how to obtain maximum offensive and defensive use from small-arms, such as pistols, at close quarters.

Neither the author nor the publishers, it is explained, would in normal times devote themselves to preparing such a manual. "But these are not normal times," and the Japs and Nazis, among other things they have done away with, have buried the Marquis of Queensberry and his rules. That being the case, it is up to us to beat the enemy at his own dirty game, the sponsors of this book feel. And the book ought to help materially to do a good job of it.

A Fine American Institution.

AT Chautauqua, N. Y., there is a summer community that combines the virtues of a vacation resort, college, forum, theater, garden and symphony hall. Its history, from 1874 to date, is pleasantly told by Rebecca Richmond in "Chautauqua: An American Place" (Duell, Sloan & Pearce, New York). Originally planned by its two "Pilgrim Fathers," John H. Vincent and Lewis Miller, as an adult education center, the Chautauqua Institution has been an intellectual stimulus to thousands of Americans, and was the inspiration for the tent Chautauquas that were a summer feature in the country's towns for many years. Now safely through its receivership and depression era, Chautauqua goes its way, proud of its long record and the devotion of its friends.

TODAY and TOMORROW

By WALTER LIPPMANN

TOWARD AN ECONOMIC FOREIGN POLICY

III—The Turning Point

IF WE are to achieve peace and a stable prosperity after this war, we shall have to learn to understand how different is the economic position in this century from what it was in the nineteenth century. This is not easy. It is not even easy to realize what in fact an economic foreign policy is, and how you go about formulating one. It is perhaps only fair to warn the reader that this subject is dull even though it is vitally important.

The Growth of America.

HERE is an obvious reason why economic foreign policy is more or less a closed book to Americans of our generation. It is that for 50 years—from about 1870 to 1920—this country was in the unique position of not needing to think about economic foreign policy.

For it was in the early 1870's that there came to an end American dependence upon the imports of foreign manufactures and upon foreign capital to finance the imports.

During the first 80 years of our national existence our indebtedness to foreign countries rose from nine million dollars in 1785 to a billion and a half in 1869. On the average during this period the money we received for our exports was only from 80 to 85 percent of the money we had to pay out for our imports. Before the Civil War the difference was covered by our borrowing money in Europe, and beginning in the 1850's in part by gold mined in California.

But by the middle 1870's, as Miss Cleona Lewis always has in her study for the Brookings Institution, our foreign accounts had come into balance except by what we owed on the earlier debts. The income from our exports and from the services which we performed for foreigners were more than sufficient to pay for our imports, for the expenditures of American tourists, and for the remittances of immigrants to their relatives in Europe.

But we still did not have enough income from abroad to pay the interest and the dividends owed to foreigners. So from 1874 to 1897 we continued to borrow abroad, and during this period our net foreign indebtedness, not counting the defaults and repudiations on state and railway debts, increased by some \$1,300,000,000 net. This raised our net indebtedness to \$2,710,000,000.

Investments Abroad.

FROM 1898 to 1914—that is to say from the Spanish War—the position which we had held throughout

our previous history began to change radically. Though we continued to borrow, we began to invest abroad. Between 1897 and 1914 our foreign investments multiplied five times. Our foreign borrowing doubled.

As a result, by the year 1908 we turned the corner, and our net liabilities in 1914, when war broke out, were slightly less than they were in 1908. This is important. For it shows that we were destined, even without the effects of war, to cease to be a debtor nation.

But the war which began in 1914 made sudden and dramatic this change, which would otherwise have been slow and gradual. At the outset of the first World War we were net debtors to the amount of some \$3,700,000,000. Five years later, we had not only paid off all this debt but had become, if we include the war debts, net creditors to the amount of \$12,562,000,000. If we exclude the war debts, we were still creditors to the amount of some three billion dollars.

This long and, I suppose, rather dry history is very important to us. It shows that until 1870 we had to think about economic foreign relations because we were dependent upon foreign lending. It shows that after 1870 and until the first World War we really did not have to think seriously about economic foreign relations because we had only to borrow relatively small sums to service what had become, in relation to our growing wealth, a rather small foreign debt.

Why We're Unprepared.

NOW virtually all the adults who voted and all the men who held public office in the '20s were educated before 1914—in a period when we had no need to think seriously about economic foreign relations. Even today, 30 years later, the most influential leaders of opinion in both parties, in Congress, in the Administration, in the farm bloc, in organized labor, in corporate business, and in journalism are men who grew up in the days when the country did not need an economic foreign policy.

We can understand, therefore, why this country was caught unprepared in 1920, and is still unprepared, to readjust our economic policy to the momentous fact that we have ceased to be a debtor and have become a great creditor nation.

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PUBLIC URGED NOT TO UPSET MAIMED VETERANS BY PITY

Surgeon General Also Warns of 'False Cheeriness'—Be Casual, Realistic.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—The folks back home were cautioned by Army doctors today against displaying too much pity or "false cheeriness" in welcoming back wounded war veterans, especially if they have been disfigured or seriously disabled.

Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, said that "much of the finest surgery and expert rehabilitation work can be undone or will remain incomplete if the public at large falls to behave with restraint, intelligence and consideration."

Assessing that already some patients are unwilling to return home because they dread the "well-meant but emotionally trying welcome they would receive," the Surgeon General made these suggestions through the Office of War Information:

Treat the maimed man as the normal person he always has been and continue to be. Do not let horror or sorrow appear on your face or in your voice or manner. Also, excessive praise of a disabled man is not helpful.

Don't ask questions or give advice. Do not mention his disfigurement unless he does.

Be casual and realistic, not over-enthusiastic.

Don't wait on the injured man too much.

MAJ. ALBERT WERTHEIM DIES

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP).—Maj. Albert Wertheim, commanding officer of the Second Air Service depot of the United States Army Air Forces overseas, died here Saturday. He was 49 years old.

A member of the investment banking firm of Wertheim & Co. before joining the Army, Maj. Wertheim became ill several weeks ago and after an operation returned from abroad on sick leave. He was to have returned to duty with the Air Transport Command.

Horse Show Official, Dies.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP).—Charles William Smith, assistant secretary of the National Horse Show Association since it was founded in 1883, died Saturday. He was 85 years old.

The Rev. William Paton Dies. LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP).—The Rev. William Paton, secretary of the International Missionary Council and editor of the International Review of Missions since 1927, died Saturday at Kendal, Westmoreland. He was 56 years old.

'CHU CHIN CHOW' GOES INTO ITS SECOND WEEK

Seats Still Available for Closing Performances of Opera Season.

Seats for all remaining performances of "Chu Chin Chow" closing production of the current Municipal Opera season, are still available at the box office in the Arcade Building, open from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. The management announced today. The play, now entering its second week, will have its final showing next Sunday evening. All performances will begin at 8:30 p. m.

Noted for its lavish oriental costumes and elaborate staging, the current production is the first presentation by the Municipal Opera. "Chu Chin Chow" was originally produced in London in 1915, being brought to New York two years later and played simultaneously by road companies to touring other cities including St. Louis.

Based on the Arabian Nights tale, "All Baba and the Forty Thieves," the production includes in its score such extraneous songs as "Pale Hands I Love" and "Song of India." Its settings include the cave of the robbers, a magnificent palace, a slave mart and an oriental bazaar.

Joseph Macaulay plays the title role, which requires several different impersonations. In his first Municipal Opera appearance, Pinky Lee, comedian, burlesques his way through the part of Ali Baba. Dance routines are executed by Paul Haakon, Patricia Bowman and Ronnie Cunningham.

The cast also includes Helena Blum, Robert K. Sharer, Jack Sheehan, Helen Raymond, Jess Walters, Madelyn Killeen, William O'Neil, Frederic Persson and Robert Stuart.

CARONDELET MEN IN SERVICE HONORED AT FLAG CEREMONIES

Members of the armed forces of Carondelet were honored in a ceremony at Compton avenue and Belleville boulevard yesterday, when a flag and flagpole, donated by Joseph A. and Peter J. McLaughlin, 449 Dover place, brothers and World War veterans, were dedicated by public officials and patriotic and defense organizations before nearly 2000 spectators.

Speakers included Mayor Aloys P. Kaufmann and Congressman Walter C. Ploeser, with the speech of presentation being given by Neal J. Capaldo, chairman of the American Legion Committee of the American Legion. Acceptance was made in behalf of the community by Mrs. Julia Maehl, 5718 South Compton, chairman of the Altene Red Cross Workers' Group, whose three sons are in the armed forces.

The speeches were preceded by a parade of co-operating organizations, including air-raid wardens and auxiliary police of Zones 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the First District, Woodward School Boy and Girl Scouts, the Sons of the American Legion Band, the St. Louis Post Office Junior Drum and Bugle Corps and the Public Service Co. Sons of the American Legion Drum and Bugle Corps No. 159.

FOUR ST. LOUIS ARMEN CITED FOR PACIFIC ACTION

Four armen from the metropolitan area, members of the Fifth Air Force based in the South Pacific area, have been decorated with Oak Leaf Clusters to add to Air Medals previously won, an Associated Press dispatch reported today.

Staff Sgt. Harold C. Hahn, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hahn, 216 North Old Orchard avenue, Webster Groves, was decorated for participating in a raid on Japanese shipping, and Tech. Sgt. Albert F. Tubbesing, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Tubbesing, 4149 Hartford street, received the cluster for flights over the Solomon Islands.

Tech. Sgt. Logan S. Harlow Jr., 4719 Rosa avenue, was decorated for "achievements" during flights over Hanks Bay, New Guinea. The Oak Leaf Cluster was awarded to Sgt. Alfred E. Sexton for destroying two Japanese cargo vessels and landing barges off the New Guinea coast. His wife, the former Miss Harriet Lawson, resided with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Lawson, 3889 Hartford street, before joining Sexton in El Paso, Tex. where he now teaches advanced aerial gunnery.

SEVENT ST. LOUIS SURVIVORS OF THE HELENA BACK IN CITY

Seven St. Louis survivors of the light cruiser Helena, sunk in the South Pacific July 7, have reached their homes. They are Wilbur Strohmeyer, 25 years old, quarter master, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Strohmeyer, 3703 Neosho street; Francis H. Rieber, 19, machinist's mate, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony F. Rieber, 3956 Maffitt avenue; William E. Spahn, 20, aviation radio operator, son of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Spahn, 4067 Miall street; Seaman Francis T. Meier, 21, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis F. Meier, 1239 Childress avenue; Gunner's Mate Walter Woodrow Ketchum, 31, son of Mrs. Ira L. Ketchum, 5066 Davidson avenue; Machinist's Mate Urban Milton Smith, 20, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Smith, 338 Northridge drive, Riverview Gardens, and William K. Beckman, 22, coxswain, son of Mr. and Mrs. John K. Beckman, 5256 Northland avenue.

Several other St. Louisans aboard the Helena known to have survived the sinking are expected home within the next few days.

SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

M. R. AND MRS. FREDERICK C. ORTHWEIN, 48 Portland place, and Mrs. Orthwein's daughter, Miss Marion Niedringhaus, left Thursday for Canada. They will spend the next three weeks at their summer home on an island, Lake of the Woods, Ont.

Mr. Orthwein's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Richard W. Orthwein, Conway road, Clayton, returned last week from Douglas, Mich., where they were guests at Mrs. George W. Hellmuth's cottage, Robinsonville. Mr. Orthwein's sister, Mrs. Charles Chambers Thatcher, 484 Lake avenue, who accompanied them North, will stay in Douglas until Aug. 30. Her husband, Lt. (j. g.) Thatcher, is on active duty with the Naval Reserve.

Mrs. Herbert N. Jones, 325 North Central avenue, Clayton, departed last week for California. She is visiting her husband, Lt. Comdr. Jones of the Naval Reserve who is stationed on the West Coast. Mrs. Jones further plans to spend some time with her brother and sister-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Thomas Bond Jr., who are also living in California while he is on duty with the Army. Mrs. Jones will be away until the middle of September.

Mrs. Robert A. Sherman, 10 Black Creek lane, returned home Thursday from her annual summer vacation in Easthampton, N. Y. With her son, Peter, she visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin G. Chapman at their summer home, Bonnyfield. The Chapmans, who live at 4931 Lindell boulevard, will be in Easthampton until November.

At Watch Hill, R. I.

MISS KATHERINE BURNES GATCHE, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Hayward H. Gatch, 2 Fordyce lane, is spending several weeks at Watch Hill, R. I., at the summer home of Miss Eleanor White at Cleveland. She will return home the first part of next month.

Early in July Mrs. Gatch, her son, Hayward Jr., and Miss Katherine visited Capt. Gatch at his headquarters at Sacramento, Cal. He is stationed there with the quarter-master corps.

St. Louisans returning recently from summer vacations include Mrs. Samuel Brown McPheeters, 4955 Maryland avenue, and her daughters, Miss Phyllis McPheeters, Mrs. McMillan Lewis and Mrs. Charlton Messick Jr., who arrived home last week. They left St. Louis early last month to spend the season at a cottage in Fish Creek, Wis. Mrs. Messick, who was Mrs. Helen Wood McPheeters, is staying with her mother while her husband, an Army Lieutenant, is on overseas duty.

Mrs. Silas Bent McKinley, 18 Pine Valley road, Clayton, and her three children are spending the summer at a cottage at Lake Michigan. Mrs. McKinley will join her family this week. They will return to St. Louis together Sept. 7.

Miss Kehoe Engaged.

SMALL luncheon was given yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Edward Kehoe, 7520 East Big Bend road, Richmond Heights, at which announcement was made of the engagement of the daughter, Miss Rosemary Elaine Kehoe, to Emerson Ler Foote III, apprentice seaman at the Naval Reserve Training Station of Iowa State College, Ames, Ia. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel E. Foote of Cincinnati, formerly of Webster Groves.

The luncheon table on the Kehoe front porch was set with a garland of corsages at each place. Leading from the place to potted plants arranged about on the porch were Navy blue and white streamers to which were tied at the ends cards bearing miniature anchors and pictures of the engaged pair.

The bride-elect is a graduate of Webster Hall. She is studying voice at Webster College.

Mr. Foote was graduated from Webster Groves High School and was scheduled to have been graduated from Washington University this year. He enlisted in the Naval Reserve and on completion of his course at Iowa State College will be commissioned an ensign. His fraternity is Sigma Alpha Epsilon.

Mrs. Arthur William Berresford, of New York, has been the guest since July of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John McClusky Blayney Jr., 16 Willow Hill road, Ladue. She is extending her visit several weeks and will not return home until late autumn. Mr. and Mrs. Blayney are the parents of a second son, whom they have named Robert Berresford Blayney. Before her marriage, Mrs. Blayney was Miss Eleanor Berresford.

Miss Valentine, Miss Eleanor Scott, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. W. Wallace Scott Jr., 4629 Maryland avenue, left yesterday for Carver River Ranch, Lake George, Colo. After a two-week stay, Miss Valentine will return to St. Louis and Miss Eleanor will go directly to Groton, Mass., where she will



MRS. GEORGE TUFTON MOFFATT III
Who was Miss Juanita Lewis, a bride of Aug. 14. She is the daughter of Mrs. Herbert Elmo Barquist of Des Moines, Ia. Mr. Moffatt is a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Nagel, 4556 Adelaide avenue.

enter her second year at the Lowthorpe School of Landscape Architecture.

Mrs. Edward Sinclair Garvey, 7415 Parkdale avenue, left Friday evening for Nashville, Tenn., to visit her son, Cadet Edward Chase Garvey of the Army Air Forces. He has just completed a five-month course at the University of Tennessee in Knoxville.

Mrs. Robert L. Hughes, 7256 Westmoreland drive, accompanied by her daughters, Miss Carol and Miss Dorothy Todd Hughes, left yesterday for Sea Island, Ga. They have planned to spend several weeks at The Cloisters and will return home the middle of next month.

Returns From Visit.

MISS ALICIA TYSON, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard R. Tyson, 7 Maryhill, Ladue, returned a few days ago from Danville, Ill. She visited her grandmother, Mrs. May W. Tyson, for six weeks. Miss Mary Lou Osthoff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Osthoff Jr., 7309 Kingsbury boulevard, joined Miss Tyson in Danville for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Osthoff and their daughter, Miss Mary Lou, and Miss Tyson left yesterday for a late summer vacation in Mexico. On their return, Miss Osthoff and Miss Tyson will enter the junior class at Mary Institute.

Miss Mary Constance Glaser, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Martin J. Glaser, 3550 Hawthorne boulevard, had as her guests for ten days, Miss Ruth Murray and Miss Pauline Kieve, both of Cincinnati, who left Saturday to return to their homes. The three young women are former classmates at Maryville College.

Miss Mary Rita Wahlert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Wahlert, 36 Broadway drive, Clayton, is at Murray's Inn, White Hall, Mich. She will return to St. Louis Sept. 1. Earlier this summer, Miss Wahlert spent five weeks at the Marine Biological Laboratories, Woods Hole, Mass. After leaving Cape Cod, she stayed in New York for a few days.

BISHOP MUENCH URGES POPE BE GIVEN VOICE IN PEACE

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 23 (AP).—Pope Pius XII "should be given a voice at the peace table," in the opinion of Bishop Aloisius J. Muench of Fargo, N. D.

Bishop Muench told the Catholic Central Verein of America yesterday "the Holy Father, untiring champion of a peace based on justice and charity, should be given a voice at the peace table with a view to the elucidation of questions of principle in regard to morality and public international law."

MARLENE DIETRICH'S DAUGHTER IS WED TO DRAMA STUDENT

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 23 (AP).—Maria Elizabeth Sieber, 18-year-old daughter of Screen Actress Marlene Dietrich, and Jean Goodman, drama student, are honeymooning today after their marriage Saturday.

Goodman, 23, works as a receiving clerk at Los Angeles haberdashery. He met Miss Sieber two months ago.

63,500,000 NOW EMPLOYED, RESEARCH AGENCY FINDS

NEW YORK, Aug. 22 (AP).—The level of employment in the nation reached 63,500,000 at the end of June, "which is well above earlier estimates of the total man power required to meet production goals for the home and fighting fronts," the National Industrial Conference Board said today.

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DR. ANNA TALBOT DIES; FOUNDED JR. RED CROSS

Introduced Study of Domestic Science in St. Louis Public Schools.

The funeral of Dr. Anna Hedges Talbot, domestic science educator and founder of the Junior Red Cross, who died in St. Mary's Hospital here yesterday, will be held privately in Cambridge, Mass. Dr. Talbot, 75 years old, was the widow of Dr. Winthrop Talbot of Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y., and the sister of Isaac A. Hedges of 9 Westmoreland place, St. Louis.

She was born in St. Louis, and studied in Washington University and St. Louis Art School. After teaching art and music here, she took a domestic science course in Columbia University, New York, and returned here to introduce that branch of education into the public schools, at Stoddard School and McKinley High School. She went to Brooklyn in 1904 as director of domestic science in Pratt Institute.

Later, as superintendent of the New York State Reformatory for Girls at Bedford, she put a stop to recurrent disorder by breaking up an illicit traffic in narcotic drugs. This brought reprisals from the underworld, and Dr. Talbot was legislated out of her position. A law being passed and signed which required the institution to have a male head.

In the World War period, she originated the Junior Red Cross, and obtained approval of national Red Cross officers. The organization grew to its present international scope.

She was married in 1915, and her husband died three years ago. She suffered from a tubercular condition for the last year, and had been in the hospital here since April. Besides her brother, she is survived by three stepchildren, one of them Mrs. E. B. Pratt of Kirkwood.

MACLEISH SAYS FASCIST BELIEFS CAN BE KILLED

Continued From Page One.

Nazi philosophy in terms of a peace to be negotiated and enforced after the war that the problem becomes insoluble. It can be solved only by thinking of it in terms of the war itself, in terms of the victory which we mean to win. For the philosophy of our enemies is a philosophy exceedingly vulnerable to precisely such a refutation as our victory can be made to give.

The Basic Issue.

The basic issue of the war, the argument proceeds, is what President Roosevelt said it was in his address to Congress last January: "the ancient issue between those who put their faith in the people and those who put their faith in dictators and tyrants." It is for us to make it clear to the world, and not to the Nazis and Japanese alone, "that the people won this war against the despisers of the people—that the people's governments and the people's armies were more powerful, and always will be, than the armies of the slave states and the tyrant dominions."

We can do this, MacLeish says, but we can do it only if we mean to do it. It will not follow automatically from military victory alone.

It will not be accomplished by any application of the simple smoking-room proposition that "this time we will march to Berlin." Where we march is less important than the way we march there. We can only prove that our victory is a victory for the people by making it a victory for the people. And words will not supply the proof, though words will help. There should be words now—and there should have been words before now—declaring again and again that this is no longer a war of resisting nations against aggressor nations—that this is a war now of the people's governments against the tyrant governments, of the people's armies against the slave armies, of the people's belief in themselves against the fascists' contempt for the people—that what is at stake in this war is a great principle, the principle won in the people's revolutions of the last 150 years, the principle that the people can govern them-

Flyer Tells of Finding His Plane In Midst of 80 Nazi Fighters

Lt. William L. Ross Jr. Had to Climb to 17,000 Feet to Shake Them—Has Medal, Nine Oak Clusters.



LT. WILLIAM L. ROSS JR.

First Lt. William L. Ross Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. William L. Ross, 1071A Pennsylvania avenue, University City, pilot of the Flying Fortress "Smookey Stover," and his crew were peacefully eating lunch on their way to "lay some eggs" on Messina, Sicily, when they found themselves in the midst of 80 German fighter planes, he told a Post-Dispatch reporter today.

"We met them at 5000 feet and didn't shake them off until we reached 17,000 feet," he related. "After we caught our breath we continued on to Messina where we met the thickest flak we experienced in 50 missions. Every ship in our group was hit—and badly—but not one was downed, and all the bombers completed their missions."

Proud of his bomber, he said "Smookey Stover" engines were hit repeatedly by bullets and flak and never ceased functioning—in fact the motors were not changed from the time the bomber left the United States until it had completed 50 missions.

Awarded Air Medal. For bombing missions over Tunisia, Sicily, Sardinia, Rome, Naples and other objectives, Lt. Ross has been awarded the Air Medal and nine Oak Leaf Clusters. Lt. Ross attended University City High School and Westminster College, Fulton. Before enlisting in the Air Forces, he was employed in the advertising department at Famous-Barr Co.

Cool-headed accuracy of British anti-aircraft fire saved many an American supply ship from Axis bombing in the Sicilian invasion. Cadet-Midshipman Aloysius J. Disch of the Maritime Service told a reporter. Disch, now on leave visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Aloysius Disch, 3842 Maffitt avenue, was aboard the first supply ship to reach Sicily last month.

"The British ack-ack gunners coolly held their fire one night at sunset as six Messerschmitts came wheeling over at about 1000 feet, a height at which they

seemed of no right should.

"There ought to be words to say, not once but many times, that this war is a war fought in vindication of the principle of those revolutions and to secure the gains they won and to extend them.

Action Also Needed.

"But" words alone will not do what must be done. There must be action also. And the acts must accord with the words. The acts must demonstrate that the Allied governments are in truth the people's governments, that our armies are in fact the people's armies, and that the principle for which we fight is indeed the principle of the defense and vindication of the people's governments.

Tension of the people's revolutions of 1775 and 1789 and 1824 and 1848 and the people's years thereafter. For if our words declare, and if our actions demonstrate, that this war is a people's war in vindication of the people's revolutions, then our victory in this war will become what it must become if the war is to be ended as we won. . . .

"To define our victory in these terms before our victory shall be half won and so irreparably lost is the desperate necessity of these summer months."

WILLIAM N. BALTZ DIES AT 83; ONCE ILLINOIS CONGRESSMAN

William N. Baltz, former Congressman from the Twenty-Second Illinois district, died yesterday of infirmities of age at his home in Millstadt, Ill., aged 83 years. He was founder of the Millstadt Milling Co. and of the First National Bank of Millstadt, of which he was president until 1940. His service in Congress, as a Democrat, was from 1913 to 1915.

He is survived by his wife, two sons, Russell and Eugene Baltz, and two daughters, Mrs. Frieda Seib and Miss Ottilia Baltz. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon from the Millstadt Evangelical and Reformed Church, followed by burial in Mount Evergreen Cemetery.

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FINISHER—For antique furniture. Hausmann, 4329 N. 20th (rear).

FIREMAN—Large apartment building month. H. Rodemer Co., Rt. 2, No. 1, St. Charles County, Mo. If you are interested, call 160834.

FOREMAN—2, painting experienced. 1250 East Main.

FOUNDRY LABORERS and shakeout essential work; bring statement referred, but not necessary. 2023 Lehigh.

FRY COOK—Must be fast; top wages. Days, Union. Apply Alton, Union.

GROCERY ATTENDANT

for large specialty store in a southern town. Excellent salary. In your reply state full details. Box A-4, Post-Dispatch.

GROCEARY ATTENDANT—Night steady work; must be dependable colored. Apply to Churchill Garage, Belt ev., RO 0800.

GROCEARY ATTENDANT—Colored; advancement; good pay. Van Beck Bros. Express, 900 Holadonum.

GROCEARY HELPER—And mechanic. Apply 111 S. Second.

GLAZIER

Experienced in tacking sash and putting putty. Essential industry.

THEILIN-LOTHMAN MFG. CO.
120 DOCK ST.

GROCERY WAREHOUSEMAN—Must be experienced in packing; no night pier; satisfactory steady work. Apply to: Metro Grocery Co. right man. A-317. Post-Dispatch.

GROCERY CLERK—Experienced; good wages. Apply to: Vegetable & MI. 8090 after 8 p. m.

GROCERY CLERK—Man or woman. Apply to: Metro Grocery Co. right man. A-317. Post-Dispatch.

GROCERY CLERK—South Side; excellent pay. RO 1524.

GROCERY CLERK—Second hand truck. Apply, 2026 Lafayette.

HANDY MAN—Painting and work around house. Apply to: Metro Grocery Co. right man. A-317. Post-Dispatch.

HARDWARE CLERK—Stock and ring room; permanent; experience necessary. Apply to: Metro Grocery Co. right man. A-317. Post-Dispatch.

HEAT-TREATER

Experienced, for general heat-treat plant, to act as working foreman. Must know how to use salt baths and harden and draw all alloy and tool steels. Permanent position with established firm. competent man. State your qualifications in full. Box C-308, Post-Dispatch.

HORSESHOE—Steady; good pay. 4
Junata.

HOTEL NIGHT CLERK, P. B. X OP
ATOR—Experienced; \$100 month;
employees know of this ad. Box A-2
Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEMAN—White or colored; day
night work. Apply receiving room, H.
Jefferson.

JANITOR—Reliable; stoker experience
for apartment house; living quarters
\$32.

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

JANITOR
Age 35 to 50, 5-day week; good salary. Apply 316 N. Eighth.

JANITOR—White; days; for cleaning up and oiling machinery in war plant; hours: 5:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.; opportunity for physical handicap. CE, 3008.

JANITOR—For office building.
DOLAN CO. HI. 2160

JANITOR—Salary and living quarters. 408 De Ballville, or see manager, 5681 Waterman, third floor.

JANITOR—White; for cleaning only. 8 days a week; \$100 month. Mary Institute, Wash. and Olive.

JANITOR—Maintenance; experienced; day; references. RO. 8415.

JANITOR—15-family apartment; married man; living quarters. RO. 1098.

JANITOR—Houseman; handy, white, colored. 1330 26. CA. 3494.

JANITOR—Reliable. Apply Commodore Ave. 5316 Pershing.

JANITOR—For tavern. 8776 St. Charles.

JANITOR—Night, 40 hours. 75c per hour; light work. Box C-387, Post-Dispatch.

JANITOR—Night; colored. 404 Paul Brews Building.

JOB PRESS FEEDER
With make-ready knowledge. Box A-210, Post-Dispatch.

JOB PRESSMAN—Experienced on Kluge press; steady work. Box A-284, P.-D.

LABORERS

White or Colored

For Essential War Industry
Full Time Jobs. Experience Not Necessary.

If employed in essential industry statement of availability is required.

90 years in business industry plenty of good permanent jobs after the war.

Laclede-Christy
5900 MANCHESTER AV.

KITCHEN MAN
4749 GRAVOIS

KITCHEN MAN—White; live in. Apply mornings. Dietitian. Luke's Hospital.

LABORERS
6-DAY WEEK

MAJESTIC MFG. CO.
2014 Delmar

LABORERS
Colored or white; essential industry work; bring statement of availability if not employed in war industry.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.
7901 Alabama

LABORERS
NATIONAL LEAD CO.

5548 MANCHESTER

LABORERS—Not over 55, 40-hour week. Merck & Co., 4528 S. Broadway.

LABORERS—Defense work. 3513 S. Compton.

LABORERS—Small work. Apply 4916 E. 24th.

LAUNDRY DRIVER
WHITE—EXPERIENCED.

City Route

JUSTIN T. FLINT LAUNDRY
4230 FINNEY.

Laundry Help—Winger Man
No experience necessary. Top wages. Apply MIDWEST LAUNDRY.

845 S. Skinner

LAUNDRY MAINTENANCE MAN—Apply Fulmar Co., Laundry, 517 S. 21st St. CA. 6600, Station 31.

LAUNDRY WASH ROOM HELP—Colored. Apply 1804 S. Skinner.

LAUNDRY HELP—Extractor man. Apply Grand Laundry, 3044 Lawton.

VERIFICATION & MOTOR TUNE-UP WORK
RE. 2004.

Machinery Operators or
Machinery-Conscious
Laborers
Electric Arc Welders
Central Mine Equipment Co.
4520 Enright

Essential Industry
Must be draft deferred or over 38 years of age; must have statement of availability.

U. S. Employment Service
410 N. Broadway

MACHINE SHOP FOREMAN ASSISTANT
Experienced in automotive machine shop work preferred; draft exempt. Parts Co., 3201 Locust. Mr. Hogan.

MACHINISTS—First-class, around in essential industry; desire work; opportunity following war; company has 90 years continuous experience; record; statement of availability required. Apply employment office. Laclede-Christy, 5900 Manchester av.

MACHINISTS AND MECHANICS—Draft deferred; steady work; good wages; good advancement to work in auto parts job; machine shop. Knookwood Co., Inc., 316 Locust. Mr. L. Higgins, RE. 2600.

MACHINIST (not employed in essential war work)—Excellent Machine Co., 8100 near State St., East St. Louis.

MACHINIST—Lathe experience; no age limit. 7916 N. Broadway.

MAINTENANCE MAN
Essential industry; furniture factory; 56 hour week; steady work; no age limit; statement of availability required. 1400 Paim.

MAINTENANCE MAN—Apartment building; having complete plumbing and heating units; \$120 month plus living quarters; equals \$160. Permanent for man with family details. Box 6-228, Post-Dispatch.

MAINTENANCE MAN—Experienced in factory maintenance; some knowledge of motor cars; 85c per hour; must have statement of availability. 2700 S. 7th st.

MAINTENANCE MAN—White; seeking better position; desire work; opportunity following war; company has 90 years continuous experience; record; statement of availability required. Apply employment office. Laclede-Christy, 5900 Manchester av.

MAINTENANCE MAN—White; seeking better position; desire work; opportunity following war; company has 90 years continuous experience; record; statement of availability required. Apply employment office. Laclede-Christy, 5900 Manchester av.

MAINTENANCE WATCHMAN—5 p. m. to 8 a. m.; use up to 60 spare time; printing. 325 N. 3rd st.

MAKE-UP MAN—By Sept. 1, a page min.; own profit and corrections; 25c for 45 days plus overtime; steady situation; also opening for operator. THE LEADER, Canton, Ill.

MALE AND FEMALE—Modern plant; easy and clean work; Prince Gardens Pocketbook, 2025 S. Vandeventer.

WILL TRAIN MAN TO OPERATE
SPECIAL MACHINE
30 to 40; steady job; draft exempt preferred; good transportation. Bring your certificate of availability.

DAZEY CHURN & MFG. CO.
4315 WARNE

MAN—Anxious to do his present in essential industry; \$30 to \$40 per week; collecting regular monthly payments from our customers in East St. Louis; experience necessary; no age limit; apply Room 707, 105 N. Seventh st., St. Louis.

MAN—Draft deferred; auto parts, warehouse, stock work. Call JE. 0246, Mr. Northcutt.

MAN—Single; for serving room in kitchen of large institution; good hours; pleasant work; salary plus full maintenance. Apply Monday, 8 to 12 a. m., Masonic Home of Missouri, 5316 Pershing.

MAN—In wholesale bakery; one wishing to learn maintenance work on bakery machinery. Colonial Baking Co., 4410 Gravois.

MAN—White; not over 55; wife and children; maintenance work; quarters and meals furnished; salary; steady employment; references. RO. 8415.

MAN—For maintenance work; applications week days 9-11 a. m.; no phone calls. Apply Engineer, St. John's Hospital, 307 S. Euclid.

MAN, 50 TO 55
Light work; give age, height and weight. Box C-131, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Janitor and maintenance work. Apply 5630 Gravois. HU. 9564.

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

MAN—Age about 55; know routine of small household, little cooking; \$25 per week; good salary; best food; country. Box 174, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Colored; to clean retreading tires; 40-hour week; apply Miss Fannell Tire Co., 3855 Market.

MAN—For general around work in laundry; no experience required; \$30 per week. Box P-394, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—White; head porter, dishwasher, good pay; experience; Franklin. Box A-374, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Experienced carpenter, plastering a general maintenance work; steady work; good pay. 2221 S. Vandeventer.

MAN—Experienced in bookkeeping, clerical and grocery stores; references. Box 1202.

MAN—Colored; intelligent; 35-45 or draft deferred. Missouri Flower & Fertilizer Co., 1708 Delmar.

MAN—Interested in books, to work for wholesale jobber; very good future for supervision of busy restaurant. Box 58-70, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—55 to 70 years, for odd jobs in cleaning plant. South Side. Standard Cleaners, 3444 Gravois.

MAN—For sales work; men's furnishing store; good pay; experience; Franklin. Box A-374, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Light factory work; draft exempt; \$20. 1906 Pine, 6th floor.

MAN—Experienced in work; good home and wages. Box B-92, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—For cutting live. Apply Missouri Athletic Club, 408 West 12th.

MAN—For general landscape work; experience not necessary. 4014 Bates.

MAN—Experienced in work; day work; outside work. Box C-132, P.-D.

MAN—For cutting live. Apply Missouri Athletic Club, 408 West 12th.

MAN—Colored; no experience necessary. Anchor Laundry, 2010 Lucas.

MAN—White; for janitor work; small hotel. CA. 8127.

MAN—Colored; work in auto paint shop. 4101 N. 21st.

MAN—Work around hotel; single; board; salary; 1500. Market.

MAN—Experienced on angle iron frames. 6291 Cass.

MAN—Mildly, to take orders over phone. 6341 Easton.

MAN—For general work in factory; draft exempt. 2000 Locust. Mr. Higgins.

MAN—Experienced in general work. Original Springs Farm, Okawville, Ill.

MAN—Experienced in work; best class trade; if not please do not apply. Salary \$40. Mercantile Grocery Co., 4630 Gravois.

MEAT CUTTER—Experienced; West End shop. CA. 8761.

MEAT CUTTER—Super market, union shop. CA. 8761.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN
Essential industry, post-war opportunities; draft deferred. Must have statement of availability.

Dixie Machinery Mfg. Co.
4200 GOODFELLOW BL.

MECHANIC
Experienced in General

SEIDEL COAL & COKE CO.
Truck Fleet Maintenance

Call Mr. Leo, FR. 6800

MECHANIC—General maintenance of railroad cars. Present statement of availability. Apply Room 278, Union Station or Railroad Retirement Board, 815 Olive.

MECHANIC
General Motors cars; flat rate and guarantee. Ask for Mr. Briggs, FR. 1880, evenings. LA. 3008, 7557 Olive St. Bl.

MECHANIC AND MECHANICAL HELPER
—Prefer man with truck or bus experience; no age limit; steady work. Apply 3 to 5 p. m., 408 West 12th st. Box 8585 St. Charles rd.

MECHANICS—35; with thorough knowledge of laundry equipment; Western and Son Laundry Equipment, 4738 Easton.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN
With some experience in machine-shop practice; draft exempt; position CENTRAL FINE EQUIPMENT CO., 4520 Enright.

MECHANIC—Motor General Motors cars; good pay, splendid working conditions. Call Laclede 2210.

MECHANIC—To repair electric motors. Standard Elec., 3880 Washington.

MECHANIC
The Emerson Electric Mfg. Company

Has Stable Employment for MEN to Fill the Following Openings:

GUARDS
STOCK CLERKS
TOOL CRIB CLERKS

Assemblers for Mechanical and Electrical Sub-Assembly

Employment Office
417 NORTH BROADWAY

Bring Statement of Availability

Curtis Mfg. Co.
1905 KIENLEN AVE.

WELSTON

NEEDS

MEN

FOR WAR WORK

No experience necessary. Good working conditions, good pay, time and half for overtime. Excellent meals served in plant cafeteria. Statement of availability required if in essential work.

APPLY 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

WAR PLANT
NEEDS
UNSKILLED MEN

6-Day Week. Time and One-Half for Work in Excess of 40 Hours.

Company bus service to plant. Persons employed in essential industry must have statement of availability.

Apply

The Lewin Metals Corp.
Route 3, East St. Louis, Ill.

MONSANTO
CHEMICAL CO.
1700 South Second St.

MEN WANTED
Manufacturing Departments

48-Hour Week

Statement of Availability Required if Now Employed in Essential Industry.

MEN
Needed for War Work

Hammer men, Buckers, Rivet Heaters, Arc Welders, Fitters and Reamers. On steel car work.

Experience Not Necessary

9-Hour Day. Time and One-Half for Work in Excess of 40 Hours

If employed in essential industry must have statement of availability.

Apply

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
No. 4000 Gravois, St. Louis, Mo.

Light work in South St. Louis factory; good opportunity; 40-hour week; overtime pay \$40.00. Apply for details today. NOW. Box 7-73, P.-D. If employed in essential industry, statement of availability is required.

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

Attention Men!
WHAT WILL YOU BE DOING AFTER THE WAR?

We have recently opened a new plant for the manufacture of vital war materials for the duration of the war. We can offer you the best of treatment and working conditions. Our business has been established for many years and will continue after the war business as available for many types of jobs. You do not have to have experience as we train you. Must be draft exempt or deferred and be able to pass physical examination. Statement of availability required. Apply at our employment office located at:

5055 FARLIN AVE.

General Cable Co.

St. Louis Car Co.

St. Louis Aircraft Corp.

8000 North Broadway

Needs Men and Women in Various Departments
Assemblers—Electricians
Helpers—Chippers
Welders—Grinders

Bring Statement of Availability

SPEED VICTORY
BUILD WAR PLANES!

MEN
Skilled or Unskilled Needed Now for Victory Work.

Curtiss-Wright Corp.
410 NORTH BROADWAY

(UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SERVICE)

5383 NATURAL BRIDGE (FORMERLY FISHER BODY)

or LAMAR BUILDING (PERSONNEL BUILDING) State of Availability Required.

MEN
To Manufacture War Materials

STOCK CLERKS
MATERIAL HANDLERS
PLATERS HELPERS
TOOL CRIB ATTENDANTS

Knapp-Monarch Co.
Bent and Potomac Sts.

If employed in essential industry must have statement of availability.

Employment available at Wagner Electric Corporation. Men needed for essential war effort work. We have the following openings: Punch Press, Drill Press, Packing, Lathe, Tool Grinding, Lay-Out, Welding, Assembly, Milling Machine, Automatic Screw Machine, Bench Work, Grinding, also various other skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled jobs available. We are in a position to make special arrangements regarding working hours, transportation, shifts for husbands and wives and special age groups. Apply, Personnel Office, 4400 Plymouth Ave. Open 7:30 a. m. to 5 p. m. week days and Saturdays; 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Sundays. Employment practice in full co-operation with War Manpower Commission stabilization program.

Essential war work, not skilled, starting rate 78c per hour, 48-hour work week. On Rosemont E. St. Louis Bus.

GEO. S. MEPHAM CORPORATION
2001 Lynch

E. St. Louis, Ill.

Statement of availability required if now in essential industry.

ARMOR PLANT
General Steel Castings Corp.

WEAVER & COLLEGE STREETS

NEEDS MEN
No Special Skill Required

72c Per Hour While Learning

INCREASED DURING THIS SHORT TRAINING PERIOD

APPLY TODAY

Bus and Street Car Transportation

Statement of Availability Required

Daily—9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

SUNDAYS—9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

MEN and BOYS
FOR

Gandy Cooking Dept.

DESIRABLE WORKING CONDITIONS.

GOOD PAY WITH ADVANCEMENT.

OVERTIME RATE AFTER 40 HOURS.

CANDY BROS. MFG. CO.
122 S. EIGHTH ST.

MEN
For Stock and Order Clerks

Wholesale Trainers
GLASSER BROS.
1110 Washington

MEN—BOYS
SOUTH ST. LOUIS

Factory work; cotton goods finishing; permanent; essential industry; no experience necessary; vacation with pay; day shift only.

Lowell Bleachery, 7710 Polk
7800 Route 4, blocks east of Broadway.

MEN
We have several openings

YOUNG MEN
With opportunities to learn a trade with an old established company. Men not working in essential industry are invited to investigate.

Apply

National Bearing Metals Corp.
4930 Manchester

MEN—PUNCH PRESS OPERATORS
Steady work with good post-war position. Must have at least 1 year's recent experience to be considered. Bring your statement of availability.

DAZEY CHURN & MFG. CO.
4315 WARNE

MEN
To Learn Foundry Trades.

Good Opportunity for Advancement.

National Foundry & Machine Co.
7901 Alabama

Special instruction or education in any one of many lines can be arranged by answering the educational want ads now appearing in the Post-Dispatch want ads pages.

MEN
AGES 38 TO 65

BOYS
Ages 16 to 17 and all ages with deferred draft status.

ON WAR WORK
No Experience or Skill Necessary

Choice of Day or Night Work and Various Type Factory Jobs

Light work in South St. Louis factory; good opportunity; 40-hour week; overtime pay \$40.00. Apply for details today. NOW. Box 7-73, P.-D. If employed in essential industry, statement of availability is required.

MEN
AGES 3

FARMS FOR SALE

MISSOURI
ST. CHARLES COUNTY FARMS
58 acres unimproved land, cleared,
acres timber, poplar bottom; \$4000.
63 acres improved bottom farm, \$634
218-acre bottom farm; extra good im-
provements; \$115 per acre.
225-acre improved bottom farm, all in cul-
tivation; produces anything; \$100 an
Have other good farms available.
D. T. GRAY
St. Charles, Mo. Phone 3
FAMOUS FOR FARMS

294 ACRES—On beautiful Gasconade River; reason, account of age; \$13,000. RE 608.

135 ACRES—\$5840; 160 plowed; we ponds; 6 rooms. RE 0400.

1 ACRE—3 rooms; near Mississippi Barnhart. \$2000. RE 0400.

10 ACRES—\$2000; well, cistern; good buildings; fenced. RE 0400.

140 ACRES—\$4000; spring, well, creek; new house; fenced. RE 0400.

102 ACRES—\$2500; barn 36x40; fr

plenty water. RE. 0400.
80 ACRES \$4000; 2 houses, chick
house, 12x28. RE. 0400.

FARM—115 acres, fine bottom lan
close to St. Charles; high state of cu
ltivation; no overflow; all weather roa
fair improvements; no better buy
St. Charles County for the price; \$11
per acre.

D. T. Gray, St. Charles, Mo. Phone 994

DEFENSE WORKERS—Buy this farm
80 acres, 3 miles north of Salem
Highway 68; hunting and fishing
\$2000; terms. Lehman, KI. 1081.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY

FARM—Ideal, small, for active man preparing to retire; 25 miles from heart of St. Louis; \$40,000. Home, large garage, guest quarters, electric, hot heat, large orchard; ideal hen house and equipment, capable of accommodating 500-800 chicks for market at anytime, as well as 300-500 layers; at this year's AAA poultry show on place can be purchased with place if desired.

BOX C-293, Post-Dispatch.

FARM—3 acres adjoining Lambert A Field; 4-room house, county water, electric, telephone; shade; double garage; chicken house AVERY 7548.

REAL ESTATE OUT OF ST. LOUIS

HOME—3 rooms, 3 acres; good soil; chicken dwellings; part cash terms; reasonable. Hogan's Hill, De Soto, Mo. W. J. Shumake.

MODERN 6-room bungalow; lot 50x300; price \$3800. Call St. Clair 21. Write Chas. Murray, St. Clair, Mo.

RESIDENCE—11 rooms, bath. Mrs. W.
Baumann, 319 Quarry, Staunton, Ill.

AUTOMOBILES
AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

ATTENTION

BUY YOUR CAR FROM A PRIVATE
OWNER. CALL CAR EXCHANGE, R.
0607. RO. 1313. 4919 DELMAR.

BUICK—'37 coupe; \$400. 3842 We
Fin.
BUICK—'37 coach, an exceptional bu
at \$375.
O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
4561 Delmar. Open Evenings.
BUICK—'38 sedan; a good clean ca
priced very low; \$485.
O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
4561 Delmar. Open Evenings.
BUICK—'39 club coupe; A-1 condition
good tires; \$700. 1438 Rowan (580
Easton) EV. 2704.
BUICK—'39 sedan; 90% rubber; rad
hubs.

FR. 2419—1936 Good condition; a real buy.
BUICK—'41 black sedanette; full
 equipped; excellent condition. Rauscher
 Chevrolet, Kirkwood. TE. 3-0121.
BUICK—'36, convertible sedan; beautiful
 black car; perfect condition; new tires
 leaving for marina. GR. 6355.
BUICK—1940 special convertible coupe
 excellent condition. 7915 Delmar. DE
 mas 1629.
BUICK—1938 4-door; radio, heater
 \$425. 1968 Goodfellow.
CHEVROLET—1937 coupe, rumble seat

perfect tires; spotless interior; one of the cleanest cars. \$465.
O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
4561 Delmar. Open Evenings.

CHEVROLET—1941, 2-door special deluxe, radio, heater; good tires; 200 miles; private owner. P.O. 1985, 4643 St. Ferdinand.

CHEVROLET—1938 tudor; good tires; 25,000 miles; one of the cleanest cars in St. Louis; \$800. HU. 2029.

CHEVROLET—1937 standard town sedan; 5 nearly new tires, radio and heater. \$395. HU. 2030.

CHEVROLET-1930: exceptionally clean
5 excellent prewar tires; must be seen
to be appreciated. 3615A Alberta.

CHEVROLET-'40 club coupe: A-1 con-
dition; private owner; \$900. 351
Oregon, GR. 6531.

CHEVROLET-'38: 42,000 actual miles
radio, heater, 60 pct. white wall, \$425.
TRI-CH: 1464W.

CHEVROLET-'41 town sedan: radio
heater; everything original. Rausche
Chevrolet, Kirkwood, TE. 3-0121.

RULET - 41 club coupe; very clean
 white side walls; radio; heater; \$1050
 private. RE. 0723 after 1 p. m.
 CHEVROLET - 1937; 26,000 miles; pri-
 vate party; \$400; runs like new. 422
 Natural Bridge.
 CHEVROLET - 1940 town sedan; good
 condition; tires fair. Call after 8
 3736 L. Salls.
 CHEVROLET - 40 special; radio, heater
 private. 1425 Newhouse.
 CHEVROLET - Coupe, '38. A1 condition
 must sell; good tires. DE. 3925.
 CHEVROLET - 40 coach; perfect; good

CHRYSLER-1934 4-door; spotlights and foglights. 1968 Goodfellows.
CHRYSLER-1939 coach; perfect condition. 2933A Eads.
CHRYSLER-34 coach; 5 fair tires; heater. \$65. Ec. 0440.
CHRYSLER-1937 fordor; radio, heater. FL. 6682. 1-6 p. m.; no dealers.
CHRYSLER-38 tudor M. de luxe; \$425 cash; before noon. GO. 8487.
CHRYSLER-39 club coupe; 29,000; radio, heater. 5032 Fernnd.
CHRYSLER-39 club coupe; 29,000; radio, heater. 5032 Fernnd.

HRYSLER—41 coupe; radio; very
 clean, good rubber; sacrifice. GR. 2784
 HEVROLET—4-door sedan, 1938; \$350;
 like new. 5626 Milenta.
 HRYSLER—37 6 sedan; a perfect car
 for economical service; 5 good tires
 \$338.
 O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
 4561 Delma. Open Evenings.
 HRYSLER—42 Windsor convertible; ra-
 dio heater, white wall tires. Raucher
 Chevrolet, Kirkwood. TE. 3-0121.
 HRYSLER—Coupe, '38, good tires; new
 paint. GR. 2433.
 606

1941 4-door custom sedan;
and drive, over
miles; radio and
Laceda 2800.

ODGE '36 coach, radio and heater; 5
good tires, a nice car for cheap trans-
portation. \$245.

O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
4561 Delmar.
Open Evenings.

ODGE '40, convertible; '35 Pontiac
sedan; good condition; in Navy; new
dealers. 980 N. Corsair rd. (Hyattsville
st.), Florissant, Mo.

ODGE Coach, late 1940; excellent ap-
pearance, rubber, chrome, disc

Room 507, 4030 Chouteau.
ODGE '41 custom 4-door sedan; radio, heater.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DeBaliviere.
ODGE-1933, \$75; good tires. 1610 Union.
ODGE-1938 coach; runs good; fair tires; clean, \$123. 1049 S. Boyle.
ODGE '42, 2-door; bargain.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DE BALIVIERE.
ODGE-'41 luxury liner, de luxe; 4-door; very clean \$ 2. Euclid.
ODGE-2-door, '41, 22,000 miles; no

Dealers: 9 to 12, ST. 3207.
DODGE—Coach, 1937; 90% rubber,
1435 N. 13th.

'41 FORD CONVERTIBLE
Practically like new; white side-
wall tires. 85% ; heater, radio.
JOE LENNEMAN, Inc.
5841 DELMAR CA. 4530

FORD—'41 super de luxe tudor; radio

heater; drafted. 2643 Ann.
ORD- '38 2-door, a nice car, in A1
condition; radio and heater, \$495.
O'NEIL MOTOR CO.
4561 Delmar. Open Evenings.
ORD- '41 super de luxe tudor; clean,
radio, heater, good tires, private. \$7.
1977.
ORD- '42 de luxe coupe; radio, heater;
driven only 6000 miles.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DeBaltiere.
ORD- '40 de luxe coupe, radio, heater;
excellent tires. \$700.
BOYD-GIOMI, 530 DeBaltiere.

RD-1936 sedan; excellent tires; motor like new; must sell today, only \$200.
RD-8511.

RD-41 convertible; radio, heater; excellent tires; priced right. Raucher Chevrolet. Kirkwood. TK 3-0121.

RD-1940 coach; extra good; 1941 Plymouth coupe. La Rue, Lindbergh and 66. Kirkwood 132.

RD-1940 de luxe 4-door sedan, water heater; first-class condition; \$1000.
Lockhart 2816.

RD-40 convertible; de luxe; beautiful maroon; new top; radio; good rub-

ber; finish like new. 3518 Lindell.

The Pinkertons

The Burglar Who Became a Baron

By David C. Thornhill

This is the second installment of the case of the German genius, Max Shimburn, infamous bank burglar. It is one of a series of articles on "Manhunting with the Pinkertons."

ALLAN PINKERTON intended to put Max Shimburn at once behind strong bars. But only a small part of the \$56,000 taken in the Whitehaven robbery was recovered. Officials of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. asked Pinkerton to keep him in his custody until the burglar should be willing to help recover the rest of the loot. Against his better judgment Pinkerton consented to the arrangement. He put two of our men in charge of him. The three stayed in a Wilkes-Barre hotel. By day Shimburn was guarded by both men at the same time. By night he was handcuffed to one of the guards and they slept in the same bed. The other guard remained in the adjoining room.

Shimburn had asked permission to wear the same clothes he had on when he was caught. It seemed a harmless request, even to Pinkerton. What the detective did not know was that Shimburn had an assortment of pins stuck in his coat, minute tools to be sure.

But one night when the guard snapped the handcuff about Shimburn's wrist the prisoner flinched as if with pain.

"What's the matter?" the guard asked. "You caught my wrist in the lock!" Shimburn said, and closed his free hand about the steel bracelet, supposedly to rub the pain away. What he really did was to slip a small pin into the catch of the lock. When the detective again snapped the handcuff shut it did not quite lock, though the guard did not notice it.

★ ★ ★
WHEN THE GUARD was deep in sleep Shimburn worked his wrist out of the handcuff. An inch at a time he edged out of bed, then dressed. Feeling about on the washstand in the dark he took up a small but heavy pitcher and stole to the door.

Opening it slightly he looked into the adjoining room. The light was on and the guard there was reading. But luck favored Shimburn for the man's back was to the door. Shimburn was in his stocking feet. Before the guard could turn around the pitcher knocked him unconscious. By the time he recovered Shimburn had stolen out of the hotel.

But Shimburn knew that Pinkerton would not content himself with regrets. He greatly respected the tenacity of the detective and decided that life for him would be an uneasy affair until he put the Atlantic Ocean between himself and Pinkerton. Before he did that, however, he remembered the vow he made on shipboard when he came to America, to make his million dollars.

★ ★ ★
RECKLESS SPECULATION in stocks and high living had all but emptied his pockets, to say nothing of leaving him further from his million than before. In the race to get that million before Pinkerton got him, Shimburn decided to "turn off" the Ocean Bank at Greenwich and Fulton streets in New York.

He chose that bank not because it was easy to "turn off"—it was one of the hardest banks in the country to crack—but because it promised the largest loot. He brought to bear on the job all his equipment of mind and hand, and he and a partner pulled off a classic in burglary.

When the two made a list of their haul it read:

Cash	—	\$325,000
United States Government bonds	—	1,475,000
Miscellaneous bonds, negotiable	—	100,000
Miscellaneous bonds, non-negotiable	—	850,000

Total ————— \$2,750,000
It was the biggest haul in the history of burglary. But when the cash and negotiable paper were divided between the two Shimburn's share still left him \$50,000 short of his million. He hurried down to Westminister, Md., and in record time "turned off" the New Windsor Bank there to the sum of \$285,000.

"This is enough," Shimburn said to himself. "This is the last dollar I will ever steal. From now on it shall be wine, woman and song but, as far as the law is concerned, impeccable respectability."

★ ★ ★
IT WAS THE BEST decision he ever made and it was a sincere intention to reform, not based on any moral motive but simply because Allan Pinkerton had made life too hot for him in America.

With more than a million, he went to Belgium where, at the time there was no extradition law. He was as safe as on the planet Mars. Furthermore, the Belgian police must protect his fortune against any robbers.

In Belgium he bought a fine and famous old chateau, a family title and good will. As "Baron" Shimburn he was host to Sarah Bernhardt, the great tragedienne, and through her he met a big silk manufacturer and went into business with him.

Business proved good and Shimburn was well along toward his second million. To add to his sense of well being came the news that Allan Pinkerton was dead.

He had a gorgeous time with his castle and his title, together with the wealth and manner to carry it off, to say nothing of good looks and charm. He was popular among the men of the aristocracy and a Don Juan among the women. He had achieved what he had set out to do as an immigrant boy of 18 landing in America. There was not a cloud on the horizon. Crime certainly did pay, if one was good enough at it and smart enough to quit a winner as he had done.

★ ★ ★
WHAT SHIMBURN DID not know in his happy heyday was that we of Pinkerton's Agency kept close watch on his behavior. One day William A. Pinkerton, son of Allan, arrived at Brussels. The noble Baron Shimburn learned of it soon enough because Pinkerton went straight to him. W. A.'s call was only incidental to other business in Europe. The agency had clients with interests in Belgium and elsewhere across the ocean and he wanted to know what this dangerous man was up to.

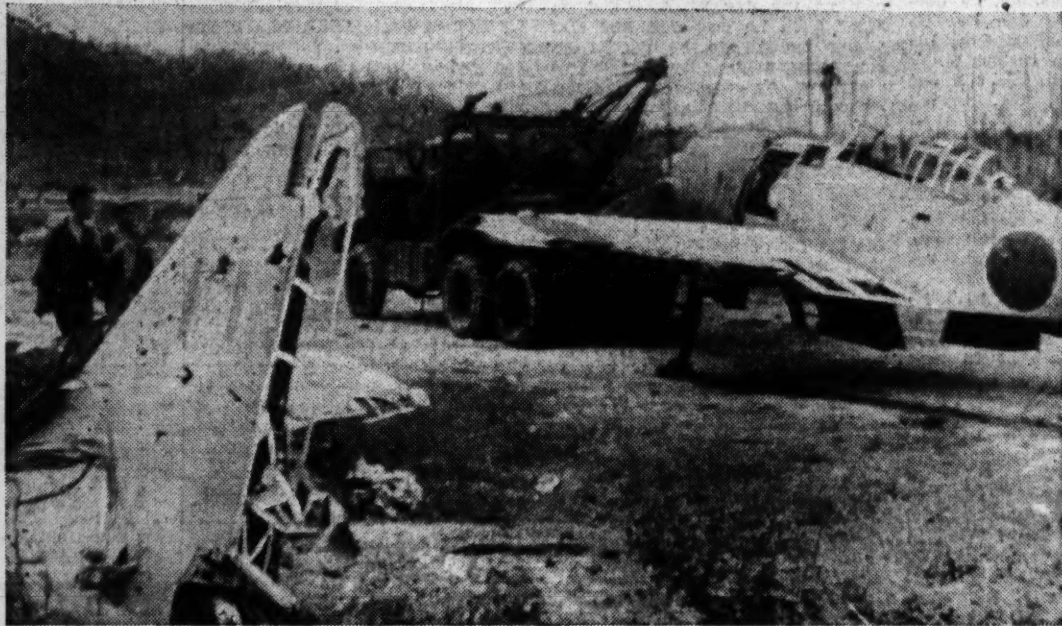
Had the man shown him, as he easily could have done, that his reform was the real thing not a blind for further robberies, and had given as—

Continued on Page 2, Column 2

Yanks Clear Munda Airfield



This general view of Munda airfield was taken from Kokengolo hill, Japanese strongpoint and one of the last overcome by American troops in their drive for the prized landing field in the central Solomons. Wrecked enemy planes are scattered over the airport.



Using a wrecking car, part of their overseas equipment, Yank soldiers take a wrecked Japanese plane in tow, in clearing Munda field for use by the American air arm. Another blasted plane is at left. —Associated Press Wirephotos.



OPERA STARS DONATE BLOOD Four of the principals of the Municipal Opera production "Chu Chin Chow" comprised the first group of members of the outdoor theater who are donating blood to the Red Cross. Photographed today at the Red Cross center at 1007 Olive street, they are: Jack Sheehan (on cot); Paul Haakon (left), William O'Neal and Pinky Lee. —By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.



ST. LOUIS MARINE RECRUITS Sixteen St. Louisans who have joined the Marine Corps Women's Reserve photographed today, preparatory to their departure for training. From left: Anne Patricia Eagan, 4948 St. Louis avenue; Esther Maenner, 3841 Gustine avenue; LaVerne E. Wallace, 1209 North 7th street; Virginia D. Frazee, 3935 W. Florissant avenue; Lorraine E. Ney, 6731 Vermont avenue; Mary K. Blackburn, 4642 Lindell boulevard; Nancy W. Roeder, 14 West Jackson road; Webster Groves; Margaret S. Egler, 4749 Beacon avenue; Clarisa M. Cooke, 5337A Sutherland avenue; Geraldine E. Rapp, 5534 Hodiarnon avenue; Myra I. King, 2603 Slattery street; Evelyn E. Rhodes, 6532 Odell street; Cecelia R. Morice, 5645 Goodfellow boulevard; Mabel C. Sands, 4158 McPherson avenue; Florence M. Fechtler, 3350A Blackstone avenue, and Pauline C. Weber, 3542 Sidney street. —By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.



SMILES FOR THE CHIEF Sappers of the British Eighth Army, engaged in probing for enemy mines along a Sicilian road, look anything but worried over their hazardous work as they pause for a visit with their commander, Gen. Sir Bernard L. Montgomery, seated in car. —Associated Press Wirephoto.



BABY GETS FATHER'S MEDAL Eleven-month-old Simon Warmenhoven Jr. receiving the Distinguished Service Cross awarded posthumously to his father, Lt. Col. Simon Warmenhoven of Grand Rapids, Mich., in a ceremony at Detroit. Mrs. Warmenhoven holds the baby as Col. August M. Krech pins on the medal. Col. Warmenhoven, a medical officer, was killed in New Guinea when he went through enemy fire to treat wounded Americans. —Associated Press Wirephoto.



ATTU HERO DECORATED

Maj. Gen. Eugene M. Landrum receiving the Navy's Distinguished Service Medal from V. Adm. Thomas C. Kinkaid, North Pacific Navy commander who led the successful occupation of Kiska Island. The award, made at Landrum's headquarters in the Aleutians Aug. 9, was for the General's leadership in the Attu campaign. Lt. Gen. John DeWitt is in background. Landrum was battalion commander at Jefferson Barracks in 1933 and 1934. —Associated Press Wirephoto.



CHILD AIDED BY YANKS

A Sicilian carries his wounded daughter from an American first aid station at Troina, after she had been treated by Yankee captors of the town. She munches a biscuit from "C" rations supplied by one of the medical officers. —Associated Press Wirephoto.

BROADWAY

By WALTER WINCHELL

Walter Winchell is on vacation. During his absence his column will be written by guest contributors. Today's guest is Peter Donald, radio comedian.

WITH the world undergoing a historic upheaval, and the old order giving way to new practically every hour on the hour, it is time Broadway and Hollywood column writers and gag men tossed some fresh chestnuts on the fire.

Perhaps the most far-reaching reform these gentlemen could effect would be to abandon some of the stock personalities they have kept alive for such a long time. After all, Sam Goldwyn is not the only man who ever misused the English language to comic effect. Skokowski is not the only temperamental man in the world and George Jessel is not the only man to marry a youngster.

The Temperance Society could probably give us statistics on tipplers, but for the record only W. C. Fields ever touched a drop, if the columnists are to be believed.

FOR EXAMPLE, the other day W. C. was suffering from one of his daily hangovers. "May I fix you a seltzer?" suggested the waiter. "Ye gods, no!" moaned Fields. "I couldn't stand the noise!" So conditioned has the column reading public become to these hidebound rules that such an anecdote would lose its meaning if told about—say Sherman Billingsley.

YOU ALL KNOW what a voracious eater Alfred Hitchcock is. I'm sure you do. The typewriter-tappers have lived for years off the fat of the man. He dined recently at the rather sparse table of one of Hollywood's best-known hostesses (who shall herein go blameless—rationaling, you know). As the coffee was brought in to the still-starving director, the hostess beamed: "I do hope that you will soon dine here again."

"By all means," croaked Hitchcock, "let's start now."

YOU HAVE THE written word of the journalists that Sidney Skolsky, the diminutive Hollywood columnist, is the world's foremost hypochondriac. Whenever I see that five-syllable word in print Sidney's name pops into my mind. I believe, then, every word of the story when I learn that Sidney happened to overhear two studio doctors discussing a patient's kidney ailment the other day. Overcome with imagined pains, he rushed to his own physician to insist he had kidney trouble. The medico explained that in that particular affliction there were no pains nor discomfort of any kind. "I knew it," screamed Skolsky, "my symptoms exactly!"

HOW MANY MEN have married a handful of wives! Apparently only Tommy Manville, though I am sure there are many more. But, for example, just the other day T. Manville was enrolling for some local civilian defense work and being interviewed by a supervisor. Manville answered question after question with a serene countenance until his questioner asked: "And how many times, sir, have you been married?" "What is this," screamed Manville, "a memory test?" The column writers have built up George Jean Nathan as the only drama critic ever to say an unkind word about the theater. But merely because a certain third-rate playwright happened to accuse the great Nathan himself the other night at Dinty Moore's, the event must be recorded—or a mighty institution would crumble. "Lemme tell you about my new play," insisted the scribbler. "The hero is a stoker on a cargo ship. . . he's torpedoed, gets stranded on a desert island and the natives, who never heard of the war, make him king. Can you see the terrific possibilities for complications?"

"Yes," murmured Nathan, reaching for his hat and the door, "chiefly of a financial character."

CASE RECORDS

By Dr. George W. Crane

CASE A-207: Lawrence W., aged 31, is a successful insurance man. "We have 49 agents," he began. "They are divided into units of 7 men each. I have charge of one of these. For six years I have been quite successful. But during the past two months I have grown self-conscious and so analytical of everything that I am losing my grip on my men. I used to hold group sales meetings, but now I am afraid to stand up before the fellows, though I can still deal with them individually. I may go out with a man for a week or two and do all right, but I am afraid of a group sales discussion at the office."

"IT ALL STARTED when I got an older man in my unit who was a former lawyer. He is analytical and inclined to criticize me. He told me that I was slipping in my leadership of the men, and now I am afraid he is correct. Dr. Crane, I hate to go to the office in the morning. I wonder if I shouldn't look for another position somewhere else? I am so uncertain and fearful that I blush and act like an amateur when I talk to the men at the office. I can't go on like this, for my men will lose respect for me. What do you recommend?"

YOU READERS may recall the ancient rhyme about the centipede:

"The centipede was happy, quite,
Until the toad, in fun,
Asked which leg followed after which.
This wrought him up to such a pitch
He lay quite prostrate in the ditch
Inquiring how to run!"

The moral of that little poem is obvious. As soon as we become too analytical or conscious of self, then we interfere with the previously smooth functioning of our habits. Lawrence was an extroverted salesman, successful and happy, until this ex-lawyer criticized him and made him indulge in self-analysis. The longer you analyze yourself, the less successful you are likely to become. That's why a man stutters. He has paid conscious attention to the act of speaking because of some embarrassing slip of the tongue, and his consciousness of a previous automatic action has now thrown a monkey-wrench into its machinery. The person who always blushes profusely is simply a victim of this self-analysis. At some time in the past his attention was called to his pink skin and red ears. Since then, he keeps thinking about himself.

LAWRENCE is handicapped by this ex-lawyer, who is older and of course desirous of being thought a "big shot" because he once had a successful practice. The lawyer tries to browbeat others so he can stand out as the top man in the group. It rattles the lawyer's pride to think a younger fellow is his superior. So he has made Lawrence self-conscious to the point where the latter is ready to quit his job. I told Lawrence that his chief talent lay in an extroverted field like selling. He needs, therefore, to keep his attention focused on the external environment, rather than on himself. So I launched him on the "Compliment Club" experiment, for that is the quickest way to overcome self-consciousness.

From Burglar to Baron

Posing As Belgian Nobleman, Shinburn Evades Police

Continued From Page One.

surances of continued good behavior, Pinkerton would have let the man alone. His errand was much the equivalent of a modern parole officer to whom paroled criminals must report periodically.

But Shinburn knew his rights. Legally he did not have to tell this American detective anything about himself, and he didn't. Also hatred still smoldered in his heart against the detective's father, so now he took it out on the son, who listened to the tirade, then quietly departed.

Shinburn had enjoyed himself hugely but it was a costly pleasure. As the detective must learn to think as does the man he is pursuing, so it behooves the criminal to think as does the detective on his trail. Shinburn had failed to do this and it was a ruinous blunder.

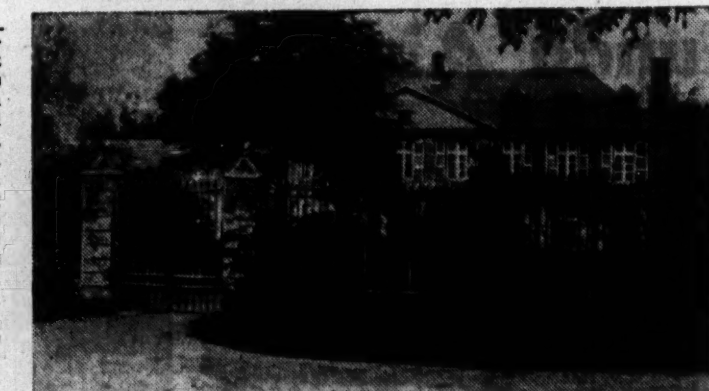
William Pinkerton placed Baron Shindle's record in the hands of the astonished Belgian police who lost no time in passing the information on to the Baron's associates.

His partner, having no desire to be in business with a former bank robber, withdrew, and his social life went into a total eclipse. Stage stars no longer shone at Castle Shindle and customers transferred their accounts to other concerns. His business crashed and with it went nearly every dollar he had, after buying his partner out.

When his pockets were almost empty the old Max Shinburn swung into action. With what money he could scrape together he chartered a rotten shell of a freight ship, loaded it with worthless cargo and insured it for a big sum.

Then he designed a bomb that was to go off in the hold of the ship when it was on the high seas. The ship would sink with all on board and Shinburn would cash in on his insurance policy. Instead, the bomb went off while the ship was being loaded. Twenty-one men were killed. The insurance policy did not cover the explosion and Max Shinburn lost his last cent.

At this point he tried to hook up with Adam Worth, across the Channel in England. But Adam had heard of that profitless murder of 21 men, even if the authorities did not know how it happened, and he sent a contemptuous answer that Shinburn was an out-of-date bungler. Max had lost his fortune but he still had his title, something



IN THIS BELGIAN "CHATEAU," BOUGHT UNDER THE TITLE OF "BARON SHINDLE," THE FORMER SAFE-CRACKER LIVED LAVISHLY ON THE FORTUNE HE HAD TAKEN FROM "IMPREGNABLE" STRONG-BOXES.

that even Worth never achieved. Who was Adam to high-bait Baron Shindle? The affront seems to have infuriated him more than all the trouble caused him by Allan Pinkerton, but he was in no position to wreak vengeance just then.

First he must get some money and he remembered the old adage that the shoemaker should stick to his last. He would go back to the specialty in which he had never had an equal.

He turned for funds to the Provincial Bank of Verviers, Belgium, in his old fashion, as burglar. But his hand had lost its art and in the midst of his bungling, watchmen rushed in. Shinburn meant to shoot it out but his old luck, too, turned against him, and a club knocked him senseless before he could use his revolver.

He was sent to prison for five years and tried to escape. Once more an old talent deserted him and he had to serve his full time. When he left prison he was expelled from Belgium.

Yet while behind the bars he was able to revenge himself on Adam Worth, who also had come to the end of his rope in that same prison. Adam concocted what might have been a successful prison break, had not Shinburn betrayed him to the guards.

After serving his full time Shinburn crept back to the scenes of his former triumphs in the United States and tried his hand at burglary again. But in his absence safe makers had gained on safe breakers. He did manage to "turn off" the First National Bank at Middleburg, New York, and made a small haul.

But we of the Pinkerton Agency knew he was back and recognized his handwork in the Middleburg job. We got on his trail and caught up with him in an unprepossessing rooming house in New York. He surrendered without a fight.

He was sent to Dannemora prison and stayed there for years. When he left it, legitimately this time, he was 60, aging fast, a sick devil willing to turn saint. He made the Pinkertons an offer.

It was much the same proposition that might have saved him from disaster in Belgium by accepting, the day W. A. called on him. Then he was rich and still young enough to be dangerous. Now it meant little because he was disarmed by age and disease. Nevertheless it was accepted. The Agency pursues criminals relentlessly but never revengefully. Criminals know it and quite a number have turned to us to act as peacemakers with society. Shinburn wrote a book giving the world the benefit of his experience as a burglar to help society in its war against burglars.

In return William Pinkerton was instrumental in getting Shinburn admitted to the John Howard Home for Reformed Criminals. It was there that Shinburn died—without a cent to show for a half-century of brilliant attempts to do wrong right.

Next Sunday Mr. Thornhill will tell about Butch Cassidy, the chivalrous cattle rustler, who never wanted to be a bandit at all, but found himself driven by fate deeper and deeper into the mazes of an outlaw life, until a fusillade of shots ended his curiously twisted career.

Take My Word for It

By Frank Colby

TARANTO.

The important Italian port and naval base of Taranto (ancient name, Tarentum) first became prominent in the news early in the war when many units of Italy's fleet were destroyed in the harbor in a surprise attack by R. A. F. torpedo planes.

Taranto is pronounced: tah-RAHN-toe.

One of the most interesting facts about the name Taranto is that it is the source of the word TARANTULA, for the large and venomous spiders abound in and near the city.

It was once believed that the bite of a tarantula would result in a disease called tarantism (a cent the first syllable), the unfortunate victim of which was seized with an uncontrollable passion for dancing. And it was believed that tarantism could be cured only by inducing the victim to indulge his mania to the utmost. Whereupon, friends and relatives would assemble, with whatever musical instruments were close at hand, and provide the music for the frenzied jitterbugging. The poor wretch was forced to continue until he fell exhausted, if not unconscious.

The fast and passionate music played at such occasions was referred to as a "tarantella," a diminutive of the name Taranto. And even now the tarantella is a recognized form of musical composition—a lively folk dance in the Neapolitan manner.

Although Taranto and Toronto (Canada) are pronounced almost identically, there is no kinship in the names. Toronto is an Indian word meaning "a meeting place."

My Neighbor Says:

Save drippings in small containers, such as screw-top jars or covered glasses, and use in order of age. Adding layer after layer to drippings in a container leaves the oldest fats at the bottom of the container to become rancid.

When making syrups for canning fruits, use the following proportions: Light, one cup sugar to three or four cups of water. Medium, one cup sugar to two cups water. Heavy, one cup sugar to three-fourths or one cup water. Fruit juice may be substituted for part or all the water called for. Light corn syrup or mild-flavored honey may replace half the sugar.

Your Stars

By Marion Drew

WHAT TO EXPECT TOMORROW

Sun in Virgo.

GENERAL Tendencies—Not much can be suggested for tomorrow's trend. Try to avoid deception and misunderstandings, and be prepared for some hard work. It is a time when small details will be more beneficial than more ambitious projects. By no means repeat gossip or allow yourself to be placed in compromising positions.

If Tomorrow Is Your Birthday. The year ahead is certainly eventful, although not entirely pleasant. Men of this date are very closely connected with war efforts in 1943-44, no matter whether they may be old or young. The position of Mars, the War God, shows technical effort and sudden reversals. Women of this date should wait a while before marrying.

Tomorrow's Watchdog. Usefulness L. pointed out tomorrow by the position of the sun. Some wit said that busy people are never busybodies, and probably the useful person has no time to waste in small quarrels with others. Life itself is useful, and when a man or an institution ceases to be of use, it dies. We are happiest, too, when useful to the world.

The Solomon Islands were named after King Solomon because they were supposed to be the source of gold with which the King decorated the temple of Jerusalem.

MY DAY

By Eleanor Roosevelt

HYDE PARK, Sunday.

WARTIME housing has led certain people to various conclusions. Some said to me the other day that they had been in some of the modern trailers built to house emergency workers near war plants, and in some of the defense housing which covers the minimum decencies of living, and they had decided that this was really all anyone should ever need in the way of a home.

Housing has made great strides during the war. In the laboratories new materials are constantly being developed, so it is more than likely that when the war is over it will be possible for people, who have never before been able to afford a decent house of their own, to build one at a moderate price and to live in it comfortably. I hope, however, no one will feel that the space which has been accepted by workers during the present emergency period is really sufficient for an acceptable home in the future.

It is true that many children grow up in tenement houses, crowded all their lives into rooms where there is no privacy and under conditions which allow no human being to commune with himself in peace and tranquility.

Every child needs some spot where he can collect a few possessions which he will grow to love, where he can even indulge in a hobby. If he can not do this at home, he will look for it somewhere else, and home will not be a home in the sense of being a place

of refuge for the soul as well as the body. It will be a place in which to sleep and eat and see the people with whom, for some strange reason, the child recognizes there is a tie which can not be broken, but it will not be a place where deep spiritual relationships develop. The chances are that mother, father, sisters and brothers will be people whom the child knows very well. They meet every day and they know each other's habits and peculiarities, and some of them are irritating and some of them seem lovable, but the person that the child feels stirring within himself, remains locked up waiting for the privacy that is never found at home.

I think one reason that so many country boys and girls come to town to make good, is because they usually grow up in an environment where some place can belong to them and where they can be alone. When we think about homes for the future, we have to think about taxes, insurance, real estate values, good plumbing and the best possible way of producing something which will last long enough to be a good investment for the owner. Let us remember, however, that homes are places for families to grow in, and let's try to plan for space so individuals can create their own environment and grow in it.

Inside the capized Normandie are 100,000 tons of water, 10,000 cubic yards of mud, hundreds of tons of debris.

THEY'LL DO IT EVERY TIME—By Jimmy Hatlo



THIS GAY 90'S MENU IS SURE TO CLICK WITH OLD AND YOUNG ALIKE

by Falstaff's Priscilla Foster



Here's a supper suggestion as old-fashioned as Aunt Mary's petticoat, yet as modern as a liquid stocking. Picked Pick's Feet! Remember? They're a favorite leg from 'way back. And, when served with another old-timer like Premium Quality Falstaff—well, it's sure to start your guests, especially the menfolk, reminiscing in the past.

A platter piled high with spicy, pickled pig's feet, and a big bowl of tempting potato salad, is a hearty combination—appetizing and wholesome—permy-icious and point thrifty...



MENU
Spicy, Pickled Pig's Feet
Potato Salad
Sliced Cucumbers
Dill Pickles
Pumpkin Seed Bread
Swiss Cheese Slices
Premium Quality Falstaff

*Hot Potato Salad: Cook 8 medium potatoes until tender. Drain, peel and dice. (5 cups) Sauté onion in 4 tbs. hot bacon drippings until tender; add 2 tbs. flour and blend. Stir in 1/2 cup vinegar and 1/2 cup water; season with 2 tsp. salt, 1/2 tsp. pepper and cook until mixture thickens, stirring constantly. Pour 1/2 cup salad dressing over combined potatoes, 1/2 cup diced green pepper, 4 hard-cooked eggs; diced. Add hot mayonnaise and turn into a bowl lined with lettuce.

Semi-boneless pig's feet, 12 lbs. cured, cooked and spiced, come in 1 pound, and 12 ounce jars, all ready to open and use. Smaller jars are available in various sizes.

Note: For cool evenings, you may want to serve them hot. Here's how you do it. Rub each piece with melted bacon drippings; roll in fine bread or cracker crumbs and broil for about 15 minutes.

Add zest and color to every meal you serve by placing a cool bottle of Premium Quality Falstaff at the side of every plate. Falstaff is the best known and recognized for more than three generations for its famous flavor. Millions agree it's The Choicest Product of the Brewers' Art.

Economy Quarts—Order Premium Quality Falstaff in the new thrifty quart. Serves five full glasses.

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NEW TIME

COTTON BELT ROUTE

AUGUST 22, 1943

Read Down			Read Up		
Morning Star No. 3			Morning Star No. 6		
8:30AM	Lv.	ST. LOUIS	Ar.	10:00AM	
2:05AM	Ar.	Dexter	Ar.	3:10AM	
2:50AM	Ar.	Malden	Ar.	2:30AM	
4:35AM	Ar.	Paragould	Ar.	12:30AM	
5:30AM	Ar.	Jonesboro	Ar.	11:20PM	
9:00AM	Ar.	Brinkley	Lv.	8:40PM	
Evening Star No. 2			Evening Star No. 2		
9:50PM	8:10AM	Lv.	MEMPHIS	Ar.	10:40PM
11:20PM	9:50AM	Lv.	Brinkley	Ar.	8:10PM
12:18AM	11:04AM	Ar.	Stuttgart	Ar.	6:51PM
1:27AM	12:35PM	Ar.	Pine Bluff	Ar.	5:40PM
2:28AM	1:44PM	Ar.	Fordyce	Ar.	2:36PM
3:20AM	2:37PM	Ar.	Camden	Ar.	3:38PM
7:20AM		Ar.	SHERVEPORT	Lv.	8:50PM
6:10AM	5:25PM	Ar.	Tazewell	Ar.	12:45PM
8:10AM	7:25PM	Ar.	Mt. Pleasant	Ar.	11:00AM
9:53AM	9:08PM	Ar.	Commerce	Ar.	9:34AM
10:33AM	9:40PM	Ar.	Greenville	Ar.	9:13AM
12:30PM	11:25PM	Ar.	DALLAS	Lv.	7:30AM
					4:40PM

Rail or Motor Coach Tickets Between Dallas and Fort Worth from or to Plano and Stations East will be Honored by Any Rail Line or Texas Motor Coach.

8:30AM	7:45PM	Lv.	MT. PLEASANT	Ar.	10:40AM	8:10PM
10:00AM	9:24PM	Ar.	Camp Fannin	Ar.	8:29PM	6:29PM
10:25AM	9:40PM	Ar.	Tyler	Lv.	8:25AM	6:10PM
10:35AM		Lv.	Tyler	Ar.		5:40PM
1:55PM		Ar.	Larkin	Lv.		2:25PM
12:50PM	12:02AM	Ar.	Corrick	Ar.	5:55AM	3:55PM
2:40PM	1:45AM	Ar.	Waco	Lv.	4:50AM	2:10PM

WACO, NORTH CAMP HOOD AND GATESVILLE

6:00AM	12:15AM	Ar.	Waco	Ar.	2:00PM	7:45PM	3:30PM
6:45AM	12:30AM	Ar.	McGregor	Lv.	1:20PM	7:00PM	3:20PM
7:30AM	1:05PM	Ar.	McGregor	Ar.	12:30PM	6:30PM	2:30PM
8:30AM		Ar.	Gatesville	Lv.	11:00AM		

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY SERVICE ONLY

12:05PM	8:00PM	Lv.	Waco	Ar.	4:00PM	11:15PM
12:45PM	8:45PM	Ar.	McGregor	Ar.	3:20PM	10:35PM
1:35PM	9:00PM	Ar.	McGregor	Lv.	2:30PM	9:55PM

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TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY VALUES!

LEGS OF YOUNG LAMB

CAREFULLY SELECTED BY OUR BUYER FOR TENDERNESS AND FLAVOR
AVERAGE 7 LBS.—ONLY 7 RED PER LB.

FRESH—RED	Ground Ham 2 Lbs.	85c	YOUNG LAMB—RED	Shoulders	34c
	For a Delicious Meat Loaf			Economy Cut—3/4 to 4 Lbs.	

FANCY	Acorn Squash	15c	FRESH	Green Peppers	10c
	Kind to Bake and Butter			The Kind to Serve Stuffed	
NEW IDAHO	Potatoes	5 Lbs. 29c	SUMMER	White Squash	8c
	Fine to Bake and Mash			Tender, Young, Sweet	

APPLE SAUCE LAYER CAKES

RICH, MOIST, ROUND 2-LAYER CAKES
ICED IN CREAMY WHITE FROSTING

WHOLE WHEAT	Clover Rolls	18c	WEDNESDAY ONLY!	Ginger Cookies	18c
	For Variety in Breads			The Old-Fashion Kind	
CRUMBS	Coffee Cake	28c	THURSDAY ONLY!	Cherry Pies	43c
	Most Popular Variety			Rich, Flaky Pastry	
STRAUB'S	Vienna Bread	10c	STRAUB'S—10 RED	Graham Butter	51c
	With Our Butter, It's a Meal			From Sweet Cream, Lightly Salted	

LARGER	Ovaltine	Can 69c	PRINCE WHOLE—23 BLUE	Spiced Peaches	40c
	Healthful, Flavorful			Serve With Meat Course	
SHORTENING—12 RED	Spry	3 Lbs. Can 69c	HEINZ	India Relish	23c
	For Frying or Baking			Good With Hot Meats	
POPULAR	Post Toasties 2 Pkg.	19c	UNDERWOOD—2 RED	Deviled Ham 2 Lbs.	67c
	With Fruit for Breakfast			For Tasty Sandwiches	
INSTANT	Postum	Tin 26c	FOR CANNING!	Tin Cans	69c
	After Dinner Beverage			Sealing Wax, Pig. 1lb	
LARGE	Duz	2 Pkg. 47c	KITCHEN	Klenzer	6 Cans 35c
	Large Oxydol, 2 for 47c			Scours, Cleans Everything	
POPULAR	Clorox	Full Quart 19c	SOAP	Ivory	Med Bar 3 for 20c
	Many Household Uses			Large Bar, 1lb	

PLEASE DON'T FORGET YOUR RATION BOOKS
HAVE READY ON "WILL CALLS" or DELIVERY!

Straub's Select Foods

Buy Bonds or Stamps

Regularly Every Pay Day

Be Your Patriotic Duty Generously

Buy Them at the KSD Booth
First Floor Lobby, Post-Dispatch Bldg.
12th and Olive Sts.

My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr:

It is considered all right for a man who is separated, but not divorced, from his wife to go out with other women? He has asked two unmarried friends of ours to dinner on several occasions, and behaved like a perfect gentleman. For him to date girls seems all right to us but we would like to know what you think.

HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

actually divorced is date any one woman, any more than if he were still living with his wife, for in the eyes of the law he is still a married man.

★ ★ ★

Dear Martha Carr:

ABOUT A YEAR ago I was dating a boy who is now in the Army. He made no formal promises when he left, but I felt as if I belonged to him. Three months ago I met another boy and seem to now love him as much as I do the one in the Army, and he is asking me to marry him. I still write the Army fellow and haven't told him a word about the second boy. I can't make up my mind what to do, which boy to take, and it's got so I worry so much I can't sleep nights. My mother is no help to me, refuses to decide for me, so please tell me what I should do.

BETTY W.

Your mother is right in feeling the decision must be your own, but I can at least point out to you that if you are no more sure than you are now which boy you want, you had better stay single. Marry one today, and tomorrow you'll wish it had been the other. Be friends with both but give yourself time. When the war is over you may have matured sufficiently to make a wise choice—and it may be you won't choose either of them.

★ ★ ★

IN ANSWER TO "Lonely Mother-To-Be": The last few weeks of waiting are always hardest, and these mothers at home with young babies or waiting the arrival of babies are not having any easy time. Doubts and fears are bound to hound you, but you must remember that for the baby's sake you have to keep well and maintain as cheerful an attitude as possible. Read interesting and cheerful books, listen to good radio programs, have friends in for tea, go to movies with a theme far apart from war, take a short walk in the cool of the evening, do simple little untiring tasks around the house. The time will pass before you know it and your husband will be so happy to know what a good soldier his wife has been.

★ ★ ★

IN ANSWER TO "G. B.": Certainly at 43 you must realize that to live with a man outside of marriage is doing wrong. He seems to be already tiring of the relationship and when you least expect it, will walk out and leave you, probably for a younger woman. You would be wise to find yourself a job and be self-supporting and not depend on any man until you find one who wants to marry you and whom you can feel toward as a woman should toward a husband. Have you ever stopped to consider how your children must regard you and your present mode of life? If you have no care for your own reputation at least consider how this sort of thing reflects on them. Leave him? The answer is "Yes."

★ ★ ★

Dear Martha Carr:

I AM A PATIENT at Koch Hospital. My roommate and I are making purses to sell, and we need old purses with wooden tops. If any readers have some they do not want we would be so grateful if you will send them to us.

ELSIE KREJCI,
Koch Hospital, Div. 5, Koch, Mo.

"Kitchen Influence"

By Emily Post

OF all the millions of American families who for generations have spent most of their time in the kitchen—in fact, made of it the family's living-room—there is nothing in our history to indicate that a single one of them found "the kitchen influence" to have been a detriment to their behavior, no matter where they have been called upon to go—not even in taking up residence in the White House.

This remark is made to the writer of the following letter: "Why is it so many families are content to let the kitchen influence their behavior? What I mean is this: They rent, or likely own a house that has an adequate dining room, and from then on eat most of their meals in the kitchen, or in a part of the kitchen known as the 'nook.' They even have the radio installed in the kitchen instead of in the living room."

★ ★ ★

"I KNOW THAT OF necessity, countless wives, when doing their housework, have to spend considerable time in the kitchen. But I am of the opinion that this 'stay-in-the-kitchen' tendency is being overcome, and the first thing we know we will find ourselves a nation, which, having been brought up in the kitchen, will be ill at ease when necessity obliges us to enter someone's living-room, or to take places at a formally appointed table. Perhaps it's worth discussing."

In further answer to this writer, I can only ask why should the family's behavior in the kitchen be less admirable than that same family's behavior in the living-room? It isn't the name of the room that makes its atmosphere, but the tastes and manners of those who live in it. The person of perfect manners is one whose behavior is exactly the same in her kitchen as in her drawing-room—her bedroom as in the street. In other words, the question of influence is not one of where but of who!

★ ★ ★

DEAR MRS. POST: When including two little flower girls and a little ring bearer in the same wedding, how shall they walk up the aisle?

Answer: Just as the ushers precede the bridesmaids, the ring bearer precedes the flower girls. This is, however, not a fixed rule, since it looks better to let smaller children walk ahead of the larger.

★ ★ ★

DEAR MRS. POST: What is your opinion of office women and saleswomen wearing bows and flowers in their hair while at work?

Answer: I see no objection as long as the idea isn't overdone. A mass of flowers and a collection of bows is what I mean by "overdone."

Economical Menus for Tomorrow

By Meta Given

DURING the next month, tomatoes will literally "steal the show"—for it is now that they are at their best. Fortunately, they can be grown 'most any place in the United States so that just about all of us can enjoy them. We are even more fortunate, in that, nutritionally, the tomato can take the place of scarce fresh fruit—a shortage you undoubtedly have felt already. We all need the vitamin C that we've been accustomed to obtaining from our citrus fruit but which can adequately be provided by a double amount of economical home-canned tomato juice.

The generous use of tomatoes in the diet calls upon the housewife's imagination to provide variety. There are so many ways of using tomatoes—sliced, mixed with other vegetables in salads, fried, stewed, juiced, stuffed, a la casserole, soups, sauces—a list which is almost endless. Here's a chance to impress your family with your ingenuity. Choose the nicest looking tomatoes that you have and stuff them with the filling in the recipe below. Then arrange them around the meat on a large platter—and watch people go for them, not only because they're so attractive but also because they are good to eat.

Baked Stuffed Tomatoes.

Four large solid tomatoes, two slices bacon, diced; one-fourth cup chopped celery, two tablespoons chopped onion, one-fourth cup water, one egg, one-half teaspoon salt, pepper, two cups toasted bread crumbs.

Wash tomatoes and cut out stem end. Remove a slice from the top and scoop out part of the tomato; chop tomato, centers and tops. Sauté bacon, celery and onion for about 10 minutes. Add remaining ingredients and tomato pulp. Sprinkle inside of tomato generously with salt; fill with stuffing and place in shallow greased baking dish. Bake at 350 degrees Fahrenheit for 20-25 minutes or until tomatoes are soft but not mushy. Any extra stuffing may be placed around the tomato. Serves four.

MENUS FOR TUESDAY.

Breakfast.

Orange slices, four oranges, sliced; hot oatmeal, one and one-half cups; quick-cooking rolled oats, three cups boiling water, one and one-half teaspoon salt, two milk, sugar; toast and butter, eight slices enriched bread, butter or fortified margarine; coffee (for adults), three tablespoons coffee; milk (for children), two cups milk.

Luncheon.

Corn custard, two tablespoons shortening, one and one-half tablespoons flour, one cup milk, two cups cooked fresh corn, one tablespoon sugar, one teaspoon salt, dash pepper, two eggs. Make white sauce from first four ingredients. Add next four and heat thoroughly. Remove from fire, add beaten eggs; bake in greased baking dish in moderate oven (350 degrees) until corn is firm (25-30 minutes). Whole wheat muffins, one cup all-purpose flour, one cup whole wheat flour, one teaspoon salt, three tablespoons baking powder, two tablespoons brown sugar, one cup milk, one egg (well beaten), one-fourth cup melted shortening. Cabbage and tomato salad, one-half small head cabbage (shredded), three tomatoes, one-third cup mayonnaise mixed with three tablespoons French dressing, seasoning. Chocolate rennet custard, one package chocolate rennet powder, one pint milk. Milk for all, four cups milk.

Dinner.

Liver loaf, one pound pork liver (four red points), one cup milk, two tablespoons melted shortening, three eggs (beaten), two and one-fourth teaspoons salt, one-fourth teaspoon pepper, one tablespoon grated onion, one-eighth teaspoon nutmeg, one and one-half cups fine dry bread crumbs. Remove skin and tubes from liver; put through food chopper. Mix with remaining ingredients. Bake in moderate oven (325-350 degrees) for about one hour. Boiled potatoes, one and one-half pounds potatoes, seasonings; baked stuffed tomatoes (see recipe above). Carrot and celery curls, three large carrots, three stalks celery; bread and butter, eight slices enriched bread, butter or fortified margarine; baked pears, four fresh pears, two tablespoons sugar, two tablespoons lemon juice, one-fourth cup water, two teaspoons butter. Place halved pears upside down in baking dish; sprinkle with sugar and lemon juice. Pour water around them; dot with butter. Cover and bake in moderate oven (350 degrees) until soft (three-fourths to one hour). Coffee (for adults), three tablespoons coffee; milk (for children), two cups milk.

Salt Pork and Beans

One quart navy beans, two quarts water, one and one-half pounds salt pork, one-third cup molasses, one tablespoon salt, three tablespoons sugar, one teaspoon mustard, one cup boiling water. Soak navy beans overnight in cold water. Drain and cover with fresh water. Cook slowly one to one and one-half hours or until skins burst readily when a bean is removed from pan and blown upon. Put in a large baking pan. Remove rind from salt pork, score in squares, bury in top of beans, leaving only scored portion exposed. Mix salt, sugar, mustard, molasses and boiling water and pour over beans, adding enough additional water to cover beans. Cover dish and bake six to eight hours in a slow oven (250 degrees). Add hot water as needed. During last hour uncover to brown. Serves 12. Serve with cole slaw or green salad.

Rise and Fall of One-Punch Hope

Bob Tells About His Brief But Interesting Career As a Prizefighter

By Bob Hope

Chapter Two of "Bob Hope's Own Story."

I DID all right at the auto factory. One day the boss called me in and said: "Hope, I have been waiting you work and you have a mechanical mind—but why didn't you wind it up this week?"

Our boss was a kindly man. Every morning he would line up his employees and say: "Fellows, I started from the bottom just like you did, and there's no reason why any of you couldn't take my place if you all pull together—that's why I'm going to bust up your union."

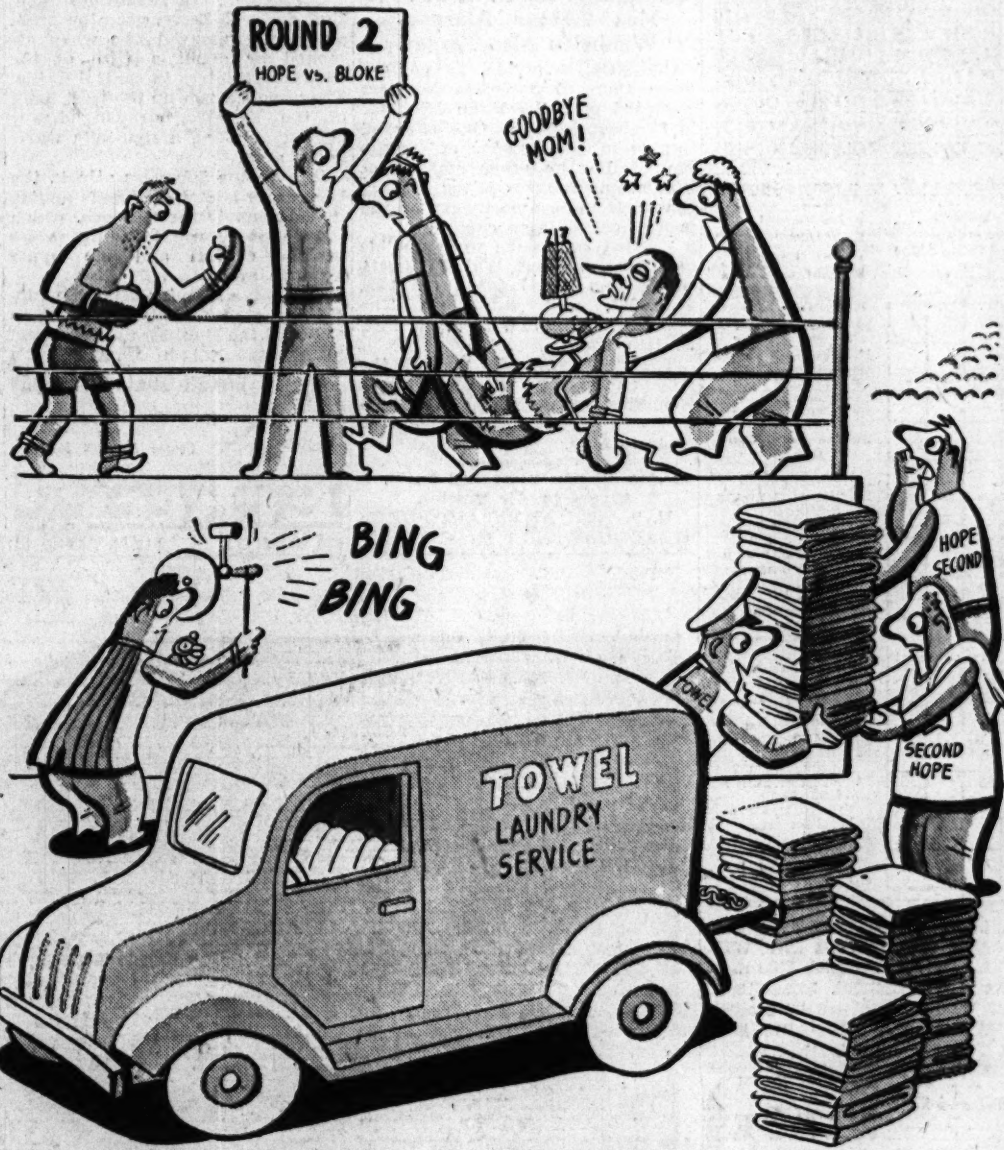
It was shortly after I started working at the Chandler plant that I found out my foreman was a tenor singer and with two other workers we formed the Motor Car Quartet, familiarly known as the "Crunk Case Carusos." We were different. We were the only quartet in the country that leaned to the left in "Apple Blossom Time."

One of us carried the melody while the rest of us tried to destroy it. One day when we should have been working on the assembly line we had a jam session and forty-two cars went through without running boards. That was the start of stream-lined cars and a new job for me.

By this time I was getting stronger and huskier and someone said to me: "Why don't you take up boxing and become a fighter?" It sounded like a very sensible suggestion, so I said to myself: "Why doesn't he shut up?"

A newspaper was holding its annual tournament around this time and in one of my sillier moments I entered under the Nom de Ring of "Packey East." I didn't exactly have the build of a fighter. My shoulders sloped so much I had to glue my coats on. I would have made a pretty good fighter and might have gone on to become champion except for one thing. I had to fight men.

I was very popular because I had a peculiar weaving, bobbing style the crowd loved to watch. I used to weave and bob around the ring for ten minutes after the other guy had won and gone home. I'll never forget my first fight. When the bell rang I danced into the center of the ring—then they carried me to my corner. Then the bell rang again and I danced to the center of the ring—then they carried me to my corner.



they carried me to my corner. The bell rang again—they carried me to the center of the ring. My second fight was much better. I was still breathing when they carried me out. Some fighters have to be carried back to their dressing rooms, but not me. I was the only fighter in Cleveland that had to be carried both ways. After I won my first fight, I thought I was going places. But in the next and last fight my manager threw in so many towels he

kept three Chinese laundries working at full speed. My manager was a sweet character named Red Walsh. He was full of sentiment. I never realized how sentimental he was until I found out he was stringing my teeth into a necklace. I finally decided to give up fighting. I wasn't making hospital expenses. When my prize fighting career folded up I was left with twenty-five cents and a knowledge of how to do the waltz. So I got a job

as dancing instructor. I didn't know very much about dancing. In fact, when I first heard about the "Black Bottom" I thought a fuse had blown out in somebody's cellar.

Most of the people who came in for lessons were old girls with young ideas. They all had Rhumba ambitions and minuet bodies. But I had to live so I taught them how to dance for a dollar-and-a-half an hour. That amounted to about twenty-five cents per corn. I did so well as a dancing instructor I hired an assistant just to water my carnation. At about this period theatrical dancing started to enjoy great popularity, so I gave up teaching and began learning again. I took combination soft shoe and hard shoe dancing lessons. The soft shoes I wore and the hard shoes I got from the neighbors.

The Missing Liniment

What you need is liniment, and no substitute will do. It is in the medicine cabinet. Or at least it ought to be.

What, upon your inspection, does the medicine cabinet present? It presents talcum powder plain and talcum powder with olive oil. It offers foot powder, aspirin tablets, mineral oil, rubbing alcohol and after-shaving lotion.

It displays conspicuously tooth paste, shaving cream, facial cream, bicarbonate of soda for the stomach and boric acid for the eyes. It exhibits conspicuously absorbent cotton, gauze bandages, first-aid bands, adhesive tape, drops for the ears, drops for the nose and drops for an aching tooth.

There you see, cough mixture, Jamaica ginger, antiseptics to drive away germs, milk of magnesia, a lotion for chapped hands, medicinal soap reeking with carbolic acid, cough drops domestic and cough drops of French origin presumably brought back from France

such as beans and peas, whole wheat bread, cream cheese, butter, eggs—all these supplied in the daily food menus assure a populace with strong teeth.

Not only is tooth health or carries a sign of the up-to-dateness of the dairy and farming activity of a community, but the teeth are to this extent an extremely good index to the general health of the individual. A professor in a dental college showed me an astonishing

by a member of the family who made the grand tour of the European continent in the days of good Queen Victoria.

In the far corners are selditz powders, corn plasters and, to testify to the family's diligence in keeping abreast of the latest discoveries of medicine, a small but representative group of the sulfa drugs, and powders unmarked that might well be potassium chloride.

Here in a small space are remedies for all the minor ills that human flesh falls heir to. All that is, except a sore muscle. Wouldn't you know it would be that way? Has there ever been a time when the medicine cabinet did not provide everything except the remedy you really need?

And so, sorrowfully and with a sense of betrayal, you close the door to the medicine cabinet and hobble out to the drugstore for the bottle of liniment that certainly should have been there.

CHRISTOPHER BILLOPE.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS. D. R.—What is a varicocele? And is it curable?

Answer—A varicocele is a group of varicose veins in the scrotum. It is readily cured by surgery.

Most folks don't need her!

Three out of every four calls to this Information operator are for numbers already in your telephone directory. She could be helping on switchboards busy with war calls if you'd remember to...

Please look in your telephone book before you call Information

Overbidders Should Study Squeeze Play

By Ely Culbertson

THE best advice I can give to habitual over-bidders is to study the squeeze play in all its ramifications.

East, dealer.

North-South vulnerable.

J 9 8

K 10

Q K 8 3

A 10 5 3

WEST EAST

S 5 4 3 2

4 5

7 6

NORTH SOUTH

Q J 9

K 10

A K Q 10 7 3 2

A 6

8 5

9 4

The bidding:

East	South	West	North
1 diamond	2 spades	Pass	3 no trump
4 clubs	4 spades	Pass	6 spades
Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

Although North-South reached a contract that was a trick too high for comfort, neither player can be said to have stretched his values more than a shade. North's final slam bid was optimistic, but he certainly had a good hand in the light of South's original jump overcall. East, of course, had his neck out when he bid four clubs, but since he was not vulnerable, and since he intended this call as a tentative "save" against the impending spade contract, his bidding was far from illogical.

West opened his top diamond. Dummy's queen went to the ace, and in the forlorn and solitary hope that West could ruff a second diamond, East returned the jack. West was unable to oblige and the king won. Things looked anything but rosy for the declarer—what could he do with his losing club?—but after a moment's thought, he saw a gleam of hope. He rattled off six rounds of trumps, discarding three clubs from dummy, then cashed the heart ace and the heart king. East, meanwhile, was running into discarding difficulties. When the second heart was led, dummy was reduced to the 6-2 of diamonds and the ace of clubs, while declarer still had one trump and the 9-4 of clubs. Before playing on the heart king, East held the 10-9 of diamonds and the K-Q of clubs. No matter what card he let go, he was doomed! Actually, he chose to throw off a diamond. Thereupon declarer ruffed the diamond deuce, incidentally ruffing away East's 10, and returned to the club ace, then cashed the diamond 6 for the fulfilling trick. If East had held two diamonds and discarded the club queen, declarer would have cashed the club ace immediately, then ruffed a diamond to enter his own hand and would have laid down the club 9 for the fulfilling trick.

If West had been a better guesser and had opened a club instead of a diamond, the squeeze would have been wrecked and the contract ditto.

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Here's prompt relief! Bathe eyes with Lavoptil. Burning, inflammation, soreness, tired feeling, itching from local irritations all relieved. Coughs, colds, sore throats or many refunded. 25 years success. Priced by thousands. Get Lavoptil today (Kyo-cup included.) At all druggists.

BOY! OH BOY! KOSTO FOR DINNER—AND DO I GO FOR THAT DESSERT!

MEXSANA FORMERLY MEXICAN HEAT POWDER

Armour Ideas Make the Most of Meat



If your family's hankering for a new and different meal, surprise them tonight with this hearty dish of Boiled Star Bacon and Green Beans. It's such a simple meal to fix... you need only 3 ingredients! Star Bacon, green beans and an onion!

You'll want a rich, mildly flavored bacon to give your dinner that savory goodness that makes mouths water. And that's why we suggest Armour's Star Bacon. For Star Bacon is slow smoked over fragrant hickory and hardwood fires. Its flavor is so rich it spreads the good meat taste through-

out the entire dish. A one pound piece (not sliced) will cost you only 7 points... yet you'll have enough meat for 4 to 6 persons!

Place one pound piece of Star Bacon in boiling water to cover. Cover and simmer for one and a half hours. Add one and a half pounds green beans and one sliced onion. Cook until the beans are tender (this usually takes about 30 minutes). Serve the beans on a platter and top with slices of boiled bacon as shown in the picture above.

★ ARMOUR AND COMPANY.

Crossword Puzzle

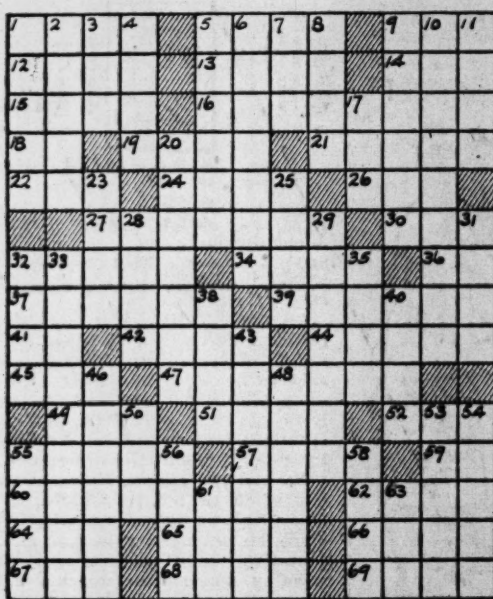
- ACROSS**
- Homeless child
 - Constellation
 - Competent
 - The holy
 - Second small-est state
 - Ring slowly
 - Division
 - Short for a man's name
 - Be fond of
 - Slight-of-hand
 - Steep
 - Feminine name
 - Brownie
 - Makes amends
 - American
 - Indian
 - Greek letter
 - Holds a session
 - For example; abbr.

DOWN

- Edible tuber
- Withdraw
- Public notice
- Cancel
- Wash lightly
- Chop
- Dinner course
- Uncooked
- Uncooked
- Long flag
- Egyptian sun disk
- Garden implement
- Protective ditch
- Lengthy
- Sea eagle
- Devours
- Mother of Apollo

Solution Of Saturday's Puzzle

- DOWN**
- Beverage
 - Dwelling place
 - Poorly
 - Dropped



Casualties



PVT. JESSE HAWKINS (left) and PVT. JOHN WALKER.

EAST SIDE SOLDIER REPORTED KILLED; ST. LOUISAN WOUNDED

Pvt. Jesse Hawkins has been killed in action in the North African area, the War Department informed his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hawkins, 422 South Charles street, Belleville.

The official message said the 23-year-old soldier died Aug. 2. His mother, however, has received information from Miss Lucille Kohn of Winslow, Ill., a friend of her son, that he wrote only a week ago that he was safe in Sicily.

Hawkins enlisted July 26, 1940, and took part in the Allied invasion of North Africa last November. Two of his brothers also are in the service. They are Homer Hawkins, a Marine, and Roy Hawkins Jr., in the Army.

Pvt. John Walker, husband of Mrs. Isabel Walker of Creve Coeur, has been reported wounded

in action in North Africa, the War Department notified his wife, Walker, 28, a former maintenance man at the Ladue School, has a son, James Walker, who was born since his father was drafted in June, 1942.

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Happy Feet Are Here Again

When your feet are sore, aching and dog-tired due to fatigue, just apply time-tested, popular OIL-O-SOL. It quickly brings such soothing, cooling relief you'll want to say, "Happy feet are here again." This fine inhibitory antiseptic is also valuable in treating mosquito bites, sunburn, minor injuries, cuts, scratches, burns. Only 50c at drugists. Must satisfy or money back. Don't suffer. Get OIL-O-SOL.

St. Joseph ASPIRIN
WORLD'S LARGEST SELLER AT 25c

Bad Skin?

Ugly? All broken out? If due to externally caused Pimples, Eczema, by MERCI-REX (merry rex). MERCI-REX is clean, flesh-toned, smells good, can be used at any time. Its six active ingredients tend to remove crusts, scales, scabs; relieve itching, smarting; help prevent local infections; soothe, soothe. Must relieve or money refunded. At your Drug Store. Economy size 40c. For Free Sample write name and address on postcard and mail to MERCI-REX, 54 Canby Ave., Milford, Del.

CHINESE CAPITAL AREA RAIDED BY JAP PLANES

Chungking, Last Hit in 1941, Has 2-Hour Alarm—Wanhhsien Also Target.

CHUNGKING, Aug. 23 (AP).—More than 60 Japanese bombers swarmed over Szechwan Province in two waves today. One attacked targets in the vicinity of Chungking while the other stabbed at Wanhhsien, Yangtze River trading center 145 miles northeast of the provincial Chinese capital.

Muffled explosions were audible in Chungking but the city itself, which was last bombed on Aug. 31, 1941, was untouched. The alarm, sounded at 9:30 a. m., lasted two hours.

The raid apparently marked the late opening of Chungking's "bombing season," which in 1941 and earlier years usually started early in May.

39 Jap Planes Destroyed by U. S. Flyers in Air Battles. U. S. 14TH ARMY AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS IN CHINA.

Aug. 23 (Delayed) (AP).—B-24 Liberators, B-25 Mitchells and fighters destroyed 39 Japanese planes in the air, probably shot down 13 more and damaged two others in a series of air battles in connection with heavy raids on the Nipponese base at Hankow Saturday.

Unescorted, the Liberators alone shot down 35 Zeros, got nine probables and damaged two when attacked by about a fifth of the Japanese fighters in central China. They made a run up the west bank of the Yangtze, strewing heavy explosives along a four-mile warehouse area.

Despite the Japanese attack, the Liberators laid their bombs among the big supply installations, which the Japanese use to equip forces in the central and the upper Yangtze areas.

Forty-five minutes after the Liberators struck, Mitchell bombers attacked the Hankow airdrome and warehouses with fragmentation

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bombs and were believed to have destroyed a number of planes on the ground. Only two Zeros were seen in the air when the Mitchells arrived.

Ceiling Tightened on Flooring. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (AP).—A specific dollars-and-cents price ceiling was placed today on oak flooring. The Office of Price Administration said current prices would not be changed essentially, since the new ceiling reflects price levels of March, 1942, date of the general maximum price regulation.

Amusements

MUNICIPAL OPERA
BUS SERVICE TO MAIN ENTRANCE
LAST 7 NIGHTS—AT 8:30
Final Performance Sunday, August 29
The World-Famous Oriental Spectacle

CHU CHIN CHOW
GOOD SEATS, ALL PRICES, ALL PERFORMANCES
Tickets 25c, 50c, \$1.10, \$1.65, \$2.20.
MUNICIPAL OPERA TICKET OFFICE,
Arcade Bldg., 818 & Olive, Open Daily,
9 to 9, Garfield 4400. Ticket office in
Forest Park open nightly 7:15, RO.6000

under which the flooring previously was priced.

JOE MILLER
and His Violin
with MARY LOU ROCHI
and ERNIE JUNG
HOTEL JEFFERSON

UPTOWN
COOL
Open 8:30
Park Free

PILOT
A HERO'S PAST
Franchot TONE
Marsha HUNT
Gene KELLY

THE DEVIL WITH HITLER
Added Attraction
MARCH OF TIME PRESENTS
'SHOW BUSINESS AT WAR'

50 Stage and Screen Stars
It's Always Cool

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NEW SULFA DRUG COMPOUND

For internal use in treatment of Athlete's Foot, severe Dandruff and many other skin diseases. Sold on 14-day Money Back Guarantee. Send stamped, addressed envelope for booklet describing amazing results obtained from using this new simple effective treatment. Dept. P12 Sulfa Products Co., 1129 Grand, Kansas City, Mo.

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Miss St. Louis 1943
NIGHTLY
(Mondays Excepted)
Through Aug. 29
DOWNS PARK
8800 S. Broadway



Relieves Discomfort of RESINOL
Chafing
Dry Eczema
Sunburn
Ivy Poison
Simple
Rash

MOVIE TIME

AMBASSADOR
"This Is the Army," at 11:08, 1:39, 4:12, 6:45 and 9:18.

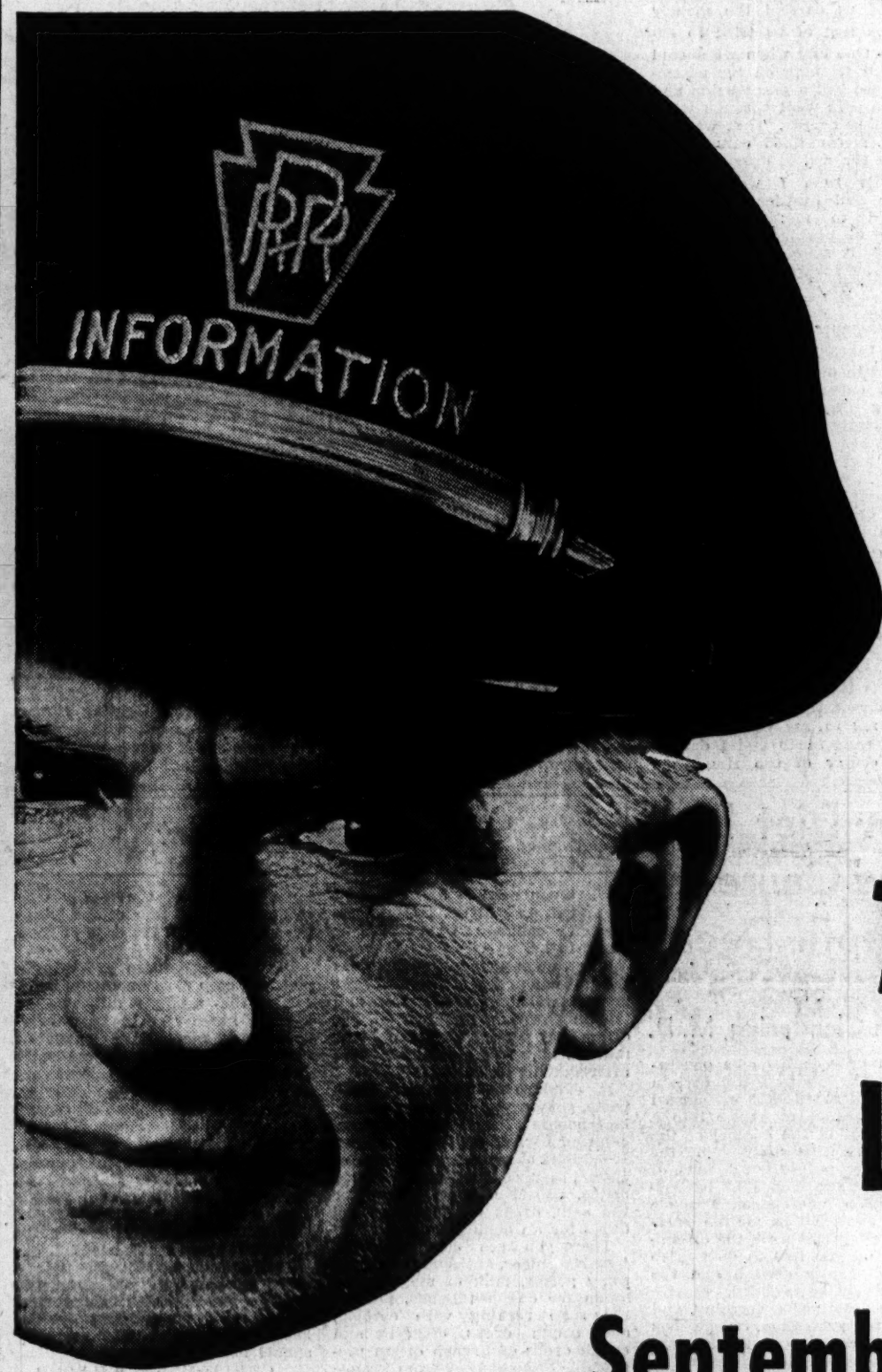
FOX
"Heaven Can Wait," at 2:18, 5:38 and 9:38; "Jahk, Incorporated," 1:18, 4:56 and 8:38.

LOEW'S STATE
"Presenting Lily Mars," at 12:08, 3:28, 6:50 and 10:11; "Good Luck, Mr. Yates," at 10:42, 2:03, 5:24 and 8:45.

MISSOURI
"The Constant Nymph," at 2:17, 5:49 and 9:21; "Honeymoon Lodge," at 1:13, 4:45 and 8:17.

ORPHEUM
"Duke and the Lady," at 10:13, 1:08, 4:26, 7:07 and 10:08; "It's a Great Life," at 11:56, 2:57, 5:58 and 8:59.

ST. LOUIS
"Bomber's Moon," at 7:08 and 9:03; "Silver Spurs," at 6 and 8:55.



IS IT RIGHT FOR ME TO TRAVEL OVER LABOR DAY?

September 3-4-5-6-7



Sure, it would be nice to take your entire wardrobe along on your trip. But, when you think about it, it's not too nice to the soldier and necessary business traveler these crowded days.

You see, friends, we can give a little and take a little... and it will mean a lot in saving valuable Santa Fe Trailways space; so that the necessary traveler may go comfortably and on time. Yes, in wartime, traveling light really is traveling right!

TRAILWAYS BUS DEPOT
706 N. BROADWAY
Central 7181

This is the way to protect your luggage:

Write or print name plainly. Secure the tag firmly to the handle of your luggage.



YOUNG LADY, the answer lies in your conscience. As you know, our first duty these days is to make every seat and berth count in the war effort.

At present, a third of our coaches—and half the Pullmans—are busy transporting troops.

That doesn't leave much for general transportation, does it?

Out of what remains, it is necessary to provide accommodations for large numbers of Service men traveling on furlough... heavy business travel in connection with the war effort, which goes on just the same, holiday or no holiday... officials traveling on Government business... and for

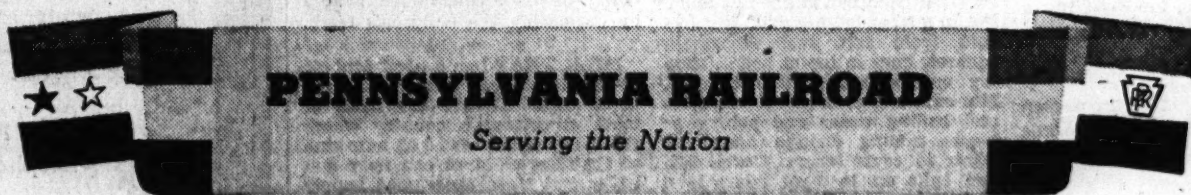
parents visiting sons and daughters at camps.

Therefore, if you travel during the period September 3rd to 7th inclusive, the question to decide is, is your trip more essential—or as essential as theirs?

If it is essential, and cannot be deferred, don't be disappointed if you find the only thing available is standing room. For Labor Day week-end is a long holiday period and trains will be crowded.

Finally, if you must go, make every effort to leave before and return after the period mentioned—September 3rd to 7th inclusive. Moreover, you'll find travel more comfortable if you take only one bag aboard.

BACK THE ATTACK—BUY MORE U. S. BONDS—3rd WAR LOAN CAMPAIGN



★ 33,191 in the Armed Forces ★ 53 have given their lives for their country

GRIN AND BEAR IT—By Lichty



"It's practically impossible to keep an employee long enough to learn anything about the business... to say nothing of my eccentricities!"

HENRY—By Carl Anderson



ROOM AND BOARD—By Gene Ahern



DONALD DUCK—By Walt Disney



BELIEVE IT OR NOT—By Ripley



ALL ITEMS SELF-EXPLANATORY.

BLONDIE—By Chic Young



LI'L ABNER—By Al Capp



NANCY—By Ernie Bushmiller



MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN—By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



JANE ARDEN—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



CHIEF WAHOO—By Saunders and Woggon



RAMBLIN' BILL—By Tex Bradley



SUPERMAN—By Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster



PRIVATE BREGER—By Dave Breger



THE SPIRIT—By Will Eisner



POPEYE—



SUNFLOWER STREET—By Tom Little and Tom Sims

